

Germans Depressed Over Final Terms

No Change in Trolley Strike Situation

NO ACTION ON WAGE INCREASE

City Council To Consider 15 Per Cent Advance at Later Date

Policemen, Firemen, Health and Street Department Employees Ask For Raise

Formal petitions from employees of various municipal departments for an increase in wages of 15 per cent. featured this morning's regular meeting of the city council. No action was taken other than to defer the entire matter until a later date. Petitions were received from members of the police and fire departments, teamsters, Municipal Employees' union members and health department employees. Commissioner Marchand of the public property department said that his men were looking for an increase and Commissioner Morse said that he understood the clerks at city hall were to ask for a raise.

Another matter of interest was Com-

POSTHUMOUS AWARD FOR SERGEANT CORBETT

Sergeant Michael R. Corbett, Co. C, Second Ammunition Train, 2nd Division, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Corbett, of 127 Stackpole street, has been posthumously awarded the Croix de Guerre with bronze star by the French government. Sergeant Corbett died of pneumonia on the Verdun front early in November. Notice of the cita-



SERGEANT MICHAEL R. CORBETT

tion in French signed by Gen. Petain and his translation accompanied by the cross were received by his parents today. The citation follows:

"From October 3-10, 1918, in Champagne, as there were an insufficient number of officers, he took the place of one of them and accomplished his work with remarkable ability. He was placed at the head of a train and assumed his services in a perfect fashion and by his conduct, and work aided greatly in the successful supplying of the artillery."

THE MARSHAL
Commander-in-Chief of the French Armies of the East

PETAIN
Sergeant Corbett enlisted in the Second Division in Boston, May, 1917, and with his outfit saw extensive and hazardous service.

TRADE BOARD WANTS ROAD IMPROVED

The executive committee of the board of trade has appealed to Chairman William D. Sohler, of the state highway commission, asking that that body take some action tending toward the improvement of the state highway from Boston to Lowell between the Shawshoon river in Tewksbury to Wilmington. This portion of the highway is in very poor condition at the present time and has been the subject of many complaints from motorists. The board of trade asks that something be done on it this year, if possible.

Dancing Tonight
PAWTUCKET BOAT HOUSE
Campbell's Banjo Orchestra
Admission 25c, Including War Tax

RECOGNITION OF IRISH REPUBLIC

American Organized Labor in Favor of Self-Determination For Ireland

Resolution Urging Congress To Recognize Irish Republic Adopted

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 17.—A resolution urging congress to recognize the Irish republic, and recommending that representatives of the Irish republic be given a hearing at the Paris peace conference, was adopted today by the American Federation of Labor, in convention here. The memorial placed American organized labor as being in favor of self-determination for Ireland.

ELMER MAKI ARRAIGNED ON MURDER CHARGE

Charged with the murder of Martin Gallagher, whom he is alleged to have stabbed to death Sunday night on the Lakewood avenue ball grounds, Elmer V. Maki, 24, of 473 Riverside street, was arraigned before Judge Fisher in police court today. At the request of the prosecution, continuance was granted, and Maki was held without bail for trial June 27. No plea was entered by Maki at today's session.

Maki came into court perfectly unconcerned and when told that the prosecution wished to have the case continued for 10 days, replied "Oh, all right," and walked smilingly away with the court officer.

"He's one of the most unconcerned and happy men I ever saw facing a charge of murder," was the statement of one of the police officers who has observed Maki since the time of his arrest yesterday afternoon. "He ate a hearty breakfast this morning, and spent the forenoon whistling and singing as though he didn't have a care in the world."

The specific complaint upon which Maki was arraigned today charges that Elmer V. Maki, on the 15th of June, 1919, did assault and beat one Martin Gallagher with intent to murder him, and by such assault and beating did kill and murder said Martin Gallagher. According to the police the murder came as a result of a quarrel between Maki and Gallagher over the purchase of some Jamaica ginger. Both men had been drinking a concoction composed of Jamaica ginger and tonic during the early part of Sunday evening, and the argument is said by the police to have started because Gallagher refused to buy more of this beverage.

Maki struck Gallagher with a stone, the police say, and followed this by stabbing him several times with a double-bladed pocket knife. Gallagher was found on the ball grounds early Monday morning with ten knife wounds in his body but still alive. He was rushed to St. John's hospital and died an hour later without regaining consciousness.

Maki was arrested by Capt. James Brosnan and Sergeant Thomas McCoughrey, in Draught, shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. According to the police he stubbornly denied his guilt for some time, but finally admitted, after being cross-examined by Supt. Welch, that he had fought with Gallagher, but said that he was not aware that he had killed him.

TO END TELEGRAPHERS' STRIKE TOMORROW

CHICAGO, June 17.—The strike of commercial telegraphers, which has been in effect a week today, may be settled tomorrow, according to S. J. Koenenkamp, international president of the Commercial Telegraphers' union of America.

He said he believed Postmaster General Burleson's order of Saturday granting the right of collective bargaining to electrical and telephone workers which prevented a strike, except on the Pacific coast, would apply to the telegraphers and would tend to simplify the situation.

"The speed with which the strike is ended depends mostly upon the time in which it takes the postmaster general to organize his machinery with which to bring the officials of the telegraph companies and the union together," Mr. Koenenkamp said.

Weimar Report Says Germans Will Not Sign--Allies in Revised Treaty Give Foe Till June 23 to Sign or Fight--Pleas for Modification Rejected--Again Reminded of Guilt for War

GERMANS GET 7 DAYS TO ACT

Presented Final Peace Terms—Failure To Accept Will End Armistice

Allies Ready To Move Tuesday—Clemenceau Denounces Hun Complaint

PARIS, June 17.—The final reply of the allied and associated powers on the conditions of peace handed to the Germans at Versailles on May 7 was delivered to the German delegation yesterday and made public shortly afterward.

The Germans are allowed seven days to accept or refuse the treaty as it stands. If they accept, peace will be signed at once; if they do not accept, the armistice will terminate on Monday, June 23, and the powers will take such steps as may be necessary to enforce their terms.

Five days were originally allotted, but two days additional have been granted because of insistence of the German delegation that not sufficient time had been allowed.

The principles of the original con-

Continued to Page 9

BIG FIRE AT LIVERPOOL

Warehouses Stored With Timber, Cotton, Oil, Etc., Destroyed

Vessels Safely Removed—Blazing Roof Fell on U. S. Ship Causing Damage

LONDON, June 17.—A big fire broke out in the Alexandria docks in Liverpool last night. Warehouses stored with timber, cotton, oil, 100 barrels of turpentine and other inflammables, blazed fiercely for hours and were still burning today. Several vessels were safely removed from the danger zone, but a blazing roof from one warehouse fell on the American steamship Nordtomb, which was badly damaged. The crew escaped.

Newspaper despatches estimate the damage at 1,000,000 pounds.

Shipping records do not carry a vessel by the name of Nordtomb. A steamer named Norina, owned by the Garland Steamship corporation, is now in Liverpool, having sailed from Baltimore May 28.

JOSEPH M. MAHONEY
Open and Closed Cars
For Weddings, Christenings, Funerals and Private Parties
"TEL" 332-W

NOTICE—DIV. I, A.O.H.

Lowell, June 17, 1919.
Regular quarterly meeting at A.O.H. hall tomorrow evening, (Wednesday), June 18. Every member should attend without fail. Business that concerns you will be transacted.
Signed, DR. P. J. HAGLEY, Pres.
JOHN MURPHY, Jr., Sec.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN FINAL PEACE TREATY

A plebiscite for upper Silesia with guarantees of coal from that territory.

Omission of the third zone in the Schleswig plebiscite.

Frontier rectifications in West Prussia.

Temporary increase of the German army from 100,000 to 200,000 men.

Declaration of the intention to submit within a month of signature, a list of those accused of violation of the laws and customs of war.

Offer to co-operate with a German commission on reparations, and to permit investigation of ways and means of discharging the obligation.

Certain detailed modifications in the finance, economic and ports, and waterways clauses, including abolition of the proposed Kiel canal commission.

Assurance of membership in the league of nations in the early future, if Germany fulfils her obligations.

HUNS DEPRESSED WILL NOT SIGN

New Allied Peace Terms Reached Weimar Late Last Night

Germans Embittered Over Report That French Mob Stoned German Envoys

WEIMAR, June 17. (By the Associated Press).—The new allied terms reached here late last night and the first apparent effect upon the German leaders who remained awake to wait for them was that of depression. A report passed rapidly through the old castle where the government heads are residing temporarily, that the signing of the peace terms by Germany was highly improbable.

No one would talk for publication, but every official and every member of the foreign office available expressed the deepest pessimism and resentment at the alleged cruelty of the terms.

The Germans were specially embittered over a report that a French mob had stoned the helpless German delegates at Versailles.

PARK DEPARTMENT
The park department will accept bids at its office in city hall tomorrow for the construction of a bathroom on the bank of the Merrimack river.
On Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock, in the old councilmanic chamber, bids on the South common for the Fourth of July will be auctioned to the highest bidder.

STRANGER AT FORT HILL
The deer family at Fort Hill park was increased by the arrival of a little doe this morning. There are now six deer in the compartment set off for these animals by the park department.

ANSWERS ALL HUN OBJECTIONS

Detailed Reply of Peace Conference to Counter Proposals Made Public

War Brought About by Statesmen of Berlin, Vienna and Budapest

PARIS, Monday, June 16.—The detailed reply of the peace conference to the counter proposals of the Germans which was handed to the German delegation at Versailles today, takes up in its order each of the objections made by the enemy to the provisions of the original peace treaty.

Subject of Penalties

Taking up the subject of penalties, the reply enters into a discussion of the immediate cause of the war and says that the conflict was brought about through the "decision, deliberately taken, of the statesmen of Berlin, Vienna and Budapest." It is pointed out that even the German memorandum admits that Germany, authorized Austria-Hungary to settle the Serbian question on her own initiative.

Continued to Page Seven

LONGER SESSIONS OF SKEELS MURDER TRIAL

LAWRENCE, June 17.—The physical condition of Mrs. Bessie M. (Skeels) Lundgren, who is undergoing trial on a charge of murder for the alleged poisoning of Miss Florence W. Gay of Andover, in 1917, has improved so much that sessions of the court will be extended an hour a day. The court today ordered the longer sessions with the approval of Mrs. Lundgren's physician.

Nurse Skeels, who is understood to have expressed a willingness to sit through night sessions if necessary to expedite determination of the charges against her, looked brighter and stronger today than at any time since the trial started a week ago.

Dr. Charles E. Abbott, who attended Miss Gay during her illness and who certified at the time that death was due to a cerebral hemorrhage, was under cross-examination again today. He said that although he had never prescribed arsenic (the poison which the government contends killed Miss Gay) in any form, he had administered strychnine. He considered, he said, that Miss Gay had suffered a nervous breakdown.

DR. MATTHEW P. MAHONEY
Having received his honorable discharge from the United States army, wishes to announce that he has resumed the practice of medicine at his home, 23 Holyrood Avenue, telephone 2782-R. Will occupy his former offices, rooms 504 and 505 Sun bldg., after July 1, 1919.

Farrell & Conaton
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1113
LIBERTY BONDS AND WAR SAVINGS STAMPS CASHED
Central Bldg., 53 Central St., Rm. 97

TOWN HONORS HER HEROES

Chelmsford Celebrates—Civic Parade at North Village—War Medals Presented

Exercises at Centre and North For Town's Soldiers, Sailors and Nurses

North Chelmsford is doing her returned soldiers, sailors and nurses great honor today, in close association with the sister town, Chelmsford Centre, and the day's program which is divided between the two villages, started with a splendid civic parade this forenoon which was said by citizens in general to be the best parade ever held in the town.

It had originally been planned to have the parade start promptly at 10 a. m., but the marchers turned out in such large numbers that the parade was longer than had been expected and consequently did not start until close to 11 o'clock.

The line of march was headed by Police Chief George B. Wright and back of him marched Police Officers Vinal, Gookin, Smith and Small. The chief marshal was Sgt. Walter Monahan of the overseas army and he was assisted by William Quigley, James P. Dunnigan, Carl H. Ripley and Fred Ballinger. The service men were led by Lieut. J. C. Monahan and the sailors by Chief Petty Officer J. R. Dearth.

Next came the Grand Army veterans.

Continued to Page 5

WILSON STARTS NEXT WEEK

To Leave Paris For Washington on June 24 or 25, if Germans Sign

Will Immediately Address Congress, Then Start Speaking Tour

WASHINGTON, June 17.—President Wilson hopes to leave Paris for Washington on June 24 or 25, if the Germans sign the peace treaty.

Immediately after his arrival in Washington the president will address congress. After clearing up pressing official business, he will start on his "swing around the circle" early in July. It was said at the White House today that the president expected to spend three weeks on his speaking tour, explaining the peace treaty and the League of Nations covenant. The itinerary has not been announced, but he expects to visit the principal cities over the country.

Wants to Address Opponents

The president has made known a desire that his audiences during his tour be composed largely of opponents of the League of Nations plan, rather than its supporters. He also has informed White House officials that he might discuss the league covenant in public addresses during his visit to Belgium, this week.

Should he leave Paris a week from tomorrow the president should arrive in Washington about July 3. He will present the revised draft of the peace treaty to the senate and will discuss the treaty and league covenant in an address to a joint session of the senate and house.

NO GAME TODAY

No Car Service—Hence No Ball Game

After a conference this morning it was decided to postpone the baseball game scheduled for this afternoon between Lowell and Haverhill at Spaulding park on account of the absence of street car service. It was a wise move, for it was practically a foregone conclusion that people would make no attempt to get to the park. The game will be played later as part of a double header. The Lowell team goes to Haverhill tomorrow for another game and then jumps to Fitchburg for games Thursday and Friday. On Saturday Fitchburg plays at Spaulding park.

PIAT FOR WRITING DESK, turned oak, for sale. 23 Daly St.

NO STREET CARS IN OPERATION

Bay State Officials and Striking Carmen Refuse To Alter Positions

Mayor Perry Thompson Fails in Attempt to Effect a Settlement

No Word Received as Yet From John H. Reardon of International Union

Thousands of Lowell people again were compelled to reach their work and conduct their business as best they could today, with the strike of street railway men still in fullest effect. Neither side showed the slightest inclination to yield an inch this morning and the situation remains virtually unchanged. Not a street car is running.

Thomas Lees, local division superintendent, said today: "The situation from the standpoint of the Bay State company is unchanged. The assertion of one of the carmen that the situation is a lock-out and not a strike on their part is ridiculous in view of the fact that we are ready to operate our cars and the men refuse to do so."

Mayor at Meeting

The local union of carmen held a mass meeting this morning at 10 o'clock at their hall in the Funnels building. John H. Reardon, an officer of the International union, was expected to be present to address the men, but at noon time had not been heard from. He is believed to be in Boston and the local carmen hourly await word of his arrival. At the close of the meeting, Pres. Thomas J. Powers said there was nothing new to report aside from the fact that Mayor Thompson addressed the meeting and endeavored to bring about a settlement. He suggested that the men go back to work pending a settlement by arbitration, but the sentiment of the meeting was strongly opposed to this, the men absolutely refusing to return to work if any of their number would be forced to use a Rooker register on an open car.

Jinney Business Booming

The seriousness of the situation has forced business houses and other industries to resort to the use of, every available conveyance for the purpose of transporting their employees to and from work. Several of the mills located away from the downtown section pressed their automobile trucks into service this morning. The Bay

Continued to Last Page

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL

144th Anniversary Takes Form of "Welcome Home" to Overseas Men

BOSTON, June 17.—Celebration of the 144th anniversary of the Battle of Bunker Hill today, took the form largely of "welcome home" exercises for men who have been overseas. The day was quiet in contrast with previous years. The annual parade in the Bunker Hill district was revived this afternoon, with several thousand uniformed men in line.

TERMS WITH AUSTRIA

Council of Five Considers Remaining Clauses in Peace Treaty

PARIS, June 17.—The Council of Five met this afternoon and took up consideration of the remaining clauses in the peace terms with Austria. The council likewise considered other matters requiring its attention before the departure of President Wilson tonight for his trip to Belgium.

RED SOX LOST MORNING GAME

BOSTON, June 17. (Morning game).—Cleveland 4, Boston 3. Batteries: Phillips, Wood and O'Neil; Jones and Schang.

CIRCUS WELL ATTENDED

Trolley Tie-Up Did Not Result in Empty Benches at the Big Show

Despite the suspension of all trolley traffic, remarkable as it may seem the enormous tent of the Barnum & Bailey-Ringling Brothers show was half full at the afternoon show yesterday and last night it was certainly three-quarters full, so it may be said the circus management did not have to draw on its private purse to enable the show to play Lowell.

In place of the pageant heretofore a part of the program the big show yesterday offered the never dying "grand entry" and it was beautiful and spectacular with its fine horses, pretty women, brilliant colored costumes and five or six hundred people marching around the arena.

In telling of the acts it may be said that all were of excellent quality and of course as the circus itself points out, some acts cost more and stand out in prominence. Judged strictly as a circus novelty act Hillary Long gives an act of prominence. In the first part of the program he slides down an inclined wire on his head. In the last part of the program he fastened a roller skate arrangement to his head and sliding down a steep incline, jumped a gap to another platform at the bottom and did it neatly and thrillingly.

The acrobats were just the average and did not put very much pep into their work. Miss Leitzel, little French doll looking girl, does some gymnastic work on a rope and Roman rings in the centre of the tent and up very

high. It is a good act, both because of what she does and the endurance she shows when, working 50 feet up and with no net beneath her, she accomplishes several double dislocations of her arm and shoulder joints.

The classic act in costume, stunts and vim put into it is probably Miss Bird Millman, the wire walker. There is no particular thrill to her act, but she is a pretty picture and works snappily. The equestrian work was average except for the work done by the beautiful and shapely Australian girl, May Wirth. They give May the centre ring and she deserves it. She is as good as her advance billing and more. She does all the bareback riding tricks the most famous men equestrians do and some they do not do, as for instance, throwing a forward somersault through a paper hoop and landing again on the horse's back. Three different rings, horses and all beautiful, are used in her act. She throws back somersaults gracefully and skillfully and gets to her horses by running and jumping leaps from the sawdust. She is the most beautiful and skilled woman performer in the show.

The clowns, "40 jolly, funny fellows," are the circus comedy and are better than the average. There was the bucking clown auto that would raise its forward wheels up into the air at word of command and seemed to run backward or forward and even well, with ease. It brought down the house when, standing alone on the hippodrome track, it heard its master's voice and moved towards him of its own accord.

The performing dogs, seals, penguins, bears and horses, took fire with the children and elders as well. The seals and bears were wonderful and one seal even played a tune on a unaphone. The program of acts offered was regarded as a very generous one, it being said that there were more acts on the bill than is usually the case. There were two athletic acts that went good, the Australian wood choppers who are skillful with impaling their axes at a target and put on a contest of chopping a tree trunk. There was a high jumper, too, on one of the stages and he put over some high jumps. The booming throwers were on the bill and they throw more difficult stuff than ever and have it make back to them on the return.

The circus band was a fine one and had the assistance of an organ and a calliope. The program concluded with the hippodrome races and one of the features of this finale was the Roman gladiating race in which a wonderful woman rider spiritedly managed two horses with a foot on the back of each.

It was surprising how many people attended the night show in consideration of the trolley tiup. There were probably 25,000 in the big tent. The jilneys, regular and temporary jilneys, gave good service and not any accidents in connection with their use were reported. The drivers all seemed to be driving carefully. The circus today is playing Fitchburg with Worcester and Providence to follow.

LOYAL WAMESIT LODGE

At a meeting of the members of Loyal Wamesit lodge held last evening in Odd Fellows' hall, Middlesex street, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months: N. G. Freeman, Lightowler; V. C. William H. Howe, treasurer; Isaac Tinker, (re-elected); P. S. William Atkinson, (re-elected); E. S. George Healey, trustee; John H. Mills; auditor; Frank E. Cleveland; warden; Arthur J. Willis.

BECHAM'S PILLS

have a well deserved reputation as a safe and effective remedy for stomach ailments. They are

Quickly

helpful in bilious attacks, sick headache, dyspepsia, heartburn and constipation. They act gently and surely on the organs of elimination, purify the blood, tone the system and very quickly

Strengthen Digestion

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

When My Baby Was Sick

I SHALL never forget that dreadful day when I wondered if anything would ever agree with my baby. Of course, I had tried to nurse him, as every mother should. And we had tried almost everything, it seemed—but he wouldn't gain weight or have the pink cheeks I prayed for.

And then our old doctor said "Let's try Nestlé's Milk Food. You know that it is made out of milk—it's the nearest thing in the world to mother's milk. They add cereal and sugar to it—just the right amount—and the tough milk curds are broken up and easier to digest."

As I write, a sturdy, two year old plods gravely up to me and the dreadful day seems far away—for my baby is well.

Nestlé's is very easy to prepare

Nestlé's is pure milk in powder form that is already modified and does not require the further addition of milk. Always pure and safe, always uniform and free from the dangers of home modification, Nestlé's has stood the test of three generations and has today the largest sale of any baby food in the world.

FREE! Enough Nestlé's for 12 feedings. Send the coupon!

NESTLÉ'S MILK FOOD

NESTLÉ'S FOOD COMPANY

Please send me free your book and trial package.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____



DR. H. LAURIN, Inc.,

253 Central Street
Opp. Owl Theatre—Over
Tower's Corner Drug
Store.

High-Class Dentistry

LOW PRICES

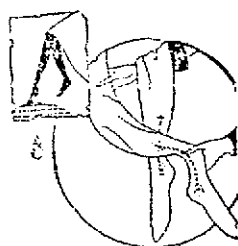
Painless Extraction FREE

When Sets Are Ordered

LOWELL'S LEADING PAINLESS DENTIST

Invites YOU to try his methods, as hundreds of others have, and have YOU marvel at the skill, prices, etc., as they did. Full Sets low as \$7.00. Crowns and Bridge Work, \$4.00 Up.

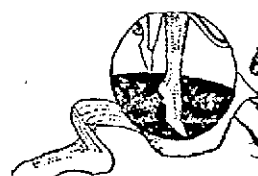
Dr. Laurin is in his office daily in person to give individual attention to each patient.



MAIN ENTRANCE
FIRST AISLE
TO YOUR
RIGHT

The Bon Marche

STORE HOURS
— TODAY —
8.30 a. m. to
5.30 p. m.



HOSIERY For Graduation

DEPENDABLE HOSIERY FOR THE GRADUATE, MADE BY THE BEST MANUFACTURERS, MARKED AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

WOMEN'S HEAVY WEIGHT ALL SILK HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white, \$3.50 Pair

WOMEN'S MEDIUM WEIGHT ALL SILK HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white, \$3.00 Pair

WOMEN'S ALL SILK HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in white only \$2.50 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with lisle top and feet, made full seamless, black and white \$1.10 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with lisle top and feet, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white \$1.50 Pair

WOMEN'S FIBRE SILK HOSE, made with mock seam and seamless feet, black and white \$1.25 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with embroidered silk clocks, black with white and white with black, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels \$2.00 Pair

WOMEN'S FINE SILK LISLE HOSE, made with mock seam and seamless feet, black and white, 65c Pair

WOMEN'S SILK LISLE HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black only 75c Pair

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED SILK LISLE STOCKINGS, made with four-thread heel and toe, all sizes, in black and white, 50c and 60c Pair

WOMEN'S MEDIUM WEIGHT SILK HOSE, with lisle top and feet, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white \$2.00 Pair

WOMEN'S FIBRE SILK HOSE, made with lisle top and full seamless, in black only \$1.00 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with embroidered silk clocks, made with mock seam and seamless feet \$1.50 Pair

WOMEN'S EXTRA FINE QUALITY SILK LISLE HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and white, \$1.00 Pair

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON STOCKINGS, reinforced heels and toes, black and white 39c Pair



THE FORD LIBEL SUIT

Important Ruling on Preparedness Issue To Be Made by Judge

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., June 17.—An important ruling determining to what extent evidence on military preparedness may be introduced by the Chicago Daily Tribune in defense of the \$1,000,000 libel suit brought against it by Henry Ford is expected from Judge J. C. Tucker today.

In preparing its defense, counsel for the Tribune amassed what is probably the greatest amount of data ever compiled in this country on this subject in support of its contention that Mr. Ford's opposition to preparedness at a time when handbills were raiding the Texas border and submarines were sinking American ships in 1915 was an element which justified the alleged libelous editorial of June 23, 1915, headed "Ford is an anarchist."

That the quantity of this evidence will be restricted was indicated by Judge Tucker yesterday.

The question came up while Floyd Gibbons, director of the Tribune's foreign service at Paris, who spent much time in 1915-17 as a correspondent in Mexico was on the witness stand. He had told of Maj. Langhorne's ride into Mexico in pursuit of the bandits who had kidnapped Jesse Deemer, and was asked by Weymouth Kirkland of counsel for the defendant whether, in his opinion, the detachment was properly equipped and supported.

Attorney William Lucking objected and the court remarked: "I cannot myself see just how preparedness becomes an issue in this suit. However, I will hear counsel on the subject."

The addresses occupied most of the session and the judge then announced that he would give the subject thought and attempt to draw a line to which the subject could be pursued but no further.

Mr. Gibbons' testimony was introduced largely to show that the Tribune editor who wrote the editorial on which the libel charge is based had direct knowledge of affairs in Mexico and along the border.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At a recent meeting of the members of the Sacred Heart League of St. Joseph's parish the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Arthur Tremblay, president; E. Labrecque, vice president; Joseph Bergeron, secretary; Hervé Matté, treasurer; Rodolphe East, sacristan; T. L. Blanchette, Joseph Dussault, E. Gagne, E. L'Heureux, Hervé McDonald and Fred Verner, directors. Messrs. Gagne, Blanchette and Verner were appointed a committee to prepare a float for the parade in honor of the French-speaking soldiers and sailors of this city, which will be held next August.

JAMES E. LYLE

The Central St. Jeweler

HEADQUARTERS FOR WALTHAM WATCHES

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES

AND BABY CARRIAGE WHEELS AND PARTS

Put on, Re-up, Prompt Service and Good Work

GEO. H. BACHELDER

Postoffice Square

TEN CENT FARE FOR BOSTON L

BOSTON, June 17.—Chairman Jackson of the board of trustees of the Boston Elevated railway announced yesterday that the trustees were considering another increase in fares, but as the matter had not been voted on he was unable to state whether it would be 10 cents or more.

The trustees are required by law to fix the fares so that sufficient funds will be available beginning July 1 to run the road for the ensuing year. At first the trustees had considered a 9-cent fare, but the cost of the service for April showed that this sum would be inadequate to meet all expenses. A 10-cent fare is understood to have been tentatively agreed upon.

No action, however, is expected to be taken until the war labor board gives its decision on the wage question now in controversy with the employees. A meeting had been arranged for Thursday, but the war labor board was unable to be here on Thursday, so that the matter has gone over until Monday.

CHINESE CABINET STILL FUNCTIONING

PEKING, June 17.—The Chinese cabinet although it has resigned, is still functioning. It is reported that Chow Shun, friend of the president, will be asked to form a new cabinet and it is said that his selection is fairly acceptable to the militarist party.



LAWYERS OF IRISH DESCENT ORGANIZE

BOSTON, June 17.—A large number of judges and lawyers of Greater Boston who are of Irish blood met yesterday afternoon at the City club and started a program intended to arouse the legal fraternity generally hereabouts to an active participation in the movement to gain world-wide recognition for Ireland as a nation.

It was decided to call a lawyers' mass meeting in Faneuil hall in the near future to protest against present conditions in Ireland and create public opinion in favor of Irish freedom. The date will be settled at the next meeting on Thursday at 4 p. m. at the City club.

The meeting yesterday was under the auspices of the advisory council of the Irish Freedom Fund association. Dist. Atty. Pelletier presided. A committee to arrange for the mass meeting is composed of Daniel H. Conkey, Michael L. Fahey, William J. Flaherty, Dist. Atty. Pelletier, Ex-Congressman

Joseph F. O'Connell, Ex-State Senator William Turtle and Maj. Thomas L. Walsh.

California expects to pick a \$20,000,000 cotton crop this year.

Try our combination box, large bottle of Liquid and can of Powder

clean AFTER FEEL

Its refreshing taste and odor are an index of its purity and its effective cleansing of the teeth, mouth and gums. Use—

Sozodont At your dealer's

Bevo
THE BEVERAGE
The all-year-round soft drink

Popular demand — built Bevo's great plant — the most perfect industrial equipment in the world. Scientifically lighted and ventilated, and provided with every humanitarian device possible for the protection of the health and safety of its thousands of employees. Electrically operated. Capacity 2 million bottles daily.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH
ST. LOUIS

5-B

Visitors to St. Louis are invited to inspect this mammoth institution.

STATE SENATE VOTES
COAL PRICE INQUIRY

BOSTON, June 17.—By a voice vote the state senate adopted an order yesterday for an investigation by the committee on social welfare of the recent increase in the price of coal. The house has already passed the measure.

The senate, after some discussion, passed to be engrossed the bill of Gov. Coolidge, making it illegal for a tenant to be vacated in less than 30 days without agreement of tenant and owner, except for failure to pay rent.

The senate concurred with the house in referring to the committee on administration and commissions the message of the governor asking for an investigation into the prices of the necessities of life.

The committee on rules reported "ought to be adopted" on the order requesting the supreme court to give an opinion upon the constitutionality of a bill regulating the erection of signboards. The order was then adopted.

Under suspension of the rules it was voted to pass to be engrossed a bill

providing for an investigation as to the feasibility of constructing a bridge or traffic tunnel connecting Boston and East Boston.

Federal Land Purchase Approved
Under suspension of the rules the senate passed to be engrossed the bill granting the consent of the state to the purchase by the United States and ceding jurisdiction of land in South Boston.

The committee on education reported a bill providing that no educational institution shall be incorporated with power to grant degrees unless its provisions for educational equipment and maintenance have been approved by the board of education.

The measure also would prohibit any individual, school, association, corporation or institution of learning not state-chartered from assuming the title of "university" or "college." Educational institutions whose titles include these words would be allowed to continue them.

Committee Reports in House
A brief session of the house was held to receive committee reports.

The committee on ways and means reported "ought to pass" on the bill to require the establishment and maintenance of continuation schools and

courses of instruction for employed minors.

The same committee reported "ought to pass" on the bill to revise the laws relative to state and military aid and to the burial of indigent soldiers and sailors.

Mr. Carey of Boston presented a bill on leave that it shall be unlawful for any county, city or town or any state board, department or commission to make any contract with any person who is not a citizen of the United States, or with any corporation whose officers or directors are not citizens of the United States. It was referred to the committee on rules.

The committee on administration and commissions reported a bill to regulate the appointments to the civil service of the state and to establish civil service commissions in certain cities.

23 DIFFERENT WARS ARE
STILL GOING ON

LONDON, June 17.—The peace terms presented to Germany yesterday are the final reply of the allies, Andrew Bonar Law, government spokesman in the house of commons, declared in opening the Victory loan campaign at the Guildhall yesterday. The speaker said he hoped earnestly the Germans would sign the terms.

"It is for them to choose within five days," Mr. Bonar Law added. "They must sign or the armistice is at an end. There must be a just peace, but a just peace must be a stern peace."

The speaker said that the chief of the British staff had declared 23 different wars were now going on, and added:

"It is not all over. It is quite possible by want of wisdom, by absence of restraint, by disunion among the allies and by want of unity at home, to lose, not the victory, but the full force of the victory which has been bought so dearly."

GERMAN SOCIALISTS
REJECT THE SOVIET

WEIMAR, June 17.—The socialist congress has rejected a proposal for a soviet constitution for Germany. The proposal received only one vote. The congress adopted a resolution declining to give pensions to members of former royal families.

\$100,000 FOR HARVARD

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—Harvard university is bequeathed \$100,000 for the study of methods to reform and cure criminals and mental defectives by surgery, under the will of Dr. J. E. Wing Mears, which was probated here yesterday.

POSTOFFICE SAFE BLOWN
OPEN—\$716 TAKEN

GREAT BARRINGTON, June 17.—The general store and postoffice at South Egremont, conducted by John O'Neill, was entered by burglars sometime Sunday night and robbed of \$700 in cash and \$16 in thrift stamps.

When Mr. O'Neill locked the store Sunday night about 10 o'clock everything was securely fastened and the large safe locked.

When the store yesterday they saw that the safe had been blown open and its contents scattered about the store. In one corner of the store was a package of Liberty bonds amounting to \$500 which had been blown there when the safe was opened and overlooked by the robbers in their hurry.

Insurance papers and several notes were taken.

The police feel confident that the burglary is the work of professionals, and state that two men and a woman are believed to be implicated.

HUNS COUNTERFEIT
AMERICAN SEALS

COBLENZ, Sunday, June 17. (By A. F.)—The American military authorities have arrested in Coblenz two Germans who had in their possession counterfeit seals of the seals used by the Americans in stamping identification cards in giving permission to travel.

It is believed thousands of German civilians have been traveling at will through the use of the counterfeit seals, a charge of 50 marks and upward having been made by the Germans for use of the seals.

A detachment of the best troops of Gustav Noske, the German minister of defense, will be placed in the area immediately opposite the Coblenz bridgehead, according to information reaching American army officers here. It is believed, however, the transfer is simply a part of the policy of moving troops from the Ruhr industrial district.

The detachment consists of 1300 men, many of whom participated in suppression of the Spartacists in the Düsseldorf area.

SALE OR STORAGE
OF FIREWORKS

Persons wishing to sell or store fireworks during the Fourth of July season are warned by Chief Edward P. Saunders of the fire department that they must obtain a permit for this purpose from the office of the fire commissioner at city hall. These permits cost 50 cents. The permit is first to make application for a permit and after the chief has examined the premises and found conditions O. K. the permit is granted. There have already been 71 applications and 60 permits this year. Last year there were 103 permits. The permit allows the holder to sell or keep fireworks from June 10 to July 10.

ITALIAN FORCES
ARE ADVANCING

ROME, June 17.—Italian forces are advancing on the Villach-Sanetta line, on the frontier between Italy and Jugoslavia. It is announced. This movement is intended to counteract the action of the Jugo-Slavs in the Klagenfurt region in the Austrian province of Carinthia, where they attacked the German-Austrians. It is said, without "plausible reason," and only because they "wished to take possession of Klagenfurt, despite the decision of the peace conference."

The region of Klagenfurt was, according to a decision reached at Paris, to be a neutral zone and the population was to decide its own fate by a plebiscite.

ROB CLEVELAND
BANK OF \$50,000

CLEVELAND, June 17.—Five armed bandits late yesterday afternoon held up the West Cleveland bank and escaped in a stolen automobile with currency estimated at \$50,000. Two of the robbers stood guard over six customers and four clerks outside the bank while two robbed the bank. The fifth remaining in the automobile with the engine running.

SURE ENOUGH, 'TIS AN ILL WIND
THAT BLOWS NO
GOOD

It is reported that the Boston & Maine railroad did a thriving business between Billerica and Lowell yesterday as a result of the street railway men's strike. The residents of the town, who are employed in the city, take advantage of the steam railroad for transportation, which operates quite a number of trains during the day. The time of train service is as follows:

To Lowell, 6:57, 8:15, 9:27 a. m., and 3:05, 5:11, 6:27, 7:00, 7:13 p. m. Leave Lowell to stop at North Billerica: 5:20, 6:30, 10:01 a. m., 12:15, 2:45, 4:20, 5:35 and 6:05 p. m. In addition there are two trains to Lowell, one at 11:32 p. m., and the midnight theatre train at 12:35 a. m.

Thousands of Children
Have Worms

Their Parents Do Not Know It

Symptoms of worms in children are: Deranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly, with occasional gripings and pains about the navel, pale face, loss of teeth, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever. Worms are subject to worms also.

The one best remedy is Dr. True's Expeller, the Family Expeller and Worm Expeller. Also a pleasant, sure, safe laxative for children and grown folks. Mrs. Anselma Lamarra, 25 State Street, Boston, writes to Dr. True: "My daughter, Gertrude, had dizzy spells and could not even go out for she always complained of being sick. She used your worm expeller" (Dr. True's Expeller). She never had any fits since. I feel very grateful to you." Dr. True's Expeller is a healthy, trustworthy for both children and grown folks. Start taking it today.—Adv.

POSTOFFICE SAFE BLOWN
OPEN—\$716 TAKEN

GREAT BARRINGTON, June 17.—The general store and postoffice at South Egremont, conducted by John O'Neill, was entered by burglars sometime Sunday night and robbed of \$700 in cash and \$16 in thrift stamps.

When Mr. O'Neill locked the store Sunday night about 10 o'clock everything was securely fastened and the large safe locked.

When the store yesterday they saw that the safe had been blown open and its contents scattered about the store. In one corner of the store was a package of Liberty bonds amounting to \$500 which had been blown there when the safe was opened and overlooked by the robbers in their hurry.

Insurance papers and several notes were taken.

The police feel confident that the burglary is the work of professionals, and state that two men and a woman are believed to be implicated.

HUNS COUNTERFEIT
AMERICAN SEALS

COBLENZ, Sunday, June 17. (By A. F.)—The American military authorities have arrested in Coblenz two Germans who had in their possession counterfeit seals of the seals used by the Americans in stamping identification cards in giving permission to travel.

It is believed thousands of German civilians have been traveling at will through the use of the counterfeit seals, a charge of 50 marks and upward having been made by the Germans for use of the seals.

A detachment of the best troops of Gustav Noske, the German minister of defense, will be placed in the area immediately opposite the Coblenz bridgehead, according to information reaching American army officers here. It is believed, however, the transfer is simply a part of the policy of moving troops from the Ruhr industrial district.

The detachment consists of 1300 men, many of whom participated in suppression of the Spartacists in the Düsseldorf area.

SALE OR STORAGE
OF FIREWORKS

Persons wishing to sell or store fireworks during the Fourth of July season are warned by Chief Edward P. Saunders of the fire department that they must obtain a permit for this purpose from the office of the fire commissioner at city hall. These permits cost 50 cents. The permit is first to make application for a permit and after the chief has examined the premises and found conditions O. K. the permit is granted. There have already been 71 applications and 60 permits this year. Last year there were 103 permits. The permit allows the holder to sell or keep fireworks from June 10 to July 10.

ITALIAN FORCES
ARE ADVANCING

ROME, June 17.—Italian forces are advancing on the Villach-Sanetta line, on the frontier between Italy and Jugoslavia. It is announced. This movement is intended to counteract the action of the Jugo-Slavs in the Klagenfurt region in the Austrian province of Carinthia, where they attacked the German-Austrians. It is said, without "plausible reason," and only because they "wished to take possession of Klagenfurt, despite the decision of the peace conference."

The region of Klagenfurt was, according to a decision reached at Paris, to be a neutral zone and the population was to decide its own fate by a plebiscite.

ROB CLEVELAND
BANK OF \$50,000

CLEVELAND, June 17.—Five armed bandits late yesterday afternoon held up the West Cleveland bank and escaped in a stolen automobile with currency estimated at \$50,000. Two of the robbers stood guard over six customers and four clerks outside the bank while two robbed the bank. The fifth remaining in the automobile with the engine running.

SURE ENOUGH, 'TIS AN ILL WIND
THAT BLOWS NO
GOOD

It is reported that the Boston & Maine railroad did a thriving business between Billerica and Lowell yesterday as a result of the street railway men's strike. The residents of the town, who are employed in the city, take advantage of the steam railroad for transportation, which operates quite a number of trains during the day. The time of train service is as follows:

To Lowell, 6:57, 8:15, 9:27 a. m., and 3:05, 5:11, 6:27, 7:00, 7:13 p. m. Leave Lowell to stop at North Billerica: 5:20, 6:30, 10:01 a. m., 12:15, 2:45, 4:20, 5:35 and 6:05 p. m. In addition there are two trains to Lowell, one at 11:32 p. m., and the midnight theatre train at 12:35 a. m.

Thousands of Children
Have Worms

Their Parents Do Not Know It

Symptoms of worms in children are: Deranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly, with occasional gripings and pains about the navel, pale face, loss of teeth, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever. Worms are subject to worms also.

The one best remedy is Dr. True's Expeller, the Family Expeller and Worm Expeller. Also a pleasant, sure, safe laxative for children and grown folks. Mrs. Anselma Lamarra, 25 State Street, Boston, writes to Dr. True: "My daughter, Gertrude, had dizzy spells and could not even go out for she always complained of being sick. She used your worm expeller" (Dr. True's Expeller). She never had any fits since. I feel very grateful to you." Dr. True's Expeller is a healthy, trustworthy for both children and grown folks. Start taking it today.—Adv.

So Big
And Yet So Small!

Seen by itself, Swift & Company is one of the largest manufacturers and distributors of animal food products in the country.

Seen in relation to the total food business of the world, its size diminishes to small proportions.

We handle only about 22 per cent of the total output of the hundreds of packing plants under federal inspection, and only about 12 per cent of the total meat supply of the nation.

We handle only about 6 per cent of the total quantity of butter, eggs, and poultry sent to market in the United States.

Our tanneries handle less than 15 per cent of the hides made into leather in the United States.

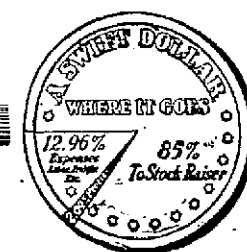
Our soap factories make less than 10 per cent of the soap output of the nation.

This is done in keen and open competition with every concern handling these products, and at a profit of a fraction of a cent per pound.

In the meat packing industry there is no one dominant concern handling a large proportion of the output.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Lowell Local Branch, 572 Dutton Street
J. E. Wolf, Manager



Victrola
Dept.,
Fourth
Floor

Chalifoux's
ESTABLISHED 1875
CORNER

McCall
Patterns
Third
Floor

Annual Dollar Shoe Sale

STARTED THIS MORNING AT 8.30

Hundreds of customers were on hand when the store opened—eager to take advantage of the remarkable opportunity of purchasing shoes for \$1.00 a pair.

Sale Lasts as Long as We Have the Shoes To Sell

If you did not buy a pair this morning, plan to do so tomorrow—as these shoes are going fast. Buy two or three pairs for the price you ordinarily pay for one pair.



The Whir of the
Machine is Heard
in the Home

Hundreds of women who have their own individual ideas about dresses and wish to express them are depending on our Dress Goods and McCall Patterns.

McCall Patterns are a boon to women—making it possible for them to choose the weaves and colors they like best—and then easily and economically—and leisurely—to utilize spare time to make the particular dress they want.

This is precisely what more and more women are doing. Home sewing is usurping the popularity of whist.

Perhaps the Red Cross needlework ushered in the present period of domestic science—practically applied.

Call at the Pattern Department for the new Fashion Sheet showing the newest July styles.

AMUSEMENT NOTES
THE STRAND THEATRE

"Two Women," a powerful drama from the pen of James Oliver Curwood, is the headliner on the program all the Strand theatre for the first three days of the week. This play is a fascinating and artistic tale of contrasting woman types. Its setting is most beautiful, while the scenery is most enjoyable. Featured in the title role is Anita Stewart, the screen star, who plays the part of Enid Arden, a beautiful young woman, who lives in a country of beautiful mountains and lakes, and whose companions are the birds, animals and flowers. Across Enid's path comes John Leighton, sent from the city by his firm to essay quarries. He is a clean thinking man and between him and the young woman grows a fine companionship. After his work is done Leighton returns to the city, where he finds that his wife has been unfaithful to him. He casts her aside and returns to the mountains, where his feelings for Enid re-ignite into true love and believing that he is done with his wife for good, tells Enid of his affections for her. She returns it and both are happy until Leighton's wife makes her appearance and pleads with her husband to be taken back. It is here that the girl brings to the surface her strength of character by appealing to Leighton to take his wife back. Strong play follows.

"Sandy Burke of the U-Bar-U," one of the latest film creations of Louis B. Merrion, is another delightful play that is being produced at The Strand. It is filled with thrilling incidents and contains just enough humor to make one's heart feel good. It deals with Burke, a strikingly handsome adventurer, who has rounded up a gang of cattle thieves. The daughter of the owner of the ranch, Molly, is grateful to Burke for paying off a mortgage held on the home of Widow Mackey by one of the crooks. When Burke winds up his work he calls on Molly to say good-bye, but fails to see the love in her eyes, and when she makes the request to "throw up his arms and then around her," he smilingly complies with the order and wakes up. The picture is mishly good. In addition to these two most enjoyable films there is also a delightful comedy of the Vitaphone quality as well as interesting and instructive reels of current events. The vocal selections are being given by Miss Gertrude Breene, a pleasing soloist, while the organ selections also add greatly to the success of the program.

STRIKE AFFECTS SCHOOLS

As a result of the street railway men's strike the attendance at the schools in Tewksbury was seriously interfered with yesterday, for the pupils, who live some distance from the schools, and who depend on the trolleys for transportation, were forced to remain at home. People who reside in the town and who are employed in this city, either walked to their work or took advantage of the few jitneys that operated between the city and the town.

DR. GRADY'S TABLETS

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE

The very fact that we have received thousands of voluntary letters from grateful people all over the world during the past 20 years, praising its merits proves it to be a medicine of intrinsic value, especially in all cases of Stomach, Liver, Kidney or Bowel complaints. Then why continue to suffer from Poor Appetite, Sick Headache, Bloating, Flatulency, Heartburn, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Biliousness, Weak Kidneys, Colds, Fever and Ague when the Tablets will cure you, too? Just try one box today and see for yourself. Always ask for DR. GRADY'S TABLETS and you choose the best and safest medicine ever compounded and one that has been fully endorsed by thousands of sickly people. The best spring medicine no matter what you pay.

Those who object to liquid medicine can now procure DR. GRADY'S TABLETS at any drug store for 10 CENTS A BOX.

Every box gives satisfaction or your money refunded.

COLONEL GRAYSON
VISITS LOWELL

Col. William Grayson of Savannah, Ga., has been spending a few days in Lowell, the guest of Edward R. Morris of Methuen street. Dr. Martin Morris, brother of Edward Morris, is one of Savannah's leading citizens and the colonel's chum. It was not the colonel's first visit to Lowell. He had been herebefore on several occasions, coming, usually, with Dr. Morris, and one of the first places the colonel went to on the occasion of his recent visit was to the home of the doctor's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Morris, in Dracut. The colonel also met other Lowell friends who were very glad to see him and to return some portion of the hospitality extended to Lowell people by Col. Grayson and Dr. Morris upon their visits to Savannah.

Col. Grayson is past grand president of the Eagles and came to this section of the country at this time for the purpose of arranging for the annual convention to be held at New Haven, Conn., in August. Col. Grayson left for Savannah this afternoon. Among those who entertained him during his stay here were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Hoban of Livingston avenue, who were among the fortunate ones to have met the colonel in his own town in Georgia.

There
is nothing so good
for children's skin
and scalp troubles
as Cadum Ointment

Cadum Ointment can be applied to the tender skin of infants and children suffering from-tetter, rash, eczema, chafing and similar troubles. It stops the itching at once, and much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. Cadum Ointment is also good for pimples, blotches, itch, scaly skin, eruptions, sores, cuts, burns, ringworm, insect bites, etc.

Cadum Ointment is a French preparation made in America from the original formula.

Sporting News and Newsy Sports of All Sorts

| AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING | W | L | Pct |
|--------------------------|----|----|------|
| Chicago | 33 | 14 | .700 |
| New York | 28 | 19 | .595 |
| Cleveland | 27 | 20 | .574 |
| St. Louis | 26 | 21 | .558 |
| Detroit | 25 | 22 | .529 |
| Boston | 24 | 23 | .511 |
| Washington | 18 | 29 | .383 |
| Philadelphia | 9 | 31 | .225 |

| AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS |
|----------------------------|
| Cleveland 1, Boston 0. |
| New York 2, St. Louis 0. |
| Chicago 5, Philadelphia 1. |
| Detroit 3, Washington 1. |

| GAMES TOMORROW |
|--------------------------|
| St. Louis at Boston. |
| Detroit at Philadelphia. |
| Cleveland at New York. |
| Chicago at Washington. |

| NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING | W | L | Pct |
|--------------------------|----|----|------|
| New York | 33 | 14 | .700 |
| Cincinnati | 27 | 19 | .588 |
| Chicago | 26 | 20 | .565 |
| Pittsburgh | 24 | 22 | .522 |
| St. Louis | 23 | 23 | .500 |
| Brooklyn | 21 | 25 | .458 |
| Philadelphia | 15 | 31 | .326 |
| Boston | 14 | 32 | .302 |

| NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS |
|-------------------------------|
| Boston-Cincinnati-Rain. |
| New York 3, Chicago 2. |
| Pittsburgh 6, Philadelphia 5. |
| St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 0. |

| GAMES TOMORROW |
|-----------------------------|
| Boston at Pittsburgh. |
| Brooklyn at Chicago. |
| New York at St. Louis. |
| Philadelphia at Cincinnati. |

| N. E. LEAGUE STANDING | W | L | Pct |
|-----------------------|----|----|------|
| Lowell | 13 | 7 | .650 |
| Portland | 12 | 8 | .600 |
| Fitchburg | 11 | 9 | .550 |
| Lawrence | 10 | 11 | .476 |
| Haverhill | 8 | 15 | .296 |

| N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS |
|--------------------------|
| Lowell 5, Haverhill 4. |
| Lawrence 2, Portland 1. |
| Fitchburg 3, Portland 2. |

| GAMES TOMORROW |
|------------------------|
| Lowell at Haverhill. |
| Fitchburg at Lawrence. |
| Portland at Portland. |

WEAK HITTING AGAIN BRAVES GET BOECKEL BEATS BOSTON FROM PIRATES

Cleveland pitchers again proved too strong for Boston yesterday, although the game was tight all the way. With Coveleski working against Carl Mays, Cleveland won, 1 to 0, the only run of the contest being scored in the first inning.

Bob Shawkey won his seventh consecutive game yesterday when New York defeated St. Louis, 4 to 3 in 11 innings. Galloway also pitched a strong game and held the Yankees to seven hits. Boston allowed Washington only two hits and Detroit won, 3 to 1. One of two pairs of pitchers was a home run smash by Mosekoff, batting for Harper in the eighth. The White Sox outclassed Philadelphia, 5 to 1. Jackson and Ketch both hit home runs.

ABOUT THE BOXERS

Terry Brooks says Johnny Clinton of New York need look no further for a bout. The West End K. O. king is ready to take on Clinton at any of the Boston clubs.

The Lynn club is considering a bout between Charlie Parker and Charlie Bergin of New Haven. The latter is a big favorite in Lynn and the scrap ought to draw a record crowd.

Jack Leonard, who puts on shows in Marlboro, says there is something in Friday, the 13th. He says he will not fight on his card last Friday ended in a foul.

Chick Hayes and Bob Josephs will stage a sure enough fight in Boston on Friday evening of this week. Many fans figure Hayes will check the career of Josephs.

Among the top-line bouts scheduled soon throughout the country are: Tom Gibbons vs. Billy Miske, Minneapolis; Johnny Griffiths vs. Bryan Downey, Canton, O.; and Jeff Smith vs. Harry Greb, Pittsburg.

Many automobile parties journeyed from far and near to see Falcry win both bouts on Saturday afternoon. Both boxers were pretty well baked out at the finish.

Johnny Moran, navy champion, and Charlie Parker of Boston, will be the principals in the main bout at the Crescent A. A. Thursday night.

The preliminary bout between Charlie Connors of Lawrence and Hattie Greb at the Crescent club Thursday night ought to be a hummer. Their last meeting was a "bear" and both have been anxious for a return engagement. They are training diligently for the scrap.

BOXING PARKER vs. MORAN Crescent A. A. THURSDAY NIGHT

ROLLER SKATING WILLOW DALE Park may be secured for outings. Tel. 8708-W.

BUY TIRES CONSISTENTLY

AFTER you have experienced the superior mileage of Firestone gray sidewall tires, be consistent in your future tire purchases.

HARWOOD TIRE SHOP
DISTRIBUTOR
Merrimack and Tremont Streets

Firestone
TIRES
Most Miles per Dollar

DENTISTS
TEL. 5155
DR. ED. M. RYAN,
Associate Dentist
DR. MASSE
DR. BLANCHARD
16 RUNELS BLDG., MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
DRS. MASSE AND BLANCHARD

LOWELL SAFE AFTER EARLY LEAD

HAVERHILL, June 17.—Lowell out-hit and out-scored the home team yesterday and won a well played game, 5 to 4. Parkett was back with the Haverhill club as manager, although the lineup remained the same. Clark started for Lowell, but wildness forced his retirement in favor of Pierotti who held Haverhill safe every time a winning rally threatened. Lowell batted wholly to the showers in two innings and two more runs were scored off the pitching of McGinley. Cline, with single and a home run, led the Lowell hitters. The score:

| LOWELL | W | L | Pct |
|-------------|----|----|------|
| Baker, ss | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Erskine, lf | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Hosie, cf | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Waefer, lb | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Deven, 3b | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Smith, 2b | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Cline, rf | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Hayden, c | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Clark, p | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Pierotti, p | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Totals | 34 | 13 | .727 |

| HAVERHILL | W | L | Pct |
|--------------|----|---|-------|
| Fenton, cf | 3 | 0 | 1.000 |
| Foran, ss | 3 | 0 | 1.000 |
| Gonzales, 3b | 4 | 0 | 1.000 |
| McKinley, lf | 4 | 0 | 1.000 |
| Kinston, lb | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Hirst, 2b | 4 | 1 | .800 |
| Gennelly, rf | 3 | 1 | .750 |
| Smith, c | 3 | 1 | .750 |
| Wholley, p | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| McGinley, p | 3 | 1 | .750 |
| Totals | 30 | 4 | .857 |

Two-base hits: Devon, Waefer, Faulkner, Pennelly. Three-base hit: Connors. Home run: Cline. Stolen bases: Baker, 2; Lawrence, 2. Sacrifices: Devon, Lynch, Fenton, Foran, Hirst, Gennelly. Double plays: Smith to Kinston; Gonzales to Hirst; Kinston to McGinley. Left on bases: Lowell 5, Haverhill 3. Bases on balls: Off Clark 3, Pierotti 3. Hits: Off Wholley 4 in 2 innings, off McGinley 5 in 7 innings, off Cline 3 in 3 innings, off Pierotti 6 in 8 innings. Struck out: By Wholley 1, by Clark 3. Losing pitcher: Wholley. Winning pitcher: Pierotti.

PORTLAND, June 17.—Portland had the better of the game yesterday, but day and easily won, 5 to 3. Both pitchers went the whole journey and the eighth inning, Portland staged a rally and battered a tie score by four runs. The score:

LEWISTON 5, LAWRENCE 2

LEWISTON, June 17.—Lewiston beat Lawrence here yesterday in an interesting game, 5 to 2. Lewiston strangled the law in the first inning, by runs and added on more in the third. Lawrence used two pitchers but Pish went the full distance for Lewiston. The score:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lewiston | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | — | 5 | 9 | 1 |
| Lawrence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | — | 2 | 8 | 2 |

Batteries: Pish and Duncan; Healey, Stack and Foyle.

LEWISTON 5, LAWRENCE 2
LEWISTON, June 17.—Lewiston beat Lawrence here yesterday in an interesting game, 5 to 2. Lewiston started in the first inning with a brace of runs and added one more in the third. Lawrence used two pitchers but Fitch went the full distance for Lewiston. The score:

Puts Him Away

Charlie Parker, pride of the Boston South End, who has met all sorts of pugilists in many months of hard milling, had his aspiration wick well trimmed last night when Young Klodby of Lawrence, whose real name is Tommy Corcoran, knocked him cold in the third round of their bout before the Fenway A.C., Boston. A large delegation of Lawrence fans went to the Hub with a bank roll and trooped

PARKER GETS K. O.

Young Kloby of Lawrence Puts Him Away
Charlie Parker, pride of the Boston South End, who has met all sorts of pugilists in many months of hard millage, had his last fight with Kloby, who was a favorite of the crowd, last night when Young Kloby of Lawrence, whose real name is Tommy Corcoran, knocked him cold in the third round of the bout. Before the Penway A. C., Boston. A large delegation of Lawrence fans went to the Hub with a bank roll and trooped home with the prize considerably inflated. It was a grand old clean-up and left Boston sports deep down in the well of despondency.

Parker was his favorite going into the ring and during the first two rounds there was little to choose between the two men, although Parker landed the harder blows. About 30 seconds after the opening of the third round Kloby opened up and during a fusillade of punching caught Parker flush on the point of the jaw. The Boston boy dropped and for the first time in his ring career had the fatal count of ten seconds over his prostrate form. Kloby had weight and reach on Parker and packed the stiff punch.

ZITZMAN AWARDED TO THE SKEETERS

CINCINNATI, June 17.—Player William Zitzman, who has been with the Pittsburgh club, was yesterday awarded by the national commission to the Jersey City club and ordered to report to that club forthwith. The Jersey City club protested against Pittsburgh using the player on the grounds that he was on the Jersey City 1919 reservation list.

HAYING TOOLS
SCYTHES \$1.50
SNATHS \$1.50
FORKS 90c
RAKES 50c
STONES 20c
DRAG RAKES \$1.50
Adams Hardware
AND PAINT CO.
Middlesex St. Near Depot

The Call'em

We know of only one man in baseball who looks good striking out George "Babe" Ruth. Of course even the "Babe" does look good if the third one is called, but it usually isn't on that bird. He swings with his whole body and soul. If he connects whammy, and if he misses he still looks good because everyone knows where the old apple would nestle if the hitting pitcher met it flush.

Slumping Tristram
Many persons from Lowell troop down to Boston whenever Cleveland comes east just to say howed to the far-roaming Tristram of Hubbard. Many such went down last Saturday and they saw their pride and joy coverer acres of ground, but they wanted to see him hit and spoke fell down. Up six times, no hits. Everyone else on the club drove it safe, but Tris couldn't. He tried and once made a powerful bid that Cliney yanked out of the air. But the rest of the time the old Boston star was popping them up, much to his own disgust, we imagine.

A Wet Blanket
The veteran Larry Cheney put the crusher on Billy Southworth, Pirate crusher. Billy had hit safely in 18 straight games until he recently faced Cheney's splitter and he couldn't knock one safe.

More Tiger Clawing
Ira Flanagan, the new sensation working for Hugh Jennings, is another blaster of dreams. This young man has been hitting like mad all season. Bob Shawkey, of the Yankees pitched 31 scoreless innings and then Flanagan came along and ruined his record. He started into one of his fast ones and knocked it flat for the circuit.

Some Speedster!
An American army officer, Lieut. A. Murrell, formerly of Maryland college, now at Christ's college, Cambridge, university, won two races at Cambridge, Eng., recent season. He won the 50-yard event, in 25 2-5s and the "100" in 59 2-5s. He is a freshman at Cambridge university. Boston Globe.

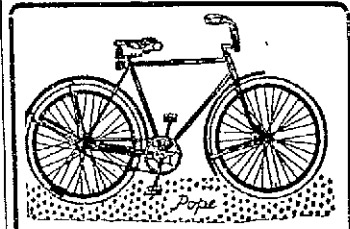
Look Out Frank
We are in receipt of the following challenge: "I weigh 137 pounds and am willing to meet Frank Molinas at any time. I am positive that I will win by a K. O. If Molinas wants to see me I am ready any time."

CHARLES MELONAR,
457 Market St., Lowell.

YEOWOMAN SEEKS DEBATE ON BONUS

BOSTON, June 17.—Chief Yeoman (F) May G. Hurley, who has been the most active of the members of that branch of the navy in seeking to have the yeomen (F) included in the state \$100 bonus bill, is looking for a debate with Senator James F. Cavanaugh of Everett. She says that Senator Cavanaugh's criticism of yeomen (F) has caused her to lose confidence in the legislature. At least, that is one of the things which has given her such an opinion.

When the bill was before the senate last Friday Senator Cavanaugh assailed the attempt to include yeomen (F) in the provisions of the bill and the senate left them out. Miss Hurley was at the state house yesterday afternoon. She spent some time in the senate lobby. The bonus bill was not acted upon in the upper branch yesterday afternoon, however, having been held in the committee on bills in third reading.



TROLLEY CAR or BICYCLE?

4 Rides a Day at 7c..... 28c
25 Working Days a Month \$7
5 Months at \$7.00..... \$35

Spend this money for carfare and you have nothing to show for it. Spend it for a Pope BICYCLE

and at the end of five months you have not only had your rides—but the bicycle has paid for itself.

No riding in crowded cars. No time wasted in waiting for cars. And your bicycle is always ready to take you on health-giving pleasure trips along our fine roads.

Decide to have one of these Pope bicycles now.

Drop in to see our latest models.

CASH OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS

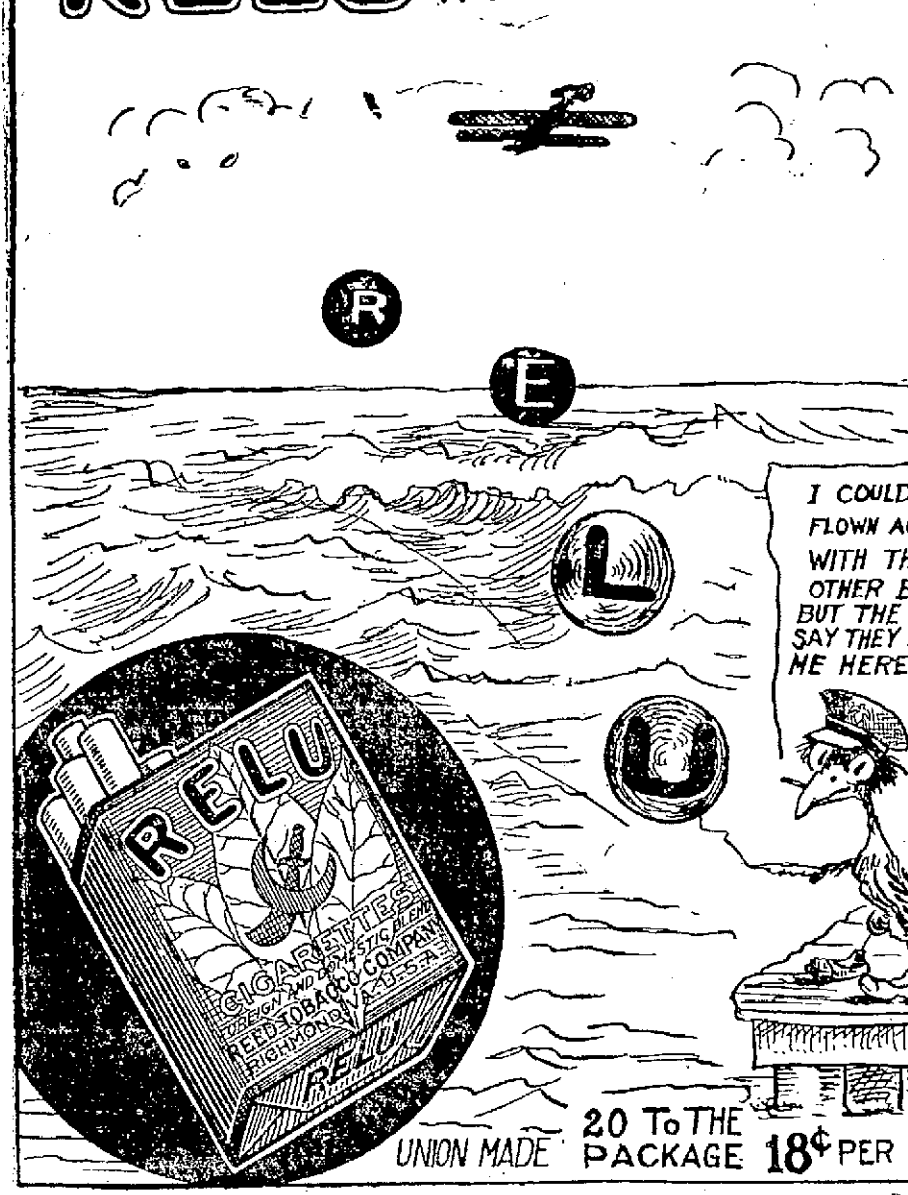
Cycle Outlet Co.,

125 PAIGE STREET

Opp. Merrimack Square Theatre

Factory Distributors

RELU A BIRD OF A CIGARETTE



20 TO THE PACKAGE 18c PER PKG.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The Marion A.C. will play the Universals for the championship of the North common Saturday afternoon.

The Pirates defeated the Lincoln A.C. on the South common Saturday, 7 to 1 and would like to hear from more 14 or 15 year-old teams. Write Regals preferred. Answer through this paper or write 270 Thordita street.

The Sidney A.C. defeated the Senators Saturday, 5 to 1, running their string of consecutive victories up to five. Challenges are sent broadest to 15-year-old teams. Answer through this paper.

The St. Peter's A.A. continued its winning streak Saturday when the Believers were defeated, 7 to 4. The Boot Mills will be played next Saturday.

The Alpines are willing to accept a game with the Varnums for a purse. Any other 14 or 15-year-old team also will be welcome. Answer through this paper.

The Boot Mills defeated the Ottawas of the Navy Yard Saturday, 9 to 6. The mill boys will play St. Peter's A.A. on June 21, the F.A.S.C. June 23, C.Y.M.L. July 5 and the Westford Osklands, July 19. The manager would like to arrange a game with the Lawrence Mrg. Co. team.

WILLARD AND DEMPSEY TO HAVE VOICE IN SELECTION OF REFEREE

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 17.—Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey will have a voice in selecting a referee for their heavyweight championship contest here July 4, despite the prevailing impression that the third man in the ring will be chosen by the army, navy and civilian board of boxing control. This developed today in the board, in accepting Promoter Rickard's invitation to pick the officials for the contest advised that both boxers be consulted before a definite selection is made.

FAMOUS KEELER'S HOTEL BURNED

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The interior of Keeler's hotel, a five-story structure, on Broadway and Maiden Lane, one of Albany's landmarks, and a hostelry known throughout the country, was completely destroyed by fire in less than two hours early today. The 236 patrons, all men, escaped. One fireman was buried beneath falling walls and killed. The loss is estimated at more than half a million dollars. Miss Anna Briggman, telephone operator, remained at her hutchboard, summoning patrons from their rooms, until she was overcome by smoke.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at either newsstand in the North station.

looking, cool and full of business confidence. He did not offer much voluntary information, but answered questions promptly.

U. S. NAVY IN TWO EQUAL FLEETS

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Order making effective the proposed division of the United States naval forces into two fleets of equal strength, one to be called the Atlantic and the other the Pacific Fleet, were issued yesterday by the navy department. Admiral Henry B. Wilson will command the Atlantic and Admiral Hugh Rodman the Pacific Fleet.

Each of the two fleets will be composed of four divisions of battleship and dreadnaughts, two divisions of cruisers, 13 divisions of destroyers and three divisions of mine-layers.

Hair Removed DeMiracle

This method for removing superfluous hair is totally different from all others because it attacks hair under the skin as well as on the skin. It does this by absorption.

Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 50c, \$1 and \$2 sizes or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.

FREE book with testimonials of highest authorities, explains what causes hair on face, neck and arms, why it increases and how DeMiracle devitalizes it. mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 129th St., New York.

A Well Painted Floor

can be washed at will. Its beautiful, sanitary, non-porous surface should give long service under the most trying conditions. HARRISON'S FLOOR and DECK PAINT produces a tough, elastic coating especially resistant to moisture and permanent in color. QUART, 85c. Free Color Cards.

C. B. COBURN CO. Free City Delivery 63 MARKET STREET.

For Everybody

How does it feel to have to walk to and from work without any other means of transportation but the trolleys. BUY A BICYCLE AND BE INDEPENDENT, give us the amount of your carfare, and we will give you a byke. Prices from \$30.00 up. A little down and a little each week at the

LOWELL CYCLE SHOP, 98 Gorham Street

NEXT TO THE OPERA HOUSE

HOLD WINNIPEG STRIKE LEADERS

Ten Arrested and Transported in Autos to Some Place in the Country

Labor Temple Raided—Considerable "Red" Literature Seized

WINNIPEG, Man., June 17.—Ten strike leaders were arrested in their homes here early today, and transported in automobiles to some place in the country, presumably Stormy Mountain, by government police officials. Other arrests are reported to have been made in Calgary and other western points at the same time. Simultaneously with the arrests of the strike leaders, the Royal Northwest Mounted Police raided the Labor Temple, from which the strike has been conducted. Considerable literature, said to be of a Bolshevik nature, was seized. The list of persons arrested included R. B. Russell, Rev. William Ivens, R. E. Bray, George W. Armstrong, Alderman John Queen and A. A. Heaps, and four Russian agitators.

Town Honors Heroes

Continued
In four automobiles, followed by the U. S. Cartridge Co. band. The Victory Girls' float with pretty young ladies from the U. S. Worsted Company's plant came next.

The Middlesex Training school was headed by its excellent boys' band with Instructor Raymond Slater as drum major. He was dressed in his U. S. navy uniform and was recently honorably discharged from the navy. He is a North Chelmsford boy. The Training school band and the pupils who followed it, some of them very little chaps, made a fine appearance.

The Schools in Line

The schools marched under the general direction of Evans Merrill, principal of the high school. There were at least 600 boys and girls in line representing all the Chelmsford schools. The section of the school children was headed by a group of high school girls carrying a daisy chain which enclosed by other high school girls each of whom carried a gold starred service flag for one of five soldiers from Chelmsford who died while in the service of their country. Included in these five girls marched Miss Ethel Tetley, carrying a gold starred flag for her brother, the late Egbert Foster Tetley, who was killed in action at Bazoche, France, August 10, 1918. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Tetley of North Chelmsford. This young lady marched proudly erect in the procession and it was one of the most impressive incidents of the parade. Each man on the town's honor roll had a flag with a service star on it, carried for him in the parade by a public school pupil today.

Division 2 of the parade had Harold

Poslam Vital To Sufferers From Eczema

If you have eczema, your prompt use of Poslam may mean all the difference between immediate comfort and a long period of itching distress. Take the easy, pleasant way to quick relief. Apply Poslam right on the raw places that burn and itch. Feel a burden lifted as the skin is soothed and pacified. You will know then to what a high state of efficiency this reliable remedy has been brought. Poslam is concentrated. Short treatment suffices for most minor troubles. Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 243 West 4th St., New York City. Poslam Soap, medicated with Poslam should be used if skin is tender and sensitive.—Adv.

Tuck as its marshal. The St. John's Total Abstinence society had the O.M. I. Cadets drum corps from Lowell as its escort and they were followed by the brotherhood of the Congregational church. Court Wannalancit, 171, M. C.O.F., had a very fine float in the parade.

The Boy Scouts troop was led by a small scout on a big horse, behind whom a very little boy was perched and clung perilously. Another feature of the parade was Chandler Wotton Robinson, little 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Robinson, who rode a big horse with dignity and skill all through the parade. The horse was decorated with red, white and blue bunting.

Red Cross Units

The Red Cross units of the town including units from Chelmsford Centre and West Chelmsford, the latter coming to North Chelmsford on a busy feature of the parade. Most of the women, dressed entirely in white and with the regulation Red Cross workroom head dress, marched on foot and marched well. They were under the direction of Mrs. John Bridgeford of North Chelmsford. There were at least 300 women Red Cross workers in the parade. Music for the parade was furnished by three bands, U. S. Cartridge company's band, Middlesex Training School band and the Stonybrook Carbonizing company's band.

The state guard mustered for the parade and made a fine appearance. The returned service men were given a fine and enthusiastic reception all along the line as were also the navy men, of whom there was a surprisingly large number. An officer of marines marched with the service men and along with a North Chelmsford boy who served with honor and bravery in the Canadian army and is returned home. The parade formed on Princeton street near town hall and its route was Princeton to Church, to Middlesex, to Quigley avenue, to Mt. Pleasant, to Princeton, to Mill street, to Middlesex, to Cottage Row, to Washington, to Newfield, to Groton road, to the common.

This parade taking place at North Chelmsford this forenoon is but part of the enjoyable and excellent program honoring the service men which uses up the time all day today with the program's numbers equitably divided

DANGER AHEAD! LOOK OUT!

Colds and Grippe frequently will leave you with weak kidneys, and aching back. The kidneys get overworked fighting off a cold or a contagious disease. When they slow up, and don't perform their duties, look out, there is trouble brewing.

Kidney and bladder troubles are dangerous, and should not be neglected; if you are compelled to arise from your slumber, once or twice during the night, it proves that your kidneys are affected and bladder irritated, and if you will take from 10 to 20 drops of SEVEN BARKS in a little water after meals, you will correct the alkalinity of your secretions, thus giving you undisturbed sleep and peaceful rest, preparing you for your next day's duties. If you feel dull, irritable and nervous, have headaches, sore or enlarged joints, irregular kidney actions, you should give the kidneys quick relief by taking SEVEN BARKS, which will not only relieve the kidney trouble, but keep your stomach in good condition and your liver active. Don't neglect your kidney trouble with first symptoms. You will be sorry if you do—it's too serious a matter. Get SEVEN BARKS of your druggist. Price, 50 cents.—Adv.

NO SCHEMES HERE, BUT REAL VALUES

We try to be just a little better than our promises, and that's why we have grown so rapidly. No tricks or camouflage in this progressive store. We don't mark up and then take off—an old humbug—but we give you real honest values.

Special Values for Today and Tomorrow

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, COATS and CAPES

Hundreds of New Dresses in Voile, Lawn, Organdie and Gingham, Sizes 4 to 14, for Today and Tomorrow

\$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.98

Coats and Capes, in Serge and Poplin. Many Styles. Sizes 4 to 14, for Today and Tomorrow

\$5.98

Big Bargains Today and Tomorrow in WHITE WASH SKIRTS, NEW SUMMER WASH DRESSES, SILK DRESSES, COATS, SUITS, CAPES, DOLMANS, WAISTS and MILLINERY
BUY HERE AND GET BIG VALUES.

BOSTON LADIES' OUTFITTERS

94 MERRIMACK STREET

45 and 49 MIDDLE STREET

LOWELL, MASS.

between the Centre and North Chelmsford.

Dinner on Common

This noon dinner was served in the tent on the common at North Chelmsford for all service men. This evening they will be served supper in this same tent and at Chelmsford Centre town hall. At 8:30 this afternoon fine exercises took place on the common at North Chelmsford with presentation of medals to the service men and with speaking by Joe Mitchell Chappell of the National Magazine, Col. Edward Logan of Boston, Col. John F. J. Herbert of Worcester and Frank Sibley of the Boston Globe, the war correspondent.

A community sing under the direction of Albert Edmund Brown takes place on the common at Chelmsford Centre at 7:30, and 8 p. m. there will be concerts at North Chelmsford and at Chelmsford Centre. There will be two balls held this evening, one at each village, in the town halls.

General Committee

The committee having charge of the program carried out in the two villages today consists of the following citizens:
General, Justin J. Moore, chairman; D. Frank Small, William E. Belleville, Finance, Capt. John J. Monahan, chairman; Herbert E. Ellis, William E. Shedd, William E. Lapham, James F. Duggan, Treasurer, Charles E. Bartlett, chairman; Fred A. Snow, J. Wesley Lyons, William T. Picken, Chas. A. Devine, Edward Hoyle, Harry L. Parkhurst, Banquet, Justin J. Moore, chairman; Eben T. Adams, David Billson, Samuel Kershaw, John Emerson, Louis H. Jennings, John Toye, Music, William E. Belleville, chairman; D. Frank Small, John T. O'Connell, Herbert A. Russell, Albert A. Ludwig, Garfield Davis, Reception, George E. King, George C. Merrill, chairman; Justin J. Moore, William E. Belleville, D. Frank Small, Parade, D. Frank Small, chairman; Michael Sculian, Gabriel Andon, Herbert Waterhouse, Miss Maud Perham, Walter Vickery, Mrs. John Bridgeford, Miss Emma J. Perham, Mrs. Arthur C. Rousseau, Evan W. D. Merrill, J. Adams Bartlett, Ralph Adams.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing, Tobin's, Associate bldg.

J. F. Donohoe, 225 Hildreth Bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Mrs. Frank W. Foye and family are spending the summer at North Rye beach, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Narcisse Duchesneau of Richmond, Que., are the guests of Lowell relatives.

Mr. C. Dumais and daughter, Clarisse of Dracut street, left last evening on an extended trip to Canada.

Mrs. Rodrigue Mignault and daughter of Merrimack street, are enjoying

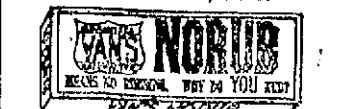
THE SHORTEST ROUTE

from the soiled clothes bag to the linen closet is the

Van's Norub

way. It washes your clothes perfectly and in a much shorter time than you could accomplish the same amount of work. Try it next wash day and be convinced.

5c & 10c at your Grocer
VAN ZILE CO., Mfrs.
West Hoboken, N. J.



If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything try a Sun want adv.

a rest at their summer home at Beachwood, Me.

Mrs. M. L. Thibault of East Merrimack street and Mrs. N. T. Pelletier will leave tonight for a two-months' trip to Canada.

Rev. Bro. Sylvanus, C.F.N., of Wheeling, W. V., is enjoying a short vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Toohay of Wannalancit st.

The park department received \$350 from the circus that was in town yesterday for the right to locate on the Fair Grounds and the water department charged \$35 for the water used.

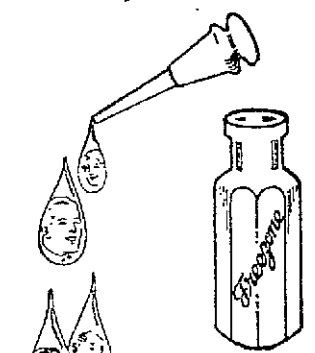
James T. Goodwin, of Nashua, N. H., was accepted at the local army recruiting station this morning for the infantry. Goodwin is a previous service man, having been overseas with the 115th Infantry for 15 months.

At a recent meeting of the Middlesex club in Boston, at which Louis A. Coolidge of Milton was chosen president, Charles S. Proctor of Lowell was elected chairman of the executive committee, which also includes the names of John Jacob Rogers and Frank W. Stearns.

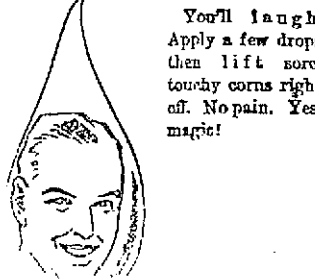
With the opening of the playground season after the Fourth of July the park department will also begin its season of public entertainments in the nature of outdoor moving picture shows and community singing. Albert

LIFT OFF CORNS WITH FINGERS

Doesn't hurt a bit and costs only few cents



You'll laugh. Apply a few drops then lift sore, touchy corns right off. No pain. Yes, magic!



A few cents buys a tiny bottle of the magic Freezone at any drug store. Apply a few drops of Freezone upon a tender, aching corn or a callus. Instantly that troublesome corn or callus stops hurting, then shortly you lift it out, root and all, without any pain, soreness or irritation. These little bottles of Freezone contain just enough to rid the feet of every hard corn, soft corn, corn between the toes and the calluses on bottom of feet. So easy! So simple. Why wait? No humbug!

Edmund Brown will be in charge of the singing.

The many friends of Lieut. J. M. Harrington will be glad to hear of his

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

promotion to the captaincy of the Metzer of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches originated by it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

ADVERTISING A LIFE SAVER

The difference between present advertisers in a paper and prospective advertisers, is that present advertisers "have the bucks" on men who, in the role of prospective advertisers, are thinking things over. If a hen thought about her eggs instead of sitting on them, they'd never hatch!

Once some men considered advertising the afterthought of business but when the live wires saw what advertising accomplished for them, they regarded it as forethought. You shouldn't start on a perilous water trip without a life preserver and when you start a business, big or little, good advertising may act as a life preserver.

If you watch the present-day advertiser and talk with him, you will learn to what extent he depends on advertising to help him turn his stock of goods over. It is profiting him and he will tell you so.

As for the man who is "thinking things over," it is costing him money to do it and the longer he spends thinking, the more it will cost him. It costs him money in respect to the profits advertising might bring him. It costs him money because he might secure the trade that passes his door and goes to the courageous advertiser. Abandon long-time thinking. Get space in

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

THE RAILWAY TIE-UP

The public is the sufferer on account of the tie-up of the street railway system, wholly regardless of the merits of the controversy.

The strike occurring on circus day, made it doubly bad for the public and the company. So far as the company is concerned, it claims that the men broke their agreement by striking without submitting their grievances to arbitration. If that be true, the strikers made a grievous mistake.

The men refused to work on the open cars using the so-called gun-fare register. They charge that to handle this instrument as required, while going along the running board of open cars, is very dangerous, as it often requires the use of both hands. Furthermore, they claim that it does not register correctly, sometimes making very serious mistakes at the expense of the conductors.

Now if this contention be correct, the company is asking the men to assume too great a risk. The open cars at best are dangerous to the men who take up the fares and already several fatalities are recorded from men falling off the cars or being struck by poles even without this gun-fare system. That would indicate that under the old system of collecting fares, conductors had to be very careful and active on their feet in order to avoid falling off. If any change be made to add to the risk, it would appear that the men have good reason to complain. They were willing, it is alleged, to go out on the regular cars, but not on the open with the new plan for collecting fares.

Here then are the inside reasons why the cars are not running. The public blames the company for dropping the service altogether simply because the men refused to operate the open cars as required. Why were not the prepayment cars kept in operation if the men were willing to go out upon them as they claim?

The present is another case in which the interests of the public seem to be entirely ignored. It is another proof of the necessity of compulsory arbitration of such difficulties between employer and employee on all public service utilities.

PRES. LOWELL'S COUNSEL

President Lowell of Harvard university, in his baccalaureate address to the students, made some important declarations relative to the unstable equilibrium noticeable in the moral status of men. Men must become either morally better or worse, he states, and which course they take depends upon the visions of young men and the extent to which they make their visions true.

President Lowell holds that the danger to most young men is not the temptation to gross evil so much as the conventional and, therefore, mediocre standards that surround them. This is in line with the statement of the learned Dr. Walsh in his recent lecture before the Knights of Columbus that few great men of history were born in cities. This has been true particularly of the great men of America. They escaped the downward pressure towards the mediocre by the force and influence of conventional ideas always present in cities.

In spite of the obstacles in the way, President Lowell urged young men to rise above the influences of the conventional and of commercialism in shedding lustre upon their respective occupations. It is thus that individuals can uplift the moral tone of whole communities and prevent it being dragged down

by those who promote movements in the opposite direction.

President Lowell also called attention to a tendency that is already apparent, to wit, the moral lassitude that is likely to follow a vehement moral effort such as was experienced during the world war. To maintain the lofty ideals, the enthusiasm and the inspiration generated by the war would elevate the nation to a higher moral plane; but history has few examples of such inspiration and enthusiasm being long maintained.

Thus President Lowell lays down some plain truths which, however, are not new but which are important and valuable, nevertheless, as upon their application in world affairs will depend the success or failure not only of individuals, but of communities.

TRANSATLANTIC FLIGHT

The fact that two British aviators have succeeded in making a non-stop flight from Newfoundland to Ireland, marks the beginning of transatlantic service by the air-plane. It is a great achievement and one which indicates the progress of the age more than the expert knowledge of the men who have won the prize. Nevertheless, Capt. Alcock and Navigator Brown deserve full credit for their courage and their nautical skill. They have won a clean cut victory and have carried off the prize so eagerly sought by Hawker and Grieve. There is no doubt, however, that their act will soon be equalled or surpassed by others now encouraged by their success. It would be difficult at this stage, to predict the vast possibilities of aviation as applied to commercial purposes and the transportation of light freight with the greatest possible speed.

The speed made by the aviators, 120 miles an hour, is perhaps the greatest ever made on any continuous trip of any length.

PROBE FOOD PRICES

The public will be glad to see Gov. Coolidge's recommendation for an investigation of food prices carried out without delay. Not for very many years, if at any time since the Civil war, has there been more need of a thorough investigation of the high cost of living. Whether the present state of affairs is due to one or to many causes, it is but right that the people should know. If the state legislature can lay its finger upon any particular cause or on several causes and have them remedied, it will render the public a service that will be greatly appreciated. Speculators, profiteers and the trust combines are undoubtedly responsible in large measure for the high prices of household necessities.

The fundamental idea of a labor organization is supposed to be the spirit of democracy. One man is as good as another. "All for one and one for all." But we find unionists in the Old Dominion state an exception. A negro was elected and seated as a member of the state labor organization's executive committee. Whereupon 2000 Virginians ran according to form and indignantly withdrew from the convention. "All for one and one for all" except that we white brothers must sit a little higher and do a little more for ourselves than we are willing should be done for the colored labor comrade.

The American Federation of Labor, influenced undoubtedly by the opinion of the section of train employees, has recorded itself as being in favor of government ownership of railroads. The stand of the unionism if justifiable, is not

surprising. Never before have the trainmen fared so well in working conditions or pay received. Their political strength has been used as a lever to pry out pay increases whenever they desired them. Their ideas, in regard to government ownership, are logical from their standpoint of self interest. But the public has a different opinion. Already there are signs of failure of government ownership, and one is that the roads have not been paying expenses. A system that cannot be maintained on a paying basis cannot endure. In the present case, the remedy is a return to private ownership.

They may not hear of us very often down in the southern part of the state, but in connection with Lowell's elaborate municipal building program, it may be said that all parts of Massachusetts may feel moved to sit up and take notice when it is realized that besides building a million dollar municipal auditorium, we are soon to start building a high school annex now estimated to cost probably more than \$1,000,000. In addition, general construction work is under way to amount to nearly \$2,000,000. We are among the leaders in this "Build Now" propaganda.

The venerable Robert Houston, 70 years old, of Whitinsville, recently made application for citizenship papers. He has lived in this country about 50 years. He remarked, "I should have done this years ago." To which we reply, "Yes, you should have, Bobby. There was nothing you left in England worth swapping for the great benefits you received in America. You certainly should not have been so tardy about sitting in at our feast. The welcome guest is the one who is willing to help wipe the dishes."

Some aviators as well as sailors, have strange ideas relative to muskets. Captain Alcock carried a Canadian cat for good luck on his flight across the Atlantic, and now the question of pussy's repatriation is before the international authorities. Will Captain Alcock abandon his mascot to the doubtful hospitality of a lot of Irish felons whose Sinn Fein association makes them inimical to the intrusion of strangers likely to interfere with their domestic affairs?

"Most of our 'conversation,'" says Capt. Alcock of the Vickers-Vimy airplane that hopped from America to Europe, "consisted of tapping one another on the shoulder and going through the motions of drinking." After July 1st, all drinking conversation this side of the water might just as well be conducted in this pantomimic manner.

The republicans acknowledge that already they have listed two presidential candidates. One is Maj. Gen. Wood and the other is Senator H. Johnson of California. We have no personal ill will against either gentleman, but we would advise any reader who contemplates a picture gallery of those who also ran to secure pictures of both men with several more to come.

We read of a Virginia boy who walked 78 miles to join the United States marines, was accepted, and made no special account of his stroll. As near as we can ascertain, this is just about the calibre of strength and prowess of young manhood that squeezes into the marines and, when occasion arises, can lick the devil himself, as was done that day at Chateau-Thierry.

The state appointed trustees of the Bay State, speaking of the strike, said: "Neither in Lowell nor in any other city on the system will the men be allowed to decide what system of fare collection the company shall adopt." Now form your own opinion as to who you think is running this trolley road of ours.

One New York landlord changing the name of his apartment house where he had boosted the rent from \$1000 a year per apartment, to \$1300, from Tomahawk to Beglad, we think has a curious humor about names. We think he may name a good dog "Kaiser" and call one of his boys "Judas."

Former Senator Root does not believe that because he is a republican, he is justified in making false charges against President Wilson. In this stand he appears in striking contrast to several of the republican leaders of the United States senate.

The government will sell all the liquor taken from bootleggers before July 1st. Thus the government plainly authorizes the thirsty to stock up if they have the inclination, price and the constitution to withstand bootlegger whiskey.

SEEN AND HEARD

How'd you like the circus?

A tree is covered with bark and a dog is usually lined with it.

When a man says there is no use talking you may as well prepare for a long-winded argument.

July 1 has something in its favor. You can "licker up" cheaper then and thereafter. But instead of licking up liquor this has to do with licking stamps, for the familiar purple three-cent postage stamps then give way to their predecessor of pre-war days, the red two-cent one.

To the Blirer End

They had been married three months and were having their first quarrel— which shows that they were a remarkable couple.

"Evidently," she said leily, "you regret that you have married me. The step is not irrevocable, however. If you care to be released from your bonds—"

"Naw," he interrupted impatiently. "I'm no 90-day recruit. I enlisted for the term of the war."

She couldn't think of any retort, so she maintained a scornful silence.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Question of Age

The stout party had been in the boot shop for over an hour, and the patient shop assistant had had half the stock down for her inspection. She found a fault with them all until his patience became quite exhausted.

"These would suit you," he said, taking down another pair as a last resource.

Still the lady was not satisfied.

"I don't like this sort," she said. "They have a tendency to get wider when they are a bit old."

"Well, madam," retorted the exasperated assistant politely, "didn't you?"—Pearson's Weekly.

Mosquito A Prohib

Mosquitoes, start drilling for their offensive summer offensive. It will be a campaign of fighting in the open, and digging in. A mosquito is a slight hum attached to a pair of wings, but it sure carries some kick in its nose. It is the original nosy guy. Always sticking its beak into other people's affairs. That puts it in an object in life. It is a mosquito's slap on the back, if it isn't too strenuous, as a sign of encouragement. Suffrage is the dominating factor in mosquito life. Only the lady mosquitoes cast the sting vote. Gent mosquito can't get a bite in edge-wise. They nose him clean out of the argument. Which shows that the game is the same even in insect life!

Letters Of An Altruist

1—TO HIS LANDLORD

My dearest sir and most respected: I fear that you have felt neglected. For I have scarce had grace to mention your name, courtesy and attention. Your monthly calls bring me such pleasure.

"I'd hard for me to state the measure. I would I had that social savor whereby I might return your favor. But well I know (to my regret) I am not worthy of your attention. And so I've had some hesitancy. To leave cards at your residency."

Yet, in my courtesy has been alluring. Your own has ever been unfeeling. And rain or shine, or best or worst. You visit me upon the first. In honor, almost past the telling. Which falls upon my humble dwelling.

O pardon, sir, my incoherency! I do not mean to cast or grumble. When I pronounced my home as humble. I quite forgot my carelessness tone. I quite forgot it is your own!

And being such, 'tis all-alluring. Its decorations are enduring! Its planning, painting, heating, plumbing—Are adequate and most becoming. Please pardon my importunations Against repairs and alterations.

There is but one small favor, truly. Even that I do not urge unduly. Any day you before me, I am ready. Might grant it without loss of dignity. May I then, have your kind assent. When next you call, to raise my rent?—Edmund Vance Cooke (Copyright, 1919, by N.E.A.)

MAN ABOUT TOWN

A boy friend of mine has asked me what the circus folks do winters. Apart from their spangles and the skilled and clever way they do their stunts as entertainers, circus folk are for the most part just like the folks you know in your own neighborhood. The gymnasts, bareback riders, jumpers and jugglers, if they cannot land contracts to appear in vaudeville in the winter season—and vaudeville by the way, generally welcomes them with open arms—Richard Pitrot, a noted circus impresario, every fall sends scores of circus acts to the South American countries to appear in the

Fatness Kills 31,000 Yearly

Fat is fatal to health and personality. It is estimated that over 31,000 persons die each year in the past decade long before their allotted span of life, through the effects of excessive fatness. Any overeating or overdrinking is excessive, whether it is in the form of food or drink, and it is a deadly enemy that is pressing against and injuring vital organs of the body. The heart, that delicate human apparatus, becomes congested, in numerous cases there are dangerous gatherings of packed-in fat around the throat, stomach, liver and other delicate parts.

Through overeating the afflicted person while apparently well is liable to nervousness, neurasthenia, physical or mental depression, and other disorders, for obesity is irritating. Cases of heart failure, apoplexy, stroke, etc., are frequent causes of premature death. Fat persons are particularly victims of accidents and are more liable than healthy, slender persons to death from influenza, pneumonia and other severe ailments.

If you are overeating you should know it is truly a case of slow suicide for you to kill yourself. Eat only what you need and eat it simply because you do not want to starve. Eat only what you need and eat it simply because you do not want to starve. Eat only what you need and eat it simply because you do not want to starve.

circuses down there. Of course, our winter is the South American summer and the time for circuses. Many of the acts have to go no farther than Cuba, Mexico and Central America for those countries enjoy circuses as well as we do. Cuba, for instance, has a wonderful circus called the Circa Publi-hiliones. Many of the circus people in the 30-week season, most of them secure now, can earn enough to tide themselves comfortably through the winter at their homes which they have bought from the savings of past seasons. Many of them have trades and work at them during the winter or run different kinds of business. The winter quarters of the Barnum & Bailey show is at Bridgeport, where many of the workmen have work right through the winter. The winter headquarters of the Ringling show is at Baraboo, Wis.

It was astonishing to see the amount of good nature and real kindness obtaining in this city yesterday in spite of the discomforts of the car strike. I presume all the trolley line streets held the same experience but about an hour before parade time both Westford and Chelmsford streets were lined with scores of anxious mothers and children plodding downtown on their way to the nearest spot where the circus parade could be seen. But hardly a truck or an auto passed down those streets but was loaded up with mothers and kids getting a lift cityward. To come nearer home, the writer's little boy wouldn't have seen the great parade he has been dreaming about for weeks, if it had not been for Mr. Richard A. O'Connell, the Westford street piano dealer, who picked up a dozen little folks on his way down town and made it possible for them to arrive in time to see the parade.

JUDGE WILL GO TO JAIL BEFORE PAYING FINE

DENVER, Col., June 17.—Ben B. Lindsey, judge of Denver's juvenile court, will go to jail before he will pay a fine of \$500 for contempt of the criminal court here, he has announced. The Colorado supreme court, on June 2, denied Judge Lindsey's petition for a re-hearing. The judge had 15 days to pay or go to jail, if the court insisted.

The fine was assessed when Judge Lindsey, in May, 1915, declined to tell what Neal Wright, 14 years old, had told the judge in juvenile court about the shooting of Neal's father. Neal's mother was on trial charged with murder. Neal was the only eye witness. Mrs. Wright was acquitted.

Judge Lindsey refused to testify at the trial, insisting that whatever information he possessed regarding the killing had been given him by the boy in confidence and he could not and would not violate the boy's confidence. Soon after the trial, John A. Perry, then judge of the criminal court, found his fellow-judge guilty of contempt and assessed the \$500 fine. Judge Lindsey appealed to the supreme court. The fine was upheld by a majority of the justices—three of them, however, dissenting. On June 2, last, the Colorado supreme court denied Judge Lindsey a re-hearing.

Judge Lindsey announced that in refusing to pay the fine he is not acting upon a personal point of view, but considers that as the Denver juvenile court is one of the oldest in the United States, all other courts look to it to uphold its rights. And one of these is that a relation of circumstances given in confidence to a juvenile court judge is not to be used in any other proceedings.

The judge has received letters from many of the judges throughout the United States urging him to maintain his stand. Various children's agencies have offered to pay the fine for him.

"No matter what the supreme court decided, I still believe and will always believe that what Neal Wright told me was in strictest confidence and that I would be unworthy to hold the position I now hold if I had testified," said Judge Lindsey. "The fact that four justices of the supreme court says I was wrong does not make it so. I am not going to pay that fine, because if I did I would admit that I was wrong."

Neal Wright, the boy involved, enlisted in the army at the beginning of the war and now is serving in France.

ANOTHER LANDMARK OF WASHINGTON TO GO

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Another landmark of George Washington is to go into the discard.

The historic Washington hotel, noted as a hotel since 1746, is to be torn down as soon as prohibition becomes effective, it is announced. In its place will be erected a modern hotel, office building and theatre.

The place is filled with reminiscences of Washington and revolutionary times. Washington retreated to it after the disaster of Brandywine. A bronze tablet reads: "In this room Sept. 11, 1777, Washington wrote the only report of the battle of Brandywine."

Previously, Washington had been a guest in this hostelry then known as the Washington Arms and again, when making the journey from Washington to New York when he was elected president, he with his retinue had breakfast in the hotel's dining room. To commemorate this event the Daughters of the American Revolution erected a tablet reading:

"This marks this house as the place where Washington wrote at midnight the only report of the battle of Brandywine, Sept. 11, 1777. Here Washington also received the congratulations of the people of Chester upon his election as the first president of the United States, April 20, 1789."

After the evacuation of Philadelphia by the British army the name of the hotel was changed to the Washington house.

On each occasion when Washington stopped at the hotel the best room in the house was placed at his disposal. The fine mahogany chairs which were in this room are still preserved as historical relics.

When Washington departed from Chester for New York for his inauguration ceremony he rode a splendid white horse, the gift of the citizens of Dary, Pa., nearby. As he rode away he passed the Plow and Harrow inn, which had the reputation of being the best kept tavern in the colonies. There it was that Lafayette's wounds were dressed by Mary Gorman on the night of the battle of the Brandywine.



Two Piece Suits

Coat and Trousers—Palm Beach cloths and light weight worsteds—in conservative and waist-seam models—grays, oxfords and tan shades.

\$15.00 to \$18.00

DON'T SAY UNDERWEAR, SAY MUNSINGWEAR

PERFECT FITTING

MUNSING WEAR

UNION SUITS

LET MUNSINGWEAR COVER YOU WITH SATISFACTION

The Ideal Undergarment

Get the utmost in warm weather comfort, the knitted fabrics are sheer and cool. So light they weigh but a few ounces to the garment. A right style and size for everybody.

\$2.00 to \$5.00

The loose fitting athletic garments may be had in a variety of woven fabrics. Each garment accurately sized and carefully finished.

\$1.50 to \$2.50

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET

STATE PREFERENCE

UPON RE-ENLISTMENT

BREEST. (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The privilege of stating their preference to units in which they wish to serve upon re-enlistment has now been given to soldiers who sign up for another term in the army. This announcement has brought a goodly number of re-enlistments in the Eighth Infantry which is eventually to be made a part of the famous Second Division now in the Army of Occupation.

Under the re-enlistment order, men will be given their mileage from New York to the place of original enlistment in the United States, the \$60 bonus and a month's furlough, the latter immediately upon re-enlistment, if possible. Mileage, however, is not given for the imaginary return trip to France from the first place of enlistment.

"Whorrrp," cried a doughboy, as he read the order today. "A month's furlough and money to spend."

"Sixty dollars, why that won't last a week in France just now," said another doughboy somewhat dejectedly. He enlisted in New York.

"Sixty dollars! What do you mean? Two hundred and twenty dollars for yours truly," replied the former. He had enlisted in San Francisco.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

What are Red Pills—and why should I take them?

RED PILLS are for women, taken specially for Anaemia or poor blood. They are a blood food. They make the blood pure and rich, and build up the whole system.

THOUSANDS and thousands of women and young girls owe their bright eyes, their pretty complexions, their graceful forms and vivid vitality to RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women.

IF you are not as well and strong as you should be—if you are always tired or "out of sorts"—if you are having headaches and backaches—if you do not eat and sleep well—if you suffer with giddy spells, nervous attacks, indigestion—than you have Anaemia and should get RED PILLS at once.

MRS. LOUIS HUARD, 73 Broad Street, Fall River, Mass., says "I had twenty-four children, and at that period of life which I always so hard for a woman to pass safely, I was completely run-down and was suffering from the bad symptoms and ailments which woman is heir to, and which make her life so miserable, such as palpitations of the heart, dizziness, numbness of the limbs, poor digestion, and so many other complaints. I was only to women who have experienced them themselves. I was persuaded to start taking RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women, and to this day I cannot praise them too highly, for they restored my strength and vitality, and thanks to their salutary effects I was able to pass through this difficult stage of life with as little trouble as possible, and I now feel better than ever."

CAUTION!—The formula of RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women was first discovered in Paris, in the year of 1870, by a famous French doctor, and they have been widely used ever since.

To avoid imitations or substitutions, insist on the signature "Cie Chimique Franco-Americaine" in boxes only, 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2.50.

For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TREAT TUBERCULOSIS AS CONTAGIOUS DISEASE

ATLANTIC CITY, June 17.—Tuberculosis must be considered not only as a deadly scourge to be feared but also as one of our greatest economic enemies, declared Walter S. Ufford of Washington, before the annual meeting of the National Tuberculosis association here today.

"Sickness," he said, "is the greatest single factor in bringing about poverty and dependency. Among the various ills found in dependent families none plays so big a part as tuberculosis."

"The public must be aroused to grapple with the problem of tuberculosis as it now affects our civilian population, on broader lines of health reconstruction. For this purpose departments of health everywhere should be charged with the control of tuberculosis as a contagious disease. These departments should not only be given legal authority to cope with the problem but should be provided also with the necessary funds to deal with the disease, in its contagious stages, as a menace to the family and the neighborhood."

In a plea for health insurance, John A. Lapp, former director of the Ohio health insurance commission, pointed out that there can be no solution of the tuberculosis problem among workmen without it.

"Men cannot stop work long enough to take treatment," he says, "because, as is well known, the great mass of workmen are living only a few days or a few weeks away from actual want. Some means must be devised to enable people to stop work and to receive adequate medical treatment. There are only two possible ways to do it, one, through charity; the other, through health insurance."

"The public attitude toward tuberculosis must be changed," said Miss Mary A. Meyers, of Indianapolis. "Formerly the masses of people thought the disease was hereditary and that nothing could be done about it."

"Now," she said, "due to educational work, there are few grownups or children in the country who do not know that tuberculosis is a preventable and curable disease."

AMERICAN SOLDIERS CALL ON CARDINAL DEL VAL

ROME. (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Cardinal Merry Del Val laughed over what he termed a "genuine American trick," when a group of American soldiers and sailors visiting the Vatican under the direction of Rev. Fr. Edward Wallace, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who served with the Eighteenth Division, brushed aside formalities, entered the liveried watchman at the cardinal's palace and gained an audience with the prince of the church without either invitation or announcement.

The men were sightseeing in the Vatican when Fr. Wallace pointed out Cardinal Merry Del Val's residence. "Let's call on the cardinal," suggested a Philadelphia lad serving with the Keystone division.

They all agreed and bolstered up their claim to call by the fact that the cardinal had visited America, and this would only be in the nature of a return call from hosts of his.

Headed by Fr. Wallace, they met the watchman in his varicolored uniform and halberd and made known their mission.

"But you cannot call upon the cardinal except by invitation," said the guard.

"We do not use invitations to call upon one another in America," returned Fr. Wallace in Italian. "All of us are Americans and Cardinal Merry Del Val will understand. He knows our customs for he has lived in America."

The guard accepted the situation and made known the identity of the callers to the cardinal who ordered the men shown up to the reception rooms, where he went to meet them.

"I am so glad to see you, gentlemen," he said to them. "It is not often people get to see me, but you have done it by a genuine American trick, which I enjoy immensely. I am always glad to see Americans."

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.

STRIKE HALTS SHIPMENT OF PORTO RICAN CIGARS TO UNITED STATES

SAN JUAN, (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—Porto Rican cigars are practically out of the United States market as a result of a strike of cigar makers and tobacco workers which has been on since the first of January. Approximately 15,000 employees are idle and all surplus stocks of cigars in the United States are reported to have been exhausted.

The making of cigars is the largest manufacturing industry in Porto Rico and the continued idleness of the cigar makers here is causing much hardship among them. Last year one company alone manufactured 175,000,000 cigars for the American market. This company, the largest in the field, has been idle since the strike started.

Not all of the cigar makers here are members of the union but many of them are and the cigarmakers' unions in the United States through their international organization are paying strike benefits to the union strikers here. Although there has been no work now for five months, the strikers say they are prepared to remain idle until next year if necessary in order to gain their demands of increased wages.

Another demand is that all of the cigar makers be re-employed. On this point the Porto Rican American Tobacco company has stated that it would give employment to all operatives capable of making cigars for which the company now has a demand. A profit sharing offer of the company was refused by the workers.

STOPS PAIN
For CRAMPS, COLIC and DYSENTERY
Radway's Ready Relief
Dose: One-half teaspoonful in a half tumbler of water. Instant relief. Safe for children. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

JUNE BRIDES LEARN TO COOK—"SAUCES MAKE THE MEAT"

Written Especially by Oscar of the Waldorf
Sauces make the meat, the fish, the game, the fowl. Many housewives never learn this. They know how to cook meats, fish and fowl, but not how to give that delightful flavor that comes with a proper sauce to go with it.

The average housewife confines herself to a very few dishes and a very few sauces where there are an infinite variety to choose from. If the June bride will depart from the beaten path once in a while, she will find herself becoming famous as a successful cook. There is a sauce that can be used for warming up cold meats as a white sauce. Put 2 ounces of butter into a saucepan, and when melted, sift in about 2 tablespoonfuls of flour; stir over the fire until well mixed, but not browned. Mix in by degrees sufficient boiling water to bring the sauce to the proper consistency, then put in a bunch of sweet herbs, some cooked button mushrooms and onions, and pepper and salt to taste.

Bechamel sauce is another good one: Put into a saucepan half of an onion, 3 tablespoonfuls of butter that has been worked with 3 tablespoonfuls of flour, a large slice of carrot, a bunch of parsley, thyme and a bay leaf, tied together, a small piece of mace, a small quantity each of salt and grated nutmeg, and 1 pint of white stock. When boiling place the saucepan at the side of the fire, and let the sauce simmer for 30 minutes, stirring it often. When cooked, mix with the sauce one-half pint of cream, boil it up again, then strain it through a fine hair sieve, and serve. (2) Put 2 tablespoonfuls each of butter and flour into a saucepan, and stir them over the fire until well mixed; then pour in by degrees 1 pint of white stock, and continue stirring over the fire until boiling. Add 5 to 6 peeled mushrooms, put the lid half on the saucepan and let the sauce simmer for 20 minutes, skimming off the butter as it rises. Strain the sauce through a fine hair sieve, put it into another saucepan, mix in one-half pint of cream and the juice of half a lemon, stir it over the fire, and allow it to boil for 5 or 6 minutes, then pour the sauce into a basin and continue stirring until it is cold. Mix some aspic jelly with the sauce if used for making a chaudroid.

To be served with either hot or cold meat I would recommend a Britanny sauce: Put into a basin 1 teaspoonful each of sugar and mustard and 1 tablespoonful of grated horseradish; mix 1/2 teaspoonful of vinegar. This is simple, but good.

East Indian sauce is very nice eaten with salad. Put the yolks of two hard boiled eggs in a basin and mash them until they are quite smooth; then mix in 1 teaspoonful of curry powder; pour in gradually 1 breakfast cupful of salad oil and 1/2 teaspoonful of tarragon vinegar. Continue stirring the mixture until it is quite smooth and the ingredients are well incorporated; it is then ready for serving.

CONFIRMATION AT ST. COLUMBA'S CHURCH

Bishop Anderson confirmed 97 boys and girls at St. Columba's church yesterday, assisted by Rev. Patrick J. Hally, pastor of St. Columba's, and Rev. John J. Shaw, pastor of St. Michael's church. Those who were confirmed were the following:

Boys
Walter John Keller, Daniel Aloysius Barry, Paul Joseph Clark, Herbert Paul Duran, Andrew Muller, Harold Robert Horle, Everett George O'Brien, Joseph Thomas Maguire, Elmer Columba Clement, Charles Joseph Cummings, James Edward Powers, Francis Joseph Winn, Henry Anthony LaFertier, James Francis Ready, Frederick Daniel Joseph Cooke, Robert Emmett Francis Hannahan, Henry Joseph St. John, Chas.

FREE-MAP
Large Map in colors, also the STORY OF RANGER the greatest of all oil fields. CURTIS, PACKER & CO. 50 Broad St., New York.

Aloysius McGee, Richard Paul Griffin, Clarence Edward Lord, Francis Xavier McCarthy, John William Winters, Francis Andrew Teller, Walter Joseph Farrell, Eugene Joseph LaFertier, Francis Edward Dean, Timothy Walter Garrity, Bernard Francis Bodkin, Terence Francis Farley, Edward Thomas Ralls, John Joseph Fox, Andrew Lawrence Desrosiers, Edward Francis McKoon, John James Blessington, Clarence Benjamin Williams, Arthur Joseph Ralls, Armand Walter Perreault, Harold Joseph Quinn, Walter Joseph Flynn, James Joseph Lavin, William Francis Brosnan, Omer John Dubeauville, Charles Carey, William Paul Halliwell, Francis Joseph Murray, John Charles Murray, Thomas Edward Curran, Abraham Howard, Henry Hinkley, William O'Brien, Louis Martin Di Beaulieu.

Girls
Alice Margaret Carey, Mary Josephine Teresa Hayes, Mary Francis Harhan, Vivian Margaret Richards, Mary Alice Hackett, Margaret Arnes Sullivan, Winifred Anna Ready, Margaret Teresa Newhall, Mary Xavier Frances Sullivan, Christine Mary Carey, Mary Lillian Borard, Susan Catherine Seavey, Anna Lidwina Cox, Margaret Mary Carney, Dorothy Anna Long, Doris Lydia Veronica Fisher, Elizabeth Rita Sullivan, Teresa Mary Frances Riley, Alice Louise Frances Douglas, Elizabeth Josephine Veronica Hannahan, Henrietta Veronica Davis, Mildred Margaret Moehan, Gladys Josephine Rita Coughlin, Bertha Blanche Bolduc, Agnes Patricia Finnick, Irene Frances Sullivan, Marie Sarah Martin Di Beaulieu, Mildred Rita Dubeauville, Marion Frances McDonnell, Estelle Marie Buckley, Lorretta Concordia Gordon, Lillian Genevieve Jaqueline Gordon, Catherine Veronica O'Connor, Verecunda Anna Boyle, Mary Ellen Frances Murray, Pearl Ursula Cronin, Mary Ellen Rita Tally, Grace Anna Maria Harrington, Mary Lillian

In Summer, Eat The Meat Of The Grains

In no other cereal will you find such distinctive flavor as in

Grape-Nuts

The solid nutrition of prime wheat and malted barley, ready to serve direct from package. Rich in the elements nature needs for keeping up vitality, without overheating.

No cooking. No waste.

Rita Tyrrell, Catherine Rita Boyle, Margaret Savage, Irene Gertrude Pami, Anna Martha Harhan, Mary Henrietta, Margaret Perreault, Beatrice Anna, Martin Di Beaulieu, Helena Gertrude, Exena Perreault, Gertrude Margaret, Winn, Mary Margaret Rita, McArthur, Lavin, Anna Elizabeth Casey, Gertrude Mary, Rev. F. A. McNeil, director.

The reliance that womenkind has learned to put in crackers is being well illustrated at the tea being given for returning soldiers and sailors.

Every woman in the metropolis has in her pantry a generous supply of the National Biscuit Company's always popular products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

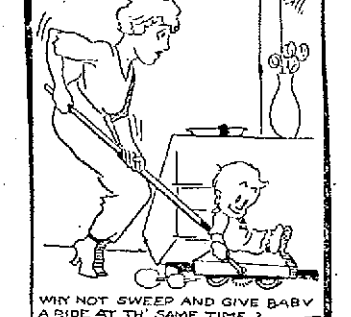
She was not alone. There were other women, some of whom were as much sally accepted products.

Nettie, a comely young woman, a seaman of the Navy, still in uniform, found herself upon an entertaining company of the thousands of uptown home-coming soldiers, including a battle-scarred hero.

DON'T LET THE BABY INTERFERE WITH HOUSEWORK



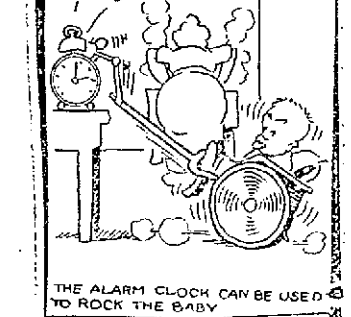
THIS SCHEME MIGHT WORK—



WIN NOT SWEET AND GIVE BABY ARISE AT THE SAME TIME.



THIS PLAN ALLOWS YOU TO SEW WHILE YOU JUGGLE THE BABY.



THE ALARM CLOCK CAN BE USED TO ROCK THE BABY.

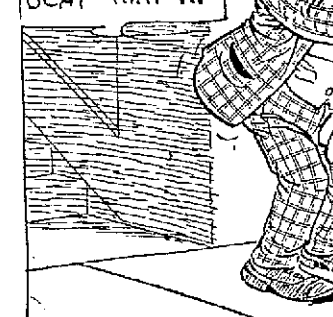


AND TELEPHONE WILL KEEP THE BABY FROM INTERFERING.

If you want to teach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

RETT TRUE

—AND EVEN TO THIS DAY JOE ISN'T HEP TO HOW IT ALL HAPPENED—
HAW-HAW-HAW, CAN YOU BEAT THAT!!!



YES, I THINK I CAN!!!

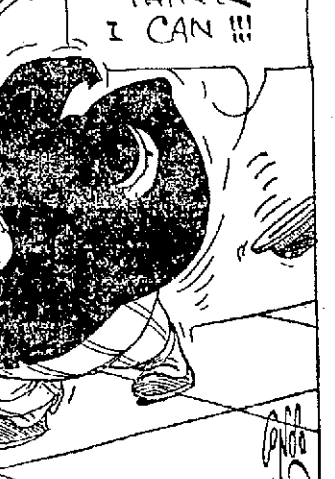


BY CONDO

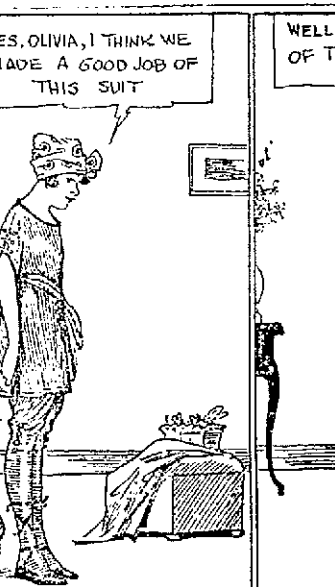
—AND EVEN TO THIS DAY JOE ISN'T HEP TO HOW IT ALL HAPPENED—
HAW-HAW-HAW, CAN YOU BEAT THAT!!!



YES, I THINK I CAN!!!



DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



What a Sad Plight



BY ALLMAN



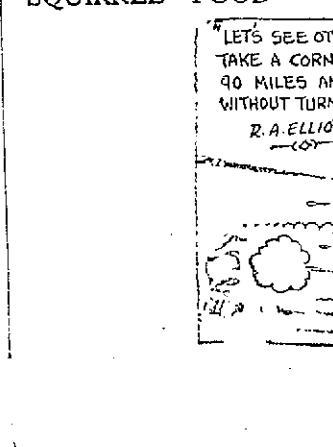
BY ALLMAN



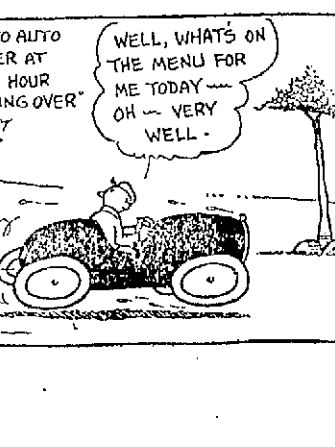
BY ALLMAN



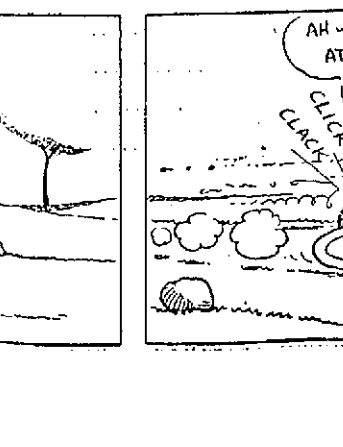
SQUIRREL FOOD



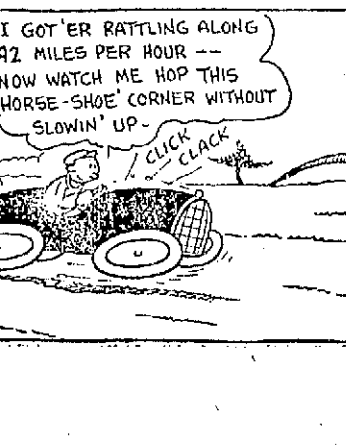
BY AHERN



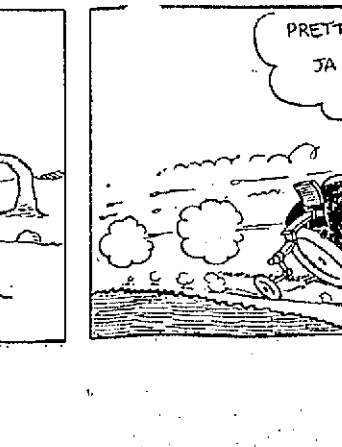
BY AHERN



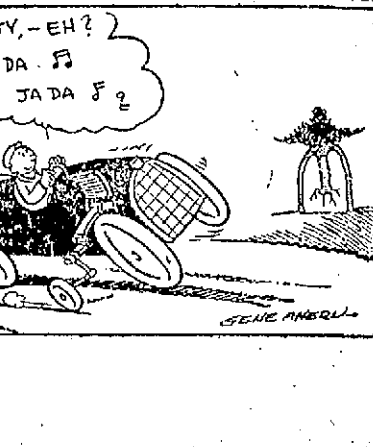
BY AHERN



BY AHERN



BY AHERN



REMARKABLE STRIDES
IN SURGERY

NEW YORK, June 17.—A remarkable example of the strides reconstructive surgery for wounded soldiers has taken during the war was furnished lately in Montreal, when four military hospital special trains passed through that city, bearing returned convalescent soldiers.

The majority of these men were surgical cases, most of whom had been hit in the head or face, and had been kept for months or even years in the British military hospitals having their wounds tended, and their faces reconstructed where there had been mutilation by shell fragments of shrapnel and bullet wounds.

Many men had rebuilt noses, the originals having been either completely or partly shot away. So skillfully had the army surgeons rebuilt these that the victims' faces seemed perfectly normal. A number of others had lost ears, and these had been replaced by grafting and reconstruction work so that the injuries caused by the enemy shells had been remedied to such an extent that nothing abnormal could easily be detected, and the majority of these men had normal hearing.

Other men had suffered severe injuries to their cheek bones and jaws, the latter being broken, and many, the reconstruction of the bone framework of their jaws, and the inserting of artificial teeth—the work with some of the jaw cases involving an extraordinary amount of rebuilding.

There was an infinite variety of head injuries among the returned soldiers, some of the more severe being matter of men could sustain such wounds and still survive to undergo surgical reconstruction, which eventually returned their faces to normal conditions, except those who had suffered eye injuries, or who had had too much of their features shot away to make complete restoration possible.

Germany Get 7 Days To Act

Continued

ditions have been vigorously upheld, as establishing a peace of justice; but certain modifications in detail and many explanations of the effect of execution are made. The reply is in two parts—a general covering letter, and a detailed discussion of the German counter proposals.

The changes include:

A plebiscite for Upper Silesia, with guarantees of coal from that territory. Frontier rectifications in West Prussia.

Ordnance of the third zone in the Schleswig plebiscite.

Temporary increase of the German army from 100,000 to 200,000 men.

Declaration of the intention to submit within a month of signature a list of those accused of violation of the laws and customs of war.

Offer to co-operate with a German commission on reparations, and to receive suggestions for discharging the obligation.

Certain detailed modifications in the financial, economic and ports and waterways clauses, including abolition of the proposed Kiel canal commission.

Assurance of membership in the League of Nations in the early future, if Germany fulfills her obligations.

Gives Judgment of World

The covering letter is from M. Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, president of the German delegation. In this letter M. Clemenceau says:

"The allied and associated powers have given the most earnest consideration to the observation of the German delegates on the draft treaty of peace. The reply protests against the peace on the ground that it conflicts with the terms upon which the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, was signed and that it is a peace of violence, and not a peace of justice."

"The protest of the German delegation shows that they fail to understand the position in which Germany stands today. They seem to think that Germany has only to 'make sacrifices' in order to attain peace, as if this were but the end of some mere struggle for territory and power."

"The allied and associated powers therefore feel it necessary to begin their reply by a clear statement of the judgment of the world, which has been forged by practically the whole of civilized mankind."

Treason Crime by Any Nation

In the view of the allied and associated powers, the war, which began on August 1, 1914, was the greatest crime against humanity and freedom of the people that any nation calling itself civilized has ever consciously committed."

"For many years the rulers of Germany, through the Prussian tradition, strove for a position of dominance in Europe."

"They were not satisfied with that growing prosperity and influence to which Germany was entitled, and which all other nations were willing to accord her; they required that they should be able to dictate and tyrannize over a subservient Europe as they dictated and tyrannized over a subservient Germany."

"In order to attain their ends they used every channel through which to dupe their own subjects in the doctrine that might was right in international affairs. They never ceased to expand German armaments by land and sea, and to propagate the falsehood that it was necessary because Germany's neighbors were jealous of her prosperity and power."

"She sought to sow hostility and suspicion, instead of friendship, between nations. The Germans developed a system of espionage and intrigue through which they were enabled to stir up international rebellion and even to make secret offensive preparations within the territory of their neighbors, whereby they might, when the moment came, strike them down with greater certainty and ease."

Forced War, Refused Parley

"They kept Europe in a ferment by threats of violence, and, when they

found that their neighbors were resolved to resist their arrogant will, they determined to assert their pre-dominance in Europe by force.

"As soon as their preparations were complete they encouraged a subservient ally to declare war on Serbia on 28 hours' notice, a war involving the control of the Balkans, which they knew could not be localized and which was bound to unleash a general war."

"In order to make doubly sure, they refused every attempt at conciliation and conference, until it was too late, and the world war was inevitable, for which they had plotted and for which alone among the nations they were adequately equipped and prepared."

Germany Begun Inhuman Acts

"Germany's responsibility, however, is not confined to having planned and started the war. She is no less responsible for the savage and inhuman manner in which it was conducted. Though Germany was herself the guaranty of Belgium, Germany violated the rules after a solemn promise to respect the neutrality of this unoffending people."

"Not content with this, they deliberately carried out a series of promiscuous shootings and burnings with the sole object of terrifying the inhabitants into submission by the very frightfulness of their action."

"They were the first to use poison gas, notwithstanding the appalling suffering it entailed. They began the bombing and long-distance shelling of towns, for no military object, but solely for the purpose of reducing the morale of their opponents by striking at their women and children."

"They commenced the submarine campaign, with its piratical challenge to international law and its destruction of great numbers of innocent passengers and sailors in mid-ocean, far from succor, at the mercy of the winds and the waves and the yet more ruthless submarine crews."

"They drove thousands of men and women and children with brutal savagery into slavery in foreign lands; they allowed barbarities to be practiced against their prisoners of war, from which the most uncivilized people would have recoiled."

"The conduct of Germany is almost unexampled in human history. The terrible responsibility which lies at her doors can be seen by the fact that not less than 7,000,000 dead lie buried in Europe, while more than 20,000,000 others carry upon them the evidence of wounds and suffering, because Germany saw fit to gratify her lust for tyranny by resort to war."

Quotes Wilson's Declaration

"The allies and associated powers believe that they will be false to those who have given their all to save the freedom of the world if they consent to treat war on any other basis than as a crime against humanity and right."

"This attitude of the allied and associated powers was made perfectly clear to Germany during the war by their principal statesmen. It was declared by President Wilson in his speech of April 6, 1918, and explicitly and categorically accepted by the German people as a principle covering the peace."

"Let everything that we say, my fellow-countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response, till the majesty and might of our converted power shall fill the thought and utterly defeat the force of those who flout and misprize what we honor and hold dear. Germany has once more said that force, and force alone, shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men, whether right, as America conceives it, or dominion, as she conceives it, shall determine the destinies of mankind."

"There is, therefore, but one response possible from us: Force, force to the utmost, force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make right the law of the world and cast every selfish dominion down in dust."

Justice for Those Who Despoiled

M. Clemenceau in the letter also quotes from speeches delivered by Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain, by himself as premier of France, and by Premier Orlando of Italy, in which it was specifically declared that when victory was won compromise as to peace terms was impossible and just punishment should be meted out, and continues:

"Justice, therefore, is the only possible basis for the settlement of the accounts of this terrible war. Justice is what the German delegation asks for and says that Germany has been promised."

"But it must be justice for all. There must be justice for the dead and wounded and for those who have been made orphans and bereaved that Europe might be free from Prussian despotism. There must be justice for the peoples who now stagger under war debts, which exceed \$30,000,000,000, that liberty might be saved. There must be justice for those millions whose homes and lands, ships and property, German savagery has spoiled and destroyed."

Must Be Handed Over For Trial

"That is why the allied and associated powers have insisted as a cardinal feature of the treaty that Germany must undertake to make reparation to the very utmost of her power, for reparation for wrongs inflicted is of the essence of justice."

"That is why they insist that these individuals, who are most clearly responsible for German aggression, and for those acts of barbarism and inhumanity which have disgraced the German conduct of the war, must be handed over to justice, which had not been meted out to them at home."

"That, too, is why Germany must submit for a few years to certain special disabilities and arrangements. Germany has ruined the industries, the mines and the machinery of neighboring countries, not during battle, but with the deliberate and calculated purpose of enabling her own industries to seize their markets before their industries could recover from the devastation thus wantonly inflicted upon them."

"Germany has despoiled her neighbors of everything she could make use of or carry away. Germany has destroyed the shipping of all nations on the high seas, where there was no

WALKING
IS
GOOD
FOR YOU
SO IS
VANITY
POOL

That sensational daring photo production showing a good girl and a dirty political boss.

WHICH WINS?
THEY BOTH CAN'T

SPECIAL COMEDY
SURPRISE FEATURE

FORD WEEKLY
TODAY

OWL THEATRE

MERRIMACK SQUARE

TODAY AND WEDNESDAY
WM. S. HART

"THE MONEY CORRAL"

DOROTHY GISH

"PEPPY POLLY"

Comedy—"She Had No Mother to Guide Her"

Cartier Case No. 7
CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE
1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday
"The Heart of Weyona"
With Norma Talmadge

JEWEL THEATRE
TONIGHT—EMMY WEHLEN

"THE HOUSE OF GOLD"
5 Acts

chance of rescue for their passengers and crews.

"It is only justice that restitution should be made and that these wronged peoples should be safeguarded for a time from the competition of a nation whose industries are intact and have even been fortified by machinery stolen from occupied territories. If these things are hardships for Germany, they are hardships which Germany has brought upon herself. Somebody must suffer for the consequences of the war. It is to be Germany or the peoples she has wronged."

"Not to do justice to all concerned would only leave the world open to fresh calamities. If the German people themselves, or any other nation, are to be deterred from following the footsteps of Prussia; if mankind is to be lifted out of the belief that war for selfish ends is legitimate to any state; if the old era is to be left behind, and nations, as well as individuals, are to be brought beneath the reign of law, even if there is to be early reconciliation and appeasement, it will be because those responsible for concluding the war have had the courage to see that justice is not deflected for the sake of a convenient peace."

German People Responsible

"It is said that the German revolution ought to make a difference, and that the German people are not responsible for the policy of the rulers whom they have thrown from power. The allied and associated powers recognize and welcome the change. It represents a great hope for peace and a new European order in the future."

"But it cannot affect the settlement of the war itself. The German revolution was stayed until the German army had been defeated in the field and all hope of protesting by way of conquest had vanished."

"Throughout the war, as before the war, the German people and their representatives supported the war, voted the credits, subscribed to the war loans, obeyed every order, however savage, of their government. They shared the responsibility for the policy of the government, for at any moment, had they wished it, they could have reversed it. Had that policy succeeded, they would have proclaimed it with the same enthusiasm with which they welcomed the outbreak of the war."

"They cannot now pretend, having changed their rulers after the war was lost, that it is justice that they should escape the consequences of their deeds."

Freezes Oppressed Peoples

"The allied and associated powers therefore believe that the peace they have proposed is fundamentally a peace of justice. They are no less certain that it is a peace of right on the terms agreed."

"There can be no doubt as to the intentions of the allied and associated powers."

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE

PERFECTION—Six cylinders, 7 passenger, self-starter, Willard battery, pump etc. Paid \$1500.00. Call 1000. Cash or terms, or will exchange for truck, good for jiffy and parties.

19 Roper st.

AT THE OUTLET SALE ROOMS
512 Central St., On Hill

FOR SALE
Heavy Mission Oak Morris Chair,
Mission Hall Clock,
New 3-piece Parlor Set,
One Small House Safe,
Roll Top Desk,
Several New Office Chairs.

KITCHENETS
Kirk and Merrimack streets. These new and modern kitchen apartments are now ready. Apply to Junior, 140 Merrimack st., or Green Brook, 116 Central st.

CONTINUOUS STRAND
A GOOD SHOW BY SEEING
Anita Stewart
"Two Women"
(6 ACTS)
ALSO
LOUIS BENNISON
In His Latest Goldwyn
Feature
"SANDY BURKE
OF THE U-BAR-U"
Great Story of the West
Soloist:
GERTRUDE BRENE
COMEDY WEEKLY

SEATTLE FOR 10
MATINEES 10c and 15c
EVENINGS 10c 15c 25c

Canobie Lake Park

ALL ATTRACTIONS OPEN

The famous Hurdley's Orchestra
with Piano Accompany at the Dance
Hall.

Dancing Afternoon and Evening
Swimming Pool open at all times.
Half-hour trolley service on all lines.

power to base the settlement of Europe on the principle of freeing oppressed peoples and redrawing national boundaries as far as possible in accordance with the will of the peoples concerned, while giving to each the facilities to live an independent national and economic life.

"These intentions were made clear not only in President Wilson's address to Congress of Jan. 8, 1918, but in the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses," which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

more STATES RATIFY
WOMAN SUFFRAGE

COLUMBUS, O., June 17.—The Ohio general assembly yesterday ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment and immediately thereafter passed a bill that will give Ohio women the right to vote for presidential electors in 1920, should the federal amendment be in effect at that time. The vote on ratification was 73 for to 6 against in the house and in the senate 27 for to 3 against.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting vote, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment. New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU
GOING DEAF?
Do You Gasp for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My specialty is treating deafness and head noises, asthma, freeing clogged nostrils and healing sore places in the breathing tubes. For the last twenty-eight years to the treatment of this class of ailments and now by the discovery made by me, I am able to cure chronic and head noises without using instruments in the ear tubes.

THE NEW SYSTEM
Of Deafness and Bronchial Treatment by Electricity

8 Visits For \$5

If you suffer with clogged nostrils, discharging nostrils, are going deaf, or have head noises, or discharging ears, or have a bad throat or bad stomach, or green or yellow or white or brown or any other distressing symptoms of asthma, I will be pleased to have you call at my office. It will cost you nothing for an examination and if you begin treatment this month you will receive eight office treatments for \$5. This includes the full course of a natural nature, whether the disease be in the eyes, ears, nose, throat, bronchial tubes or stomach.

J. R. POWELL, M.D.
Room 8, Rensselaer Building, Merrimack
Hours: Wednesdays and Saturdays,
11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 2 p. m. to 5 p. m.;
6 p. m. to 8.30 p. m.

AT THE OUTLET SALE ROOMS
512 Central St., On Hill

FOR SALE
Heavy Mission Oak Morris Chair,
Mission Hall Clock,
New 3-piece Parlor Set,
One Small House Safe,
Roll Top Desk,
Several New Office Chairs.

KITCHENETS
Kirk and Merrimack streets. These new and modern kitchen apartments are now ready. Apply to Junior, 140 Merrimack st., or Green Brook, 116 Central st.

CHINESE RESTAURANT
CHIN LEE CO.—Chop Suey, American food. Nicest place in the city. Open from 11 a. m. to 1 a. m. 53 Merrimack st.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS
LIMBURG CO.—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence, 1125 Bridge St. Tel. 341.

DENTIST
T. E. HARR, D.M.D., 508 Sun Bldg. Hrs. 9 to 12; 1 to 5, Mon-Fri Sat. eve. Tel. 5635.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES
ELECTRIC SHOP, 62 Central street. Reduced prices. \$10 Electric Heaters \$3.35; \$16.00 Electric Irons, \$4.45. Buy now. Tel. 1317-E.

PIANO TUNERS
J. KEISHAW, pianos and organs tuned and repaired. 60 Humphrey st. Tel. 914-M.

INSURANCE
PARSONS, 304 SUN BUILDING—Insurance of all kinds.

SHOES
ELITE SHOES for men. High grade shoes, latest styles, low prices. Small expense. Joes Urbanek, 41 Lakeview ave.

JOBS REPAIRS
THE QUINN STOVE REPAIR CO. has removed to 130 Middlesex st., opp. Elliott st. Grates, linings and other parts to fit all stoves and ranges are carried in stock. More room—better service. Work promptly attended to. Tel. 4170.

TO LET
2-ROOM FURNISHED KITCHENETTE for light housekeeping. Rent \$3.00 per week. Inquire 15 Fourth st.

3-ROOM TENEMENT to let, \$2.25 week, downtown. Call 22 Lakeview ave. Key at Mrs. Beane's.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let; also rooms for light housekeeping. 73 East Merrimack st.

2-ROOM SUITES for light housekeeping, furnished, all conveniences. Call at 315 Bridge st., or Tel. 665.

4 and 5-ROOM TRUCK to let by day or hour. P. Cogger. Tel. 5970.

MRS. H. BRADY has opened her house, the Weymouth cottage, 11 street, Hamilton beach, for the season.

FLAT, pleasant, sunny, upper, small; five rooms on Lawrence st. without modern conveniences, to let; rent \$2.50 per week; family of not over four persons preferred. Write B-28, Sun office.

4 COTTAGES to let, 6 Woods st. cor. School and Shaw sts.

HOUSES to let, South End Salisbury beach, with gas, electric lights on water front, July 12-26, Aug. 8-23, July 26-Aug. 23. Apply to A. A. Maine, 7 Starlet st. Amesbury, Mass.

NICELY FURNISHED APARTMENT in Belvidere for housekeeping; 4 rooms and bath, all modern conveniences. References required. Adults preferred. For information, write Q-28, Sun office.

LARGE 8-ROOM TENEMENT to let, 74 Whipple st. Inquire 23 Read st. Tel. 3667-M.

DESK ROOM or part of a nicely furnished office in The Sun building to rent to a reliable party. Woman preferred. References required. For information, address 1-16, Sun office.

IF YOU MUST SELL YOUR
LIBERTY BONDS

Why not go WHERE you get the most for them? The well known
LEO DIAMOND

Always buys in big and small amounts and pays the highest prices in cash. He can do this because I attend to my business personally and employ no expensive assistants.

CALL HERE BEFORE YOU GO ANYWHERE ELSE

116 CENTRAL STREET
Strand Building
Open 9-7 Saturday, Monday to 9

BEWARE TO WHOM YOU SELL
YOUR
LIBERTY BONDS

OR
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Get the Full Market Value in Cash
Our office established 14 years, with two lady cashiers in attendance every day.

202 HILDRETH BUILDING
45 MERRIMACK ST.
Up One Flight at Head of Stairs.

LIBERTY BONDS
—AND—
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
BOUGHT
FOR CASH
Highest Prices Paid
CENTRAL BLOCK
53 Central St. Room 97
Daily 9 to 6. Saturday to 9 p.m.
(Take the Elevator)

WE BUY BONDS
COME TO US
Lowell Commission House
16 GORHAM ST.
THE CLOTHIER
SAM'S 151 Central St.

Mark Sorenson
PRACTICAL MACHINIST
Oakh Registers, Scales, Coffee Mills, Meat Grinders, Etc., Repaired
Tel. Orders—Prompt Attention
Tel. 4470-J

HELP WANTED
STENOGRAPHER, state age and qualifications, wanted. Write G-12, Sun office.

SALESMAN, age, experience, salary, wanted. P. J. Sun office.

CONTRACTOR wanted to drive well. Apply to Ziaozia, 52 Jefferson st., Lowell, Mass.

KNOWLES LOOMFINDER, first class wanted. Wachusett Mills, 211 Middlesex st.

FLAX-WASH AND JUTE SPINNERS wanted. Dry, damp and wet spinning; 15 hour week. Piece work. \$18 to \$24. Extra fine accommodations in boarding house. Stable room and meals. \$3.50 weekly. Smith & Dave Mfg. Co., Andover, Mass.

DO YOU WANT A POSITION of earn-while-learning?—A profession, trade, vocation? Send for "The Call to Work" (Postpaid). Represents 361 different vocations. Miss Owen Hall Foundation, Boston, Mass.

FINISHED PERCHER on woolen goods wanted at Talbot Mills, North Billerica.

FIRST-CLASS ORDER COOK wanted. Pay \$12.00 per week. Walk to Gorham st.; bath, hot water, large lot, \$25.00 down. M. Quayle, 41 Royal st. Tel. 4033-M.

EXPERIENCED GILL for general housework wanted. Thrice in house-hold. Apply to Waverley ave., evenings.

LASTERS
Experienced Higgerhead Operators
Wanted on Misses' and Children's Shoes.
Steady work and good wages. A. G. Weston & Co., West Street, Lawrence, Mass.

1st Class Engineer
Wanted—An engineer, one who has first-class license. Apply Merrimack Woolen Company.

COTTON WEAVERS and RING SPINNERS for Massachusetts and New Hampshire mills. Families accommodated. Ship daily.

MIDDLESEX SERVICE BUREAU
398 Middlesex Street
WANTED
Girl with experience, for waitress. Man for kitchen work. Apply Chin Lee Co., 65 Merrimack street.

LOST AND FOUND
GENTLEMAN'S BLACK PURSE lost Saturday containing \$30 and religious articles between Marshall st. and West Sixth st. or on Lakeview car. Reward. Return to 35 Marshall st.

LADY'S GOLD BRACELET WATCH lost Friday between 99 Willie st. and 282 Appleton st. Reward to finder at 282 Appleton st.

PAY ENVELOPE lost, containing \$51 and some change, between Moore and Corbridge for Bakery vicinity. Reward at 27 Otis st.

LADIES' GOLD WATCH lost Friday on Worthen st. between Kilson st. and Broadway. Reward by calling Tel. 3513-M.

LADIES' WAIST lost in Woolworth's 20 and 10 store. Finder please return to office of store.

A POCKETBOOK lost on June 9, between the Crown Theatre and St. Peter's church. Reward to finder at 14 Cottage street.

LOST BOOK AND CHURCH, made payable to Charles E. Cole, lost at the Fairgrounds yesterday. Reward at 23 Middle st. A. G. Beharrell.

SPECIAL NOTICE
M. J. FEENEY, long distance piano and furniture moving, 19 Kinsman st. Tel. 5113-W.

MILLIERS are suffering with Rheumatism. Most important discovery of the age. An herb that actually drives the most stubborn cases of Rheumatism out of the system. People write us and say they are astonished at the results, especially on the kidneys. Just thinking of the money-making possibilities. Representatives wanted. \$1.12 pound, postpaid, 10 pounds \$9.95 express paid. Rheumatism Herb, J. J. Jones, California.

HAVE YOUR OLD CARPETS made into new rugs. Prices reasonable. Economy Rug Works, 607 Middlesex st. Phone 555.

CATHOLIC YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, desires work. Has knowledge in typewriting. Write 1-18, Sun office.

PHOTOGRAPHERS ATTENTION—Whoever needs a Cooper Hewitt light in first class condition, call at once. Lemire Studio, 136 Merrimack st.

7-PASSENGER CARS for hire; go anywhere, anytime, any place. Phone 284-R or 1170.

FOR SALE
LOT OF PICKS AND SHOVELS
of all kinds; hoes, rakes, and a lot of garden tools for sale. Some second-hand furniture suitable for camp. A lot of pipe fittings. Inquire 15 Fourth street.

PROVE I.W.W. CAUSE OF UNREST IN CANADA

TORONTO, June 17.—Documents which are said to prove that the Industrial Workers of the World and the "one big union" which has caused much labor unrest in Canada, are the same organization, have been seized in a raid conducted by the Ontario provincial police, it was learned here last night. The city in which the raid was made has not been announced.

BOYS WANTED TO JOIN THE CIRCUS

"We wanted to join the circus," said six young men, ranging in age from 12 to 18 who were arraigned before Judge Fisher in police court today on the charge of being suspicious persons. The boys were picked up at the Fair Grounds yesterday afternoon and evening by police officers and taken to the station for investigation.

"Yes, we want to become bareback riders and live under the big tent," explained the youngest member of the party.

"I must be great not to have to do anything for a living but ride around the ring on a horse twice a day, and travel all over the country on a big train."

"The best advice I can give you is to go home as fast as you can get there," stated Judge Fisher, and ordered the boys discharged.

Another by-product of the "circus" day who appeared in court was William F. Farrell, who was charged with assault on two young high school girls who in company with their mother were taking in the sights at the show grounds yesterday afternoon. He was found guilty and a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction prescribed.

Money in His Shoes
Shoes are undoubtedly a fine hitting place for one's bank roll. At least, that's what Peter Leavitt believed, but he has changed his mind.

Peter dropped into the home of Mrs. Rose Drouin on Suffolk street the other day and wanted to borrow a dollar. He got the greenback, and came back that night and appropriated the rest of Mrs. Drouin's roll, which totaled \$58.

Mrs. Drouin missed the money the next morning and when she saw Peter coming around the house insisted that he come inside and allow her to search him. Peter agreed, no doubt thinking that she would never think of searching his footwear.

But Mrs. Drouin proved herself a most efficient searcher, and went right to the bottom of the matter with the result that Peter was separated from the missing \$58, and later taken to the station on a charge of larceny.

Peter's defense was that he just took the money as a joke, but the court couldn't see the humor in the situation, and ordered Peter to take a month's vacation in jail.

Other Offenders
Charged with failing to sound a signal at Gorham and Union streets one day last week when he drove his automobile, Michael Higgins was fined \$2. A plea of nolo was accepted by the court.

Michael G. Lallas was charged with failing to make known his name after causing damage to an automobile, the property of Edward Rose. After hearing the evidence of various witnesses, the court found him not guilty and ordered the case dismissed.

DEATHS

TSOHONIS—Costas Tsohonis, aged 56 years, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital.

LAMSON—Mrs. Lillian Owen Lamson, aged 15 years, 11 months and 3 days, died yesterday at her home in Marlborough, aged 15 years. She was a teacher of normal classes at the Lawrence Street Training School for teachers.

LENOIR—Joseph Lenoir, aged 15 years, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital.

DEVEREAUX—Anna W. Devereaux, for a number of years a Lowell school teacher, died yesterday at her home in Marlborough, aged 55 years. She was a teacher of normal classes at the Lawrence Street Training School for teachers.

FAIRRELL—The funeral of Francis Fairrell will take place Thursday morning from his late home, 74 Taylor street. Funeral mass will be sung at St. Peter's church, time to be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Higgins Bros. in charge.

WHEELER—Died in this city, June 15 at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mildred P. Davis, 11 Burdett street, Miss Harriet A. Wheeler. Funeral services will be held from the home of her sister, 11 Burdett street, Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend. Burial at Amburst, N. H. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

LENOIR—The funeral of Joseph Lenoir will take place tomorrow morning from the home of Undertaker Peter H. Savage at 912 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at the Sacred Heart church at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

MATRIMONIAL
Mr. Henri Cote and Miss Leonida Branchard were married yesterday at St. Joseph's rectory, the ceremony being performed by Rev. L. M. Bachand, O.M.I. The witnesses were Messrs. Adolphe Branchard and Leon Cote, respective fathers of the bride and groom. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents in Martin street. After an extended honeymoon trip the happy couple will make their home at 25 Hadley street, North Chelmsford.

Brown-Lee
A June wedding of exceptional prettiness and charm was that of Mr. Herbert A. Brown, well known manager of the N. D. Lefeur Hardware Co., and Miss Sarah E. Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lee of 149 Genslow avenue, and employees in the office of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., who were married last evening at 5:30 at St. Columba's rectory by Rev. Patrick J. Hally, pastor of St. Columba's church. The double ring service was used in the ceremony. The bridesmaid was Miss Katharine Lee, a sister of the bride, and the best man, Mr. Guy Brown, a brother of the bridegroom. The bride presented a charming picture, attired in white georgette with an overdress of embroidered georgette and a white picture hat. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid wore blue georgette, a picture hat and carried a shower bouquet of pink roses. The flower girl was little Miss Ruth Rothwell, a niece of the bride. The gift of the bridegroom to the best man was a pair of cuff links and that of the bride to the bridesmaid a ring. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents and was very largely attended. There were guests present from many parts of the country. M. A. Lydon was the caterer. The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful and useful gifts. Following the reception Mr. and Mrs. Brown left on an extended honeymoon to Maine.

FUNERALS
HARTSHORN—The funeral of Miss Florence S. Hartshorn will be held at the St. John Memorial chapel yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Appleton Giamis, rector of St. John's church. A large delegation was present representing the A. G. Pollard Co. Employees Mutual Benefit Association. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The bearers were: William B. Northrup, Charles Hartshorn, William W. Russell and Charles E. Hartshorn. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Higgins Bros. in charge.

KIERMAN—The funeral services of Mrs. Della Kierman took place at the home of her sister, Mrs. Robert Payton, 34 Jeness street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Arthur G. Lyon, pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church, officiated. Mrs. Kierman was a member of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. The bearers were: Everett O'Brien, Edward McGinnis, William Roberts and Joseph McGinnis. Burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. West. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

LELAND—The funeral services of Mrs. Cora M. Leland took place at the rectory of St. Vincent de Paul church yesterday afternoon. Rev. Arthur G. Lyon, pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church, officiated. Mrs. Leland was a member of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. The bearers were: Curtis Rogers, Norman Leland, Charles Phelps and Melvin Leland. Burial was in the family lot in the Westlawn cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. West. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

KAFANTAROS—The funeral of Sargantos Kafantaros took place yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage. Burial was in Westlawn cemetery.

DONAHUE—The funeral of Jeremiah P. Donahue took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his home 294 Riverside street and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Columba's church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis McNell. The choir rendered the Gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Miss Frances Tighe, Miss Katherine Tighe and Miss Margaret Tighe. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes and of spiritual bouquets. The bearers were: John Murphy, Michael Gorman, John McNally and Thomas Carr. At the grave the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. McNell and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

MASS NOTICE
There will be a month's mind mass celebrated at the Sacred Heart church at 8 a. m. Wednesday, June 18, 1919, for the repose of the soul of George H. Monroe.

WOMEN AT WORK
During the war, millions of women have been at work in vocations into which they have never before been called—in Munition Factories, Chemical Works, Metal Works, Street Railways, and as Ambulance Drivers, Barbers and Elevator Girls. Undoubtedly thousands of others have longed to serve in this way, but because of female ailments, which had fastened upon them, were not able to do so. Women in this condition should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and health and strength, as thousands of others have so done.—Adv.

DANCE TONIGHT

Nothing doing tomorrow! Bulls Eye Club Killers and the Beach Killers at Druggists and Grocers.

FUNERAL NOTICES

FAIRRELL—The funeral of Francis Fairrell will take place Thursday morning from his late home, 74 Taylor street. Funeral mass will be sung at St. Peter's church, time to be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Higgins Bros. in charge.

WHEELER—Died in this city, June 15 at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mildred P. Davis, 11 Burdett street, Miss Harriet A. Wheeler. Funeral services will be held from the home of her sister, 11 Burdett street, Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend. Burial at Amburst, N. H. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Henri Cote and Miss Leonida Branchard were married yesterday at St. Joseph's rectory, the ceremony being performed by Rev. L. M. Bachand, O.M.I. The witnesses were Messrs. Adolphe Branchard and Leon Cote, respective fathers of the bride and groom. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents in Martin street. After an extended honeymoon trip the happy couple will make their home at 25 Hadley street, North Chelmsford.

Brown-Lee
A June wedding of exceptional prettiness and charm was that of Mr. Herbert A. Brown, well known manager of the N. D. Lefeur Hardware Co., and Miss Sarah E. Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lee of 149 Genslow avenue, and employees in the office of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., who were married last evening at 5:30 at St. Columba's rectory by Rev. Patrick J. Hally, pastor of St. Columba's church. The double ring service was used in the ceremony. The bridesmaid was Miss Katharine Lee, a sister of the bride, and the best man, Mr. Guy Brown, a brother of the bridegroom. The bride presented a charming picture, attired in white georgette with an overdress of embroidered georgette and a white picture hat. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid wore blue georgette, a picture hat and carried a shower bouquet of pink roses. The flower girl was little Miss Ruth Rothwell, a niece of the bride. The gift of the bridegroom to the best man was a pair of cuff links and that of the bride to the bridesmaid a ring. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents and was very largely attended. There were guests present from many parts of the country. M. A. Lydon was the caterer. The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful and useful gifts. Following the reception Mr. and Mrs. Brown left on an extended honeymoon to Maine.

FUNERALS

HARTSHORN—The funeral of Miss Florence S. Hartshorn will be held at the St. John Memorial chapel yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Appleton Giamis, rector of St. John's church. A large delegation was present representing the A. G. Pollard Co. Employees Mutual Benefit Association. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The bearers were: William B. Northrup, Charles Hartshorn, William W. Russell and Charles E. Hartshorn. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Higgins Bros. in charge.

KIERMAN—The funeral services of Mrs. Della Kierman took place at the home of her sister, Mrs. Robert Payton, 34 Jeness street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Arthur G. Lyon, pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church, officiated. Mrs. Kierman was a member of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. The bearers were: Curtis Rogers, Norman Leland, Charles Phelps and Melvin Leland. Burial was in the family lot in the Westlawn cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. West. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

LELAND—The funeral services of Mrs. Cora M. Leland took place at the rectory of St. Vincent de Paul church yesterday afternoon. Rev. Arthur G. Lyon, pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church, officiated. Mrs. Leland was a member of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. The bearers were: Curtis Rogers, Norman Leland, Charles Phelps and Melvin Leland. Burial was in the family lot in the Westlawn cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. West. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

KAFANTAROS—The funeral of Sargantos Kafantaros took place yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage. Burial was in Westlawn cemetery.

DONAHUE—The funeral of Jeremiah P. Donahue took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his home 294 Riverside street and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Columba's church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis McNell. The choir rendered the Gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Miss Frances Tighe, Miss Katherine Tighe and Miss Margaret Tighe. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes and of spiritual bouquets. The bearers were: John Murphy, Michael Gorman, John McNally and Thomas Carr. At the grave the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. McNell and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

MASS NOTICE
There will be a month's mind mass celebrated at the Sacred Heart church at 8 a. m. Wednesday, June 18, 1919, for the repose of the soul of George H. Monroe.

WOMEN AT WORK
During the war, millions of women have been at work in vocations into which they have never before been called—in Munition Factories, Chemical Works, Metal Works, Street Railways, and as Ambulance Drivers, Barbers and Elevator Girls. Undoubtedly thousands of others have longed to serve in this way, but because of female ailments, which had fastened upon them, were not able to do so. Women in this condition should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and health and strength, as thousands of others have so done.—Adv.

DANCE TONIGHT
Nothing doing tomorrow! Bulls Eye Club Killers and the Beach Killers at Druggists and Grocers.

No Action on Increase

Continued
Commissioner Marchand's announcement that if the bids submitted for the construction of an addition to the Morey school are to be taken as a criterion of the actual cost of the proposed structure the total amount needed will be \$311,356.70, or practically three times the original estimate. Mayor Thompson said he thought this sum could be shaded a little. No action was taken.

Meeting in Detail

The meeting was called at 10.10 with Commissioner Murphy absent. Hearings were held on the petitions of Mary S. McDannals of 321 High street for a garage and John P. Quinn Co. for gasoline at 5 Dix street. Both petitions were referred to Commissioner Morse.

A hearing was likewise held on the petition of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. for permission to erect 10 poles in Princeton street. Referred to Commissioners Marchand and Murphy.

The petition of Arthur B. Chadwick et al. that a sewer be laid in Fairgrove avenue and that that avenue be accepted was referred to Commissioner Murphy.

Similar action was taken on the petition of A. J. Harris for a sidewalk in Georgia avenue.

On the petition of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. for a pole location in Railroad street, a hearing was set for July 1.

A hearing was held on the petition of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. for four pole locations in Forrest street and the matter later referred to Commissioner Murphy and Marchand.

The petition of Albert Allard for a garage at 108 Worthen street was held for a hearing July 8.

Similar action was taken on the petition of Joseph Albert for a garage and gasoline in 135 Hall street.

Petitions of the Standard Bottling company, garage and gasoline, Steadman and Stevens streets, and Alcide Parent, garage, 123 Walker street, were also held for hearings July 8.

Commissioner Morse reported favorably on the following petitions and it was voted to grant the licenses: Arthur Dezelle, garage, 156 White street; A. J. Pickard, garage, 136 Dalton street; Harry R. Cowdrey, gasoline, 11 Midland street.

Commissioner Murphy's requisition for a new Buffalo road roller was approved. It was explained that the boiler in a roller now used by the city had been condemned by the state boiler inspector. It has been in use since 1907 and on the purchase of a new roller would be worth \$400 in credit.

Land For New Playground

The park commission requested that the land running along the bank of the Merrimack river on the Pawtucket boulevard, beginning at the land now under control of the water department and extending southerly to Dunbar avenue, be turned over to the custody of the park commission. The communication stated that the commission intended to make a public playground of this land and to erect a public bath house. The city solicitor was instructed to draw up the proper order turning the land over to the city.

An order was passed providing for the discontinuance of Stimpole street from East Merrimack street northerly to the westerly line of Brown street in anticipation of the construction of the new auditorium in that district. Mayor Thompson explained that the order will make the street a private way until the buildings there are demolished but will be actually kept open until that time.

Wage Increases
Mayor Thompson read a communication from a committee representing the members of the police department asking for a 15 per cent. increase in wages, owing to the high cost of living. His Honor also read a similar petition from a committee representing members of the fire department. Petitions from the Teamsters' union and Municipal Employees' union which were received at the last meeting of the council were referred to by the mayor and he said that he had received a verbal request for a 15 per cent. increase from employees of the health yard. He felt that all these should be taken under consideration at the same time.

Commissioner Morse said that the request of the firemen had been presented to him this morning. He felt that the matter should be held over a week and investigated.

Commissioner Marchand said that the men in his department had been after him for the past month for a 15 per cent. increase.

It was finally voted to take up the matter at a later time, no definite date being specified.

A contract between D. T. Sullivan and the purchasing agent for the supply of two lots of coal for summer delivery was approved by the council.

The first lot includes 50 tons of stove coal at \$13.75 per ton and 1000 tons of bituminous coal at \$9.90 per ton.

The second lot includes 1667 tons of bituminous coal at \$9.90; 1050 tons of broken coal at \$13.50; 121 tons of stove coal at \$13.75; 419 tons of egg coal at \$13.50 and six tons of nut coal at \$13.52.

Morey School Bids
Commissioner Marchand read off the names of the lowest bidders on the various contracts for the erection of an addition to the portable school and said that the total cost of the project, including the architect's commission, would be \$311,356.70 if the bids were accepted.

Originally, he said, the council appropriated \$160,000 for the erection of the addition and he had already spent \$10,000 of this for four portable schools, leaving only \$150,000 with which to work. Before anything could be done, the council would have to vote more money, he said.

Mayor Thompson said that when the discussion over the location of the new addition came up some time ago it was repeatedly stated that the building could be erected at a cost of \$10,000 per room, or \$180,000 for an 18-room building. He believed that the present estimated cost could be shaded down.

Commissioner Marchand said that the

OPPOSITE
STRAND
THEATRE



RIALTO CLOAK and SUIT STORE

117-119 CENTRAL STREET

FRED J. NEVARY,
—Manager—

IN THE
NEW RIALTO
BUILDING

LADIES' and MISSES' SUIT SALE

It has arrived. The sale that so many look forward to. Beginning Wednesday at 9 a. m. we put on sale our entire suit stock at sacrifice prices. In many cases suits are reduced to 1-2 price and less; summer goods arriving daily have forced us to run this sale as we are crowded for room. Some box suits, semi-tailored suits, plain tailored suits, smartly trimmed suits, all sizes and colors. Every suit is smart in style and the finest workmanship.

| \$25 SUITS | \$30 SUITS | \$35 SUITS | \$40 SUITS |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| For | For | For | For |
| \$15.75 | \$18.75 | \$22.50 | \$27.50 |

The materials are fine French serge, all wool poplins, gabardines, finest men's wear serge and tricelines. We would suggest that you get here early in order to get the best selection.

P. S.—Sale ends Saturday night.

DIVORCE CASES HEARD

Mrs. Orbach Asks Separate Support, Alleging Cruel and Abusive Treatment

Justice Chamberlain presided over the probate court session for contested cases at the court house in Gorham street, this morning. Several cases were scheduled to be heard, but most of them were continued because one case, that of Mrs. Samuel Orbach, who petitioned the court for separate support from her husband, former proprietor of the Owl theatre of this city, took up the greater part of the day.

Mrs. Orbach asked for separate support on the ground of cruel and abusive treatment on the part of her husband. She stated that she was forced to leave him because he abused her. She said he called her vile names, was never satisfied with his meals, abused her in other forms and oftentimes threatened her. She told about her spending several months with her daughter in California and also told about a contract her husband signed with her by which he would pay \$25 a week for her support, but which he failed to carry out. When questioned about the wealth of her husband, Mrs. Orbach stated he was worth between \$75,000 and \$80,000.

Mr. Orbach stated that he was ready and willing at any time to support his wife providing she lives with him. He denied being abusive towards her and said it was her who was abusive, for on various occasions she threw things at him.

Cross-examined by Lawyer Wilson, counsel for Mrs. Orbach, Mr. Orbach admitted signing a contract by which he was to give his wife \$25 a week and said he did not live up to the contract because he could not afford it.

"How much are you worth?" asked Mr. Wilson.

"Not much," was the reply.

"Are you worth \$20,000?"

"Well, perhaps, if everything turns out right."

"You are worth \$50,000 at least, are you not?"

"How do you know, did you ever see my bank account?"

"I am not telling you that you are worth that, I am asking you if you are."

"As I told you, if everything turns out right, I may be worth that."

"What is your weekly income?"

"Thirty dollars."

mind every point raised by those who objected to the device, and anxious, I am frank to say, to find whatever evidence was obtainable to sustain the men.

"But after seeing the Rooke registers in use on open cars in Providence and New Bedford, and talking with the conductors on a number of lines in those two cities, I became convinced that there is no good reason why they cannot be used, without doing injustice to anybody, on the Bay State Street Railway lines."

Mr. Lees' Statement
Manager Thomas Lees today sent the following statement to The Sun relative to the strike:

"The strike of the men in the Lowell division of the Bay State Street Railway is due to the failure of the men to operate three local lines with open cars and Rooke registers.

"When the men were notified of the company's intention, the union held two meetings Sunday. After the first meeting, a committee from the union served notice upon the company that if these three lines were operated with the open cars and Rooke registers, they would tie up the entire Lowell division Monday morning.

"This they have done.

"Failure of the Lowell men to remain at work is a repudiation of the very first section of the arbitration agreement between the Bay State Street Railway company and the Amalgamated association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America."

THOMAS LEES, Mgr.

"What do you do with all that money?"

"It is costing me \$15 a week for board, room, laundry, and other miscellaneous expenses."

"Do you own an automobile?"

"Yes, sir."

"What kind of a machine is it?"

"A Hudson sedan, super-six."

"Do you drive it yourself?"

"No, sir."

"Who does?"

"My chauffeur."

"And on \$30 a week you can afford to keep a chauffeur?"

"I don't pay him, he drives for nothing. Sometimes he uses my car to go to the beach with his family and I don't charge him anything for the use of the machine."

"Why don't you ask him how much he paid for the machine?" said Mr. Silverblatt, counsel for Mr. Orbach.

"Never mind, keep quiet," said Mr. Orbach, "he is coming to that."

"Do you play cards?" asked Mr. Wilson.

"Yes, once in a while."

"Poker?"

"I don't know what you call it, but I play the same game as you do, Mr. Wilson."

Mr. Orbach then said when his wife went to California he signed a contract by which he agreed to pay her \$25 a week, but he said at that time he did not intend to live up to the contract, for he felt his wife would return to his home. "The whole trouble with my wife," continued the witness, "is that I refused to turn over my share of the Crown theatre to my son. My wife told me that if I did not do that she would leave me, and she did."

In the course of the cross-examination Mr. Wilson asked a question which was objected to by Mr. Silverblatt, but Mr. Orbach interrupted by saying, "never mind Mr. Silverblatt, keep quiet, I want that answer to go in."

"You speak loud quite often, don't you, Mr. Orbach?" asked Mr. Wilson.

"Yes, once in a while."

The cross-examination was brought to a close at this point and questioned by Mr. Silverblatt, Mr. Orbach said he paid \$1400 for his automobile and rode in it about once or twice since he owned it. He also stated he is willing at any time to give Mrs. Orbach a ride in his machine. At the close of the arguments the judge took the matter under advisement.

Uncontested Cases
Justice Lawton presided over the session for uncontested cases and the following business was transacted:

Wills allowed: Belle F. Batchelder Lowell; Charles H. Flanders, Chelmsford; Ida A. Tuttle, Lowell, and John W. Kilpatrick, Lowell. Administrations granted: Rouben R. Rice, Tewksbury.

ONE MORE RECRUIT
One man was forwarded from the Lowell naval recruiting station today. He was Joseph H. Monch, 655 Middlesex street, and enlisted as apprentice seaman.

Electric Grill
For a Limited Time Only, SPECIAL PRICE \$7.98

A regular nine dollar and a half Electric Grill for a short time only at a special summer price of ONLY \$7.98.

With an Electric Grill, the most delightful dishes may be easily prepared. One can broil, fry, stew, toast—in fact, prepare food in almost any fashion right at the table.

Connects to any electric socket and is ready-in an instant. Heat can be controlled by means of special regulating device. Clean—Safe—Convenient.

Tel. 821 for One Today.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp.
29-31 Market Street

Fair tonight and Wednesday;
not much change in tempera-
ture; light variable winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JUNE 17 1919

7
O'CLOCK

PRICE ONE CENT

NO ACTION ON WAGE INCREASE

City Council To Consider 15
Per Cent Advance at
Later Date

Policemen, Firemen, Health
and Street Department Em-
ployes Ask For Raise

Formal petitions from employes of various municipal departments for an increase in wages of 15 per cent. featured this morning's regular meeting of the city council. No action was taken other than to defer the entire matter until a later date. Petitions were received from members of the police and fire departments, teamsters, Municipal Employees' union members and health department employes. Commissioner Marchand of the public property department said that his men were looking for an increase and Commissioner Morse said that he understood the clerks at city hall were to ask for a raise.

Another matter of interest was Com-

Continued to Last Page

JOE WOOD STOPS RED SOX

Rushed Into Box in Ninth
and Nipped Rally, Cleve-
land Winning 4 to 3

BOSTON, June 17.—Joe Wood re-
lieved Tom Phillips in the ninth
inning of this morning's holiday game
between Cleveland and Boston, with
men on second and third; the score
4 to 2 and one out. Shean's infield
out, allowed one run to score and then
Pinch Hitter Caldwell was thrown out
by Wood, giving Cleveland a 1 to 3
victory. In this straight win by
one run in this series, and its sixth
straight victory over Boston this year.
Until the ninth, Phillips held Boston
to one hit. Then Ruth tripped, Mc-
Ginnis fouled out, Schang singled and
Pinch Hitter Lamar doubled, where-
upon Wood made his 1919 pitching
debut. Plays by Vill at third were
a feature.

WAR TIME PROHIBITION

House Judiciary Committee
Rejects Resolution Call-
ing For Repeal

WASHINGTON, June 17.—By a vote
of 10 to 4 the house judiciary com-
mittee refused today to adopt a motion
of Representative Logan, democrat, Mis-
sour, to recommend repeal of war
time prohibition insofar as it affects
light wines and beers. Joining Mr.
Logan in supporting the motion were
Representatives Gard, democrat, Ohio,
and Classen, republican, Wisconsin.

SERIOUSLY INJURED BY AUTOMOBILE

Albert Milne, a resident of Ken-
wood, is in a serious condition at St.
John's hospital as a result of an auto-
mobile accident, which occurred in
Middlesex street this forenoon. The
man is suffering from internal injuries.
The automobile that figured in the
accident is owned by Edgar L. Weymouth
of 36 Walnut street, who in his report
to the police stated that at about 10.40
o'clock while he was driving his car
down Thorndike street toward Middle-
sex street, Milne left the sidewalk near
the junction of both streets and walked
into the path of the car and was thrown
forcibly to the ground. The ambulance
was summoned and the injured man
was taken to the hospital.

MORE TROOPS RETURN HOME

NEW YORK, June 17.—Six officers
and 212 men of the 78th base hospital
were among the 1597 troops arriving
from Marseilles on the transport Dan-
te Alighieri today. The others were
casuals.

TRADE BOARD WANTS ROAD IMPROVED

The executive committee of the
board of trade has appealed to Chair-
man William D. Schier, of the state
highway commission, asking that that
body take some action tending toward
the improvement of the state highway
from Boston to Lowell between the
Shaughnessy river in Tewksbury to Wil-
lington. This portion of the highway
is in very poor condition at the pres-
ent time and has been the subject of
many complaints from motorists. The
board of trade asks that something be
done on it this year, if possible.

Dancing Tonight

PAWTUCKET BOAT HOUSE
Campbell's Banjo Orchestra
Admission 25c, Including War Tax

RECOGNITION OF IRISH REPUBLIC

American Organized Labor
in Favor of Self-Deter-
mination For Ireland

Resolution Urging Congress
To Recognize Irish Repub-
lic Adopted

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 17.—
A resolution urging congress to
recognize the Irish republic, and
recommending that representatives
of the Irish republic be given a
hearing at the Paris peace confer-
ence, was adopted today by the
American Federation of Labor, in
convention here. The memorial
placed American organized labor as
being in favor of self-determination
for Ireland.

Bitter debate developed when the
resolutions committee reported mea-
sures dealing with Ireland, some of
the delegates urging that the convention
go on record in favor of self-determi-
nation for the Irish people, and others
recommending that the United States
be asked to recognize the Irish repub-
lic.

Harold C. Kingsley, of the Newport,
R. I., Central Labor union, declared he
and other delegates believed in self-
determination "as President Wilson did
before he went to Europe, and had lob-
bied with people there." Kingsley
added that he and others favored also
"self-determination for Russia."

The resolution as finally adopted con-
tained both self-determination and Ameri-
can recognition and the suggestion
that the Irish republic be given a hear-
ing in Paris was contained in an
amendment.

Among the other resolutions adopted
was one supporting a protest by New
Hampshire labor organizations against
retaining female yeomen in clerical
positions.

U. S. SOLDIER KILLED

Two Others Dying and 100
Injured by Collapse of K.
of C. Hut in France

BREST, June 17.—One American sol-
dier was killed, two are dying and over
100 others were injured, as the result
of the collapse of a Knights of Colum-
bus hut at Pontanezon last night, while
a boxing match was in progress.

SECRET MEETING WITH TURKISH ENVOYS

PARIS, June 17.—The council of
ten of the peace conference received
the Turkish peace mission, headed by
Dahmad Ferid Pascha, the grand vizier,
in the cloak room of the Quai d'Orsay
this morning.

The Ottoman representatives are
here, today in the capacity of experts,
and today's meeting was for the pur-
pose of setting forth the Turkish situ-
ation to the conference.

INVESTIGATE ELECTION OF SEN. NEWBERRY

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Investiga-
tion of the Michigan senatorial election
in which Henry Ford is contesting the
election of Senator Truman H. New-
berry, republican, was recommended
unanimously today by the senate pri-
vileges and elections committee.

MORE RETURN TO WORK IN HAVERHILL

HAVERHILL, June 17.—Less than
100 cutters are on the streets today
as a result of several more large fac-
tories taking back their cutters on
44-hour agreement pending a settle-
ment. Lady stitchers who yesterday
voted to adopt the 44-hour week re-
turned to work this morning and met
with no objection from manufacturers.
They will not work Saturday. Arbitra-
tion of the shorter hour question is
urged by Haverhill Manufacturers' as-
sociation and this is being consid-
ered by the union. The cutters will hold
a meeting today to decide whether to
honor the arbitration contracts and
have the cutters return to work in
the respective factories.

NOTICE—DIV. 1, A.O.H.

Lowell, June 17, 1919.
Regular quarterly meeting at A.O.H.
hall tomorrow evening, (Wednesday),
June 18. Every member should attend
without fail. Business that concerns
you will be transacted.
Signed, DR. P. J. BAGLEY, Sec.
JOHN MURPHY, Jr., Pres.

LIBERTY BONDS and WAR SAV- INGS STAMPS CASHED

Central Bk., 53 Central St., Rm. 07

Germans Consider Last Word From Allies---Report Foe Will Not Sign Treaty

GERMANS GET 7 DAYS TO ACT

Presented Final Peace Terms
—Failure To Accept Will
End Armistice

Allies Ready To Move Tues-
day—Clemenceau De-
nounces Hun Complaint

PARIS, June 17.—The final reply of
the allied and associated powers on
the conditions of peace handed to the
Germans at Versailles on May 7 was
delivered to the German delegation
yesterday and made public shortly af-
terward.

The Germans are allowed seven days
to accept or refuse the treaty as it
stands. If they accept, peace will be
signed at once; if they do not accept,
the armistice will terminate on Mon-
day, June 23, and the powers will take
such steps as may be necessary to
enforce their terms.

Five days were originally allotted,
but two days additional have been
granted because of insistence of the
German delegation that not sufficient
time had been allowed.

The principles of the original con-
Continued to Page 9

ELMER MAKI ARRAIGNED ON MURDER CHARGE

Charged with the murder of Mar-
tin Gallagher, whom he is alleged to
have stabbed to death Sunday night on
the Lakeview avenue ball grounds, El-
mer V. Maki, 24, of 473 Riverside street,
was arraigned before Judge Fisher in
police court today. At the request of
the prosecution a continuance was
granted, and Maki was held without
bail for trial June 27. No plea was
entered by Maki at today's session.

Maki came into court perfectly un-
concerned and when told that the pro-
secution wished to have the case con-
tinued for 10 days, replied "Oh, all
right," and walked smilingly away with
the court officer.

"He's one of the most unconcerned
and happy men I ever saw facing a
charge of murder," was the statement
of one of the police officers who has
observed Maki since the time of his
arrest yesterday afternoon. "He ate a
hearty breakfast this morning, and
spent the forenoon whistling and sing-
ing as though he didn't have a care
in the world."

The specific complaint upon which
Maki was arraigned today charges that
Elmer V. Maki, on the 15th of June,
1919, did assault and beat one Martin
Gallagher with intent to murder him,
and by such assault and beating did
kill and murder said Martin Gallagher.

According to the police the murder
came as a result of a quarrel, be-
tween Maki and Gallagher over the
purchase of some Jamaica ginger. Both
men had been drinking a concoction
composed of Jamaica ginger and tonic
during the early part of Sunday eve-
ning, and the argument is said by the
police to have started because Gal-
lagher refused to buy more of this be-
verage.

Maki struck Gallagher with a stone,
the police say, and followed this by
stabbing him several times with a
double-bladed pocket knife. Gallagher
was found on the ball grounds early
Monday morning with ten knife
wounds in his body but still alive. He
was rushed to St. John's hospital and
died an hour later without regaining
consciousness.

Maki was arrested by Capt. James
Brown and Sergt. Thomas McCough-
rey, in Draught, shortly after 1 o'clock
yesterday afternoon. According to the
police he stubbornly denied his guilt
for some time, but finally admitted,
after being cross-examined by Supt.
Welch, that he had fought with Gal-
lagher, but said that he was not
aware that he had killed him.

NATURALIZATION SESSION

A naturalization session for second
papers was held today at the court
house in Gorham street and in the
course of the day about 10 men, rep-
resenting various nationalities, filed
their second papers with Clerk Dil-
lingham of the superior court. Mr. Dil-
lingham informed the Sun that he will
return to Lowell tomorrow, the forenoon
to be devoted to the filing of first
papers, while in the afternoon
second papers will be given out. It
is probable that Mr. Dillingham will
return Thursday.

FUNERAL NOTICES

GALLAGHER.—The body of the late
Martin V. Gallagher will be brought
to the home of his parents, 117 Al-
thaus street late this evening. Fun-
eral Thursday morning, hour to be
announced later.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN FINAL PEACE TREATY

A plebiscite for upper Silesia
with guarantees of coal from
that territory.

Omission of the third zone in
the Schleswig plebiscite.

Frontier rectifications in West
Prussia.

Temporary increase of the
German army from 100,000 to
200,000 men.

Declaration of the intention to
submit within a month of signa-
ture, a list of those accused of
violation of the laws and cus-
toms of war.

Offer to co-operate with a
German commission on repara-
tions, and to permit investiga-
tion of ways and means of dis-
charging the obligation.

Certain detailed modifications
in the finance, economic and
ports and waterways clauses,
including abolition of the pro-
posed Kiel canal commission.

Assurance of membership in
the league of nations in the early
future, if Germany fulfals her
obligations.

HUNS DEPRESSED WILL NOT SIGN

New Allied Peace Terms
Reached Weimar Late
Last Night

Germans Embittered Over
Report That French Mob
Stoned German Envoys

WEIMAR, June 17. (By the Asso-
ciated Press).—The new allied terms
reached here late last night and the
first apparent effect upon the German
leaders who remained awake to wait
for them was that of depression. A
report passed rapidly through the old
castle where the government heads are
residing temporarily, that the signing
of the peace terms by Germany was
highly improbable.

No one would talk for publication, but
every official and every member of the
foreign office available expressed the
deepest pessimism and resentment at
the alleged cruelty of the terms.

The Germans were specially embittered
over a report that a French mob
had stoned the helpless German dele-
gates at Versailles.

GERMANS STONED

PARIS, June 17.—Dr. Theodor Mc-
choir, one of the five principal dele-
gates, and Frau Dorblush, one of the
secretaries to the German peace dele-
gation, were struck on the head by
stones during a demonstration against
the German delegates when they de-
parted from Versailles last night.

ADVANCE JUNE 24 IF HUNS FAIL TO SIGN

PARIS, June 17.—The majority of
the members of the peace conference
believe that Germany will not sign the
peace treaty, according to Marcel Hur-
in of the Echo de Paris who made
a canvass of a number of the leading
personalities of the peace-making
body. Only one of these leaders, he
declares, expressed the opinion that
the Germans would accept the revised
treaty. This member, however, is one
whose opinion, the writer says, is
held in esteem. The delegate in ques-
tion, M. Hufin, explains, based his
opinion that the Germans will sign the
treaty on the fact that they have
knowledge that the council of four has
reached a complete agreement on the
consequences which would follow Ger-
many's refusal of the peace proffered.

They were aware, the delegate point-
ed out, that peace would then be im-
posed by force, in accordance with
President Wilson's Baltimore speech,
and that orders had been given for
an allied force of 600,000 men support-
ed by heavy artillery of hitherto un-
revealed power, to begin an advance
on the morning of June 24.

ANSWERS ALL HUN OBJECTIONS

Detailed Reply of Peace Con-
ference to Counter Pro-
posals Made Public

War Brought About by
Statesmen of Berlin, Vien-
na and Budapest

PARIS, Monday, June 15.—The de-
tailed reply of the peace conference
to the counter proposals of the Ger-
mans which was handed to the Ger-
man delegation at Versailles today,
takes up in its order each of the ob-
jections made by the enemy to the pro-
visions of the original peace treaty.

Taking up the subject of penalties,
the reply enters into a discussion of
the immediate cause of the war and
says that the conflict was brought
about through the "decision, delib-
erately taken, of the statesmen of Ber-
lin, Vienna and Budapest." It is
pointed out that even the German
memorandum admits that Germany au-
thorized Austria-Hungary to settle the
Serbian question on her own initiative.
Continued to Page Seven

LONGER SESSIONS OF SKEELS MURDER TRIAL

LAWRENCE, June 17.—The physical
condition of Mrs. Eessie M. Skeels
Lundgren, who is undergoing trial on a
charge of murder for the alleged poison-
ing of Miss Florence W. Gay of An-
dover, in 1917, has improved so much
that sessions of the court will be ex-
tended an hour a day. The court to-
day ordered the longer sessions with
the approval of Mrs. Lundgren's physi-
cian.

Nurse Skeels, who is understood to
have expressed a willingness to sit
through night sessions if necessary to
expedite determination of the charges
against her, looked brighter and
stronger today than at any time since
the trial started a week ago.

Dr. Charles E. Abbott, who attended
Miss Gay during her illness and who
certified at the time that death was
due to a cerebral hemorrhage, was un-
der cross-examination again today. He
said that although he had never pre-
scribed arsenic (the poison which the
government contends killed Miss Gay)
in any form, he had administered
strychnine. He considered, he said,
that Miss Gay had suffered a nervous
breakdown.

Dr. Abbott questioned closely as to
when he changed his mind as to the
cause of Miss Gay's death, said he
could not recall, except that it was
after the autopsy.

"What do you now say was the cause?"
asked Attorney Daley.
"Arsenical poisoning," said Dr. Ab-
bott.

"How do you reach that conclu-
sion?"
"Mainly by recollection, observation
and the report of Dr. Whitney."

State Officer Richard J. Griffin of
Haverhill who arrested the defend-
ant, testified that he first began an in-
vestigation of the case on April 4,
1918. He told of going to a room oc-
cupied by Mrs. Skeels at the Emerson
residence with a search warrant and
of taking considerable property, in-
cluding silverware and wearing ap-
parel identified by Mrs. Love as hav-
ing belonged to the Gays to the police
station. He had questioned Mrs.
Skeels about the articles and she had
insisted that the Gays had given her
all of them in return for extra work
she had done for Miss Gay in the way
of sewing.

Among the articles were a pair of
gloves worn by an officer in the Civil
war which Mrs. Love declared were
highly prized by the Gay family, and a
silk scarf which Mrs. Love said Miss
Gay held sacred and would never
have given away.

Further investigation did not hear
out some of the statements regarding
the goods made to him by Mrs. Skeels,
witness said. He said Mrs. Skeels de-
nied all knowledge of two diamond
rings said to be missing and of cer-
tain articles which could not be found.

JOSEPH M. MAHONEY

Open and Closed Cars
For Weddings, Christenings, Funer-
als and Private Parties
TEL. 373-W

Farrell & Conaton

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

TOWN HONORS HER HEROES

Chelmsford Celebrates—Civ-
ic Parade at North Village
—War Medals Presented

Exercises at Centre and
North For Town's Soldiers,
Sailors and Nurses

North Chelmsford is doing her re-
turned soldiers, sailors and nurses
great honor today, in close associa-
tion with the sister town, Chelmsford
Centre, and the day's program which
is divided between the two villages,
started with a splendid civic parade
this forenoon which was said by citi-
zens in general to be the best parade
ever held in the town.

It had originally been planned to
have the parade start promptly at
10 a. m. but the marchers turned out
in such large numbers that the parade
was longer than had been expected
and consequently did not start until
close to 11 o'clock.

The line of march was headed by
Police Chief George B. Wright and
back of him marched Police Officers
Vinal, Gookin, Smith and Small. The
chief marshal was Sergt. Walter Mo-
ahan of the overseas army and he was
assisted by William Quigley, James P.
Dunnigan, Carl H. Ripley and Fred
Ballinger. The service men were lead
by Lieut. J. C. Monahan and the sail-
ors by Chief Petty Officer E. R.
Dearth.

Next came the Grand Army veterans

Continued to Page 5

WILSON STARTS NEXT WEEK

To Leave Paris For Wash-
ington on June 24 or 25,
if Germans Sign

Will Immediately Address
Congress, Then Start
Speaking Tour

WASHINGTON, June 17.—President
Wilson hopes to leave Paris for Wash-
ington on June 24 or 25, if the Germans
sign the peace treaty.

Immediately after his arrival in
Washington the president will address
congress. After clearing up pressing
official business, he will start on his
"swing around the circle" early in
July. It was said at the White House
today that the president expected to
spend three weeks on his speaking
tour, explaining the peace treaty and
the League of Nations covenant. The
itinerary has not been announced, but
he expects to visit the principal cities
over the country.

WANTS TO ADDRESS OPPONENTS

The president has made known a
desire that his audiences during his
tour be composed largely of oppo-
nents of the League of Nations plan,
rather than its supporters. He also
has informed White House officials
that he might discuss the league cov-
enant in public addresses during his
visit to Belgium, this week.

Should he leave Paris a week from
tomorrow the president should arrive
in Washington about July 3. He will
present the revised draft of the peace
treaty to the senate and will discuss
the treaty and league covenant in an
address to a joint session of the sen-
ate and house.

NO GAME TODAY

No Car Service—Hence No
Ball Game

After a conference this morning it
was decided to postpone the baseball
game scheduled for this afternoon be-
tween Lowell and Haverhill at Spald-
ing park on account of the absence
of street car service. It was a wise
move, for it was practically a fore-
gone conclusion that people would
make no attempt to get to the park.
The game will be played later as part
of a double header. The Lowell team
goes to Haverhill tomorrow for an-
other game and then jumps to Pitts-
burgh for games Thursday and Friday.
On Saturday Fitchburg plays at Spald-
ing park.

DR. MATTHEW P. MAHONEY

Having received his honorable
discharge from the United States
army, wishes to announce that he
has resumed the practice of
medicine at his home, 23 Holy-
road Avenue, telephone 2782-R.
Will occupy his former offices,
rooms 504 and 505 Sun bldg.,
after July 1, 1919.

FLAT TOP WRITING DESK, fumed
oak, for sale, 25 Daily st.

NO STREET CARS IN OPERATION

Bay State Officials and
Striking Carmen Refuse
To Alter Positions

Mayor Perry Thompson Fails
in Attempt to Effect a
Settlement

John H. Reardon of Inter-
national Union, Comes to
Lowell Tonight

Although Lowell is still deep in the
throes of its street railway strike to-
day, with not a car running and no
intimations of concessions by either
Bay State officials or the carmen, the
announcement made this afternoon that
John H. Reardon, a member of the ex-
ecutive committee of the internation-
al union will be in Lowell tonight to
address a mass meeting of conduc-
tors and motormen, gave notice that
the issue will be brought to a head
before morning.

Mr. Reardon is coming to the city
on the direct solicitation of Mayor
Thompson, who gave up practically
the entire day in efforts to bring about
a settlement, but without success. He
attended a long meeting of the carmen
held this forenoon and also was in
conference with the road officials. He
brought a suggestion to the meet-
ing from the officers that the men
return to work pending a settlement
by arbitration, but this was refused
by the body. The mayor then got in
communication with Mr. Reardon and
received the latter's promise to come
to the city tonight and address the
men.

At the close of the meeting this af-
ternoon at 2 o'clock, President Thomas
J. Powers of the local union said
there was nothing new to report. The
meeting was largely attended and a
score or more of Lawrence carmen
also were present. As chairman, Mr.
Powers read a number of reports from
other locals around the system, pledg-
ing support when needed.

Thomas Lees, local division superin-
tendent, said today: "The situation
from the standpoint of the Bay State
company is unchanged. The assertion
of one of the carmen that the situa-
tion is a lock-out and not a strike on
their part is ridiculous in view of the
fact that we are ready to operate our
cars and the men refuse to do so."

LEAGUE DEBATE OPENS IN SENATE

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Senator
Knox, republican, Pennsylvania, opened
debate today in the senate on his
resolution proposing separation of
the covenant of the League of Nations
from the treaty with Germany. In
the midst of discussion of the agri-
cultural appropriation bill, the senator
delivered a prepared address which
promised to precipitate a bitter fight.

Senator Knox told the senate his
resolution proposing separation of the
covenant of the League of Nations
from the treaty with Germany. In
the midst of discussion of the agri-
cultural appropriation bill, the senator
delivered a prepared address which
promised to precipitate a bitter fight.

STRIKE IN CALIFORNIA

Electrical Workers Through-
out State Quit Work at
S. A. M. Today

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—Tele-
phone operators, linemen and other
electrical workers throughout Califor-
nia, went on strike at 5 a. m. today,
union officials here asserted. All the
principal cities in the state are af-
fected.

MONTE CROSS WINS LETTER

CIRCUS WELL ATTENDED

Trolley Tie-Up Did Not Result in Empty Benches at the Big Show

Despite the suspension of all trolley traffic, remarkable as it may seem the enormous tent of the Barnum & Bailey-Ringing Brothers show was half-full at the afternoon show yesterday and last night it was certainly three-quarters full, so it may be said the circus management did not have to draw on its private purse to enable the show to play Lowell.

In place of the pageant heretofore a part of the program the big show yesterday offered the never dying "grand entry" and it was beautiful and spectacular with its nine horses, pretty women, brilliant colored costumes and five or six hundred people marching around the arena.

In telling of the acts it may be said that all were of excellent quality and of course as the circus itself points out, some acts cost more and stand out in prominence. Judged strictly as a circus novelty act Hilary Long gives an act of prominence. In the first part of the program he slides down an inclined wire on his head. In the last part of the program he fastened a roller skate arrangement to his head and sliding down a steep incline, jumped a gap to another platform at the bottom and did it neatly and thrillingly.

The acrobats were just the average and did not put very much pep into their work. Miss Lettice, little French doll looking girl, does some gymnastic work on a rope and Roman rings in the centre of the tent and up very

high. It is a good act, both because of what she does and the endurance she shows when, working 30 feet up and with no net beneath her, she accomplishes several double dislocations of her arm and shoulder joints.

The classiest act in costuming, staging and what put into it is probably Miss Bird Williams, the wire walker. There is no particular thrill to her act, but she is a pretty picture and works snappily. The equestrian work was average except for the work done by the beautiful and shapely Australian girl, May Wirth. They give May the centre ring and she deserves it. She is as good as her advance billing and more. She does all the backback riding tricks the most famous men equestrians do and some they do not do, as for instance, throwing a forward somersault through a paper hoop and landing again on the horse's back. Three different ring horses and all beautiful, are used in her act. She throws back somersaults gracefully and skillfully and sets to her horses by running and jumping leaps from the sawdust. She is the most beautiful and skilled woman performer in the show.

The clowns, "4 jolly, funny fellows," are the circus comedy and are better than the average. There was the bucking clown auto that would raise its forward wheels up into the air at word of command and seemed to run backward or forward and steer well, with ease. It brought down the house when, standing alone on the hippodrome track, it heard its master's voice and moved towards him of its own accord.

The performing dogs, seals, pigeons, bears and horses, took fine with the children and elders as well. The seals and bears were wonderful and one seal even played a tune on a unaphone. The program of acts offered was regarded as a very generous one, it being said that there were more acts on the bill than is usually the case. There were two athletic acts that went good, the Australian wood choppers who are skillful with impaling their axes at a target and put on a contest of chopping a tree trunk. There was a high jumper, too, on one of the stages and he put over some high jumps. The boomerang throwers were on the bill and they throw more difficult stuff than ever and have it make back to them on the return.

The circus band was a fine one and had the assistance of an organ and of a callopie. The program concluded with the hippodrome races and one of the features of this finale was the Roman standing rider in which a wonderful woman rider spiritedly managed two horses with a foot on the back of each.

It was surprising how many people attended the night show in consideration of the trolley tieup. There were probably 55,000 in the big tent. The lights, regular and temporary lights, gave good service and not any accidents in connection with their use were reported. The drivers all seemed to be driving carefully. The circus today is playing Fitchburg with Worcester and Providence to follow.

LOYAL WAMENIST LODGE

At a meeting of the members of Loyal Wamenist lodge held last evening in Odd Fellows' hall, Middlesex street, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months: N. G. Freeman, Lightowler; V. C. Williams, H. (towel); treasurer, Isaac Tinker, (re-elected); P. S. William Atkinson, (re-elected); L. S. George Healey; trustee, John H. Mills; auditor, Frank R. Cleveland; warden, Arthur J. Willis.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

have a well deserved reputation as a safe and effective remedy for stomach ailments. They are

Quickly

helpful in bilious attacks, sick headache, dyspepsia, heartburn and constipation. They act gently and surely on the organs of elimination, purify the blood, tone the system and very quickly

Strengthen Digestion

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

When My Baby Was Sick



I SHALL never forget that dreadful day when I wondered if anything would ever agree with my baby. Of course, I had tried to nurse him, as every mother should. And we had tried almost everything, it seemed—but he wouldn't gain weight or have the pink cheeks I prayed for.

And then our old doctor said "Let's try Nestlé's Milk Food. You know that it is made out of milk—it's the nearest thing in the world to mother's milk. They add cereal and sugar to it—just the right amount—and the tough milk curds are broken up and easier to digest."

As I write, a sturdy, two year old plods gravely up to me and the dreadful day seems far away—for my baby is well.

Nestlé's is very easy to prepare

Nestlé's is pure milk in powder form that is already modified and does not require the further addition of milk. Always pure and safe, always uniform and free from the dangers of home modification, Nestlé's has stood the test of three generations and has today the largest sale of any baby food in the world.

FREE! Enough Nestlé's for 12 feedings. Send the coupon!

NESTLÉ'S MILK FOOD

NESTLÉ'S FOOD COMPANY

Please send me free book and trial package.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____



DR. H. LAURIN, Inc.,

High-Class Dentistry

LOW PRICES

Painless Extraction FREE

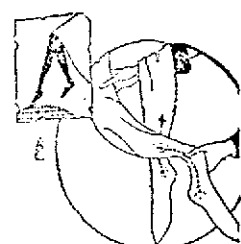
When Sets Are Ordered

LOWELL'S LEADING PAINLESS DENTIST

Invites YOU to try his methods, as hundreds of others have, and have YOU marvel at the skill, prices, etc., as they did. Full Sets low as \$7.00. Crowns and Bridge Work, \$4.00 Up.

Dr. Laurin is in his office daily in person to give individual attention to each patient.

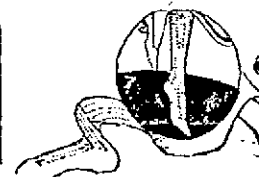
253 Central Street
Opp. City Theatre—Opp.
Tower's Corner Drug Store.



MAIN ENTRANCE
FIRST AISLE
TO YOUR
RIGHT

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS

STORE HOURS
— TODAY —
8.30 a. m. to
5.30 p. m.



HOSIERY For Graduation

DEPENDABLE HOSIERY FOR THE GRADUATE, MADE BY THE BEST MANUFACTURERS, MARKED AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

WOMEN'S HEAVY WEIGHT ALL SILK HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white, \$3.50 Pair

WOMEN'S MEDIUM WEIGHT ALL SILK HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white, \$3.00 Pair

WOMEN'S ALL SILK HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in white only \$2.50 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with lisle top and feet, made full seamless, black and white \$1.10 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with lisle top and feet, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white \$1.50 Pair

WOMEN'S FIBRE SILK HOSE, made with mock seam and seamless feet, black and white \$1.25 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with embroidered silk clocks, black with white and white with black, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels \$2.00 Pair

WOMEN'S FINE SILK LISLE HOSE, made with mock seam and seamless feet, black and white, 65c Pair

WOMEN'S SILK LISLE HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black only 75c Pair

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED SILK LISLE STOCKINGS, made with four-thread heel and toe, all sizes, in black and white, 50c and 60c Pair

WOMEN'S EXTRA FINE QUALITY SILK LISLE HOSE, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and white, \$1.00 Pair

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON STOCKINGS, reinforced heels and toes, black and white 39c Pair



WOMEN'S MEDIUM WEIGHT SILK HOSE, with lisle top and feet, made full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, black and white \$2.00 Pair

WOMEN'S FIBRE SILK HOSE, made with lisle top and full seamless, in black only \$1.00 Pair

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with embroidered silk clocks, made with mock seam and seamless feet \$1.50 Pair

THE FORD LIBEL SUIT

Important Ruling on Preparedness Issue To Be Made by Judge

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., June 17.—An important ruling determining to what extent evidence on military preparedness may be introduced by the Chicago Daily Tribune in defense of the \$1,000,000 libel suit brought against it by Henry Ford is expected from Judge J. C. Tucker today.

In preparing its defense, counsel for the Tribune amassed what is probably the greatest amount of data ever compiled in this country on this subject in support of its contention that Mr. Ford's opposition to preparedness at a time when bandits were raiding the Texas border and submarines were sinking American ships in 1915 was an element which justified the alleged libelous editorial of June 23, 1915, headed "Ford is an anarchist."

That the quantity of this evidence will be restricted was indicated by Judge Tucker yesterday.

The question came up while Floyd Gibbons, director of the Tribune's foreign service at Paris, who spent much time in 1915-17 as a correspondent in Mexico was on the witness stand. He had told of Maj. Langhorne's ride into Mexico in pursuit of the bandits who had kidnapped Jesse Deemer, and was asked by Wynmouth Kirkland of counsel for the defendant whether, in his opinion, the detachment was properly equipped and supported.

Attorney William Lucktag objected and the court remarked: "I cannot myself see just how preparedness becomes an issue in this suit. However, I will hear counsel on the subject."

The addresses occupied most of the session and the judge then announced that he would give the subject thought and attempt to draw a line to which the subject could be pursued but no further.

Mr. Gibbons' testimony was introduced largely to show that the Tribune editor who wrote the editorial on which the libel charge is based had direct knowledge of affairs in Mexico and along the border.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At a recent meeting of the members of the Sacred Heart League of St. Joseph's parish the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Arthur Tremblay, president; E. Labreque, vice president; Joseph Bergeron, secretary; Herve Matte, treasurer; Rodolphe East, sacristan; T. L. Blanchette, Joseph Dusseault, E. Gagne, E. J. Heureux, Hoytor McDonald and Fred Verner, directors. Messrs. Gagne, Blanchette and Verner were appointed a committee to prepare a float for the parade in honor of the French-speaking soldiers and sailors of this city, which will be held next August.

JAMES E. LYLE

The Central St. Jeweler

HEADQUARTERS

FOR WALTHAM WATCHES

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES

AND BABY CARRIAGE WHEELS AND PARTS

Put on, Re-tire, Prompt Service and Good Work

GEO. H. BACHELDER

Postoffice Square

TEN CENT FARE FOR BOSTON L

BOSTON, June 17.—Chairman Jackson of the board of trustees of the Boston Elevated railway announced yesterday that the trustees were considering another increase in fares, but as the matter had not been voted on he was unable to state whether it would be 1 cent or more.

The trustees are required by law to fix the fares so that sufficient funds will be available beginning July 1 to run the road for the ensuing year. At first the trustees had considered a 9-cent fare, but the cost of the service for April showed that this sum would be inadequate to meet all expenses. A 10-cent fare is understood to have been tentatively agreed upon.

No action, however, is expected to be taken until the war labor board gives its decision on the wage question now in controversy with the employees. A meeting had been arranged for Thursday, but the war labor board was unable to be here on Thursday, so that the matter has gone over until Monday.

CHINESE CABINET STILL FUNCTIONING

PEKING, June 17.—The Chinese cabinet although it has resigned, is still functioning. It is reported that Chow Shun, friend of the president, will be asked to form a new cabinet and it is said that his selection is fairly acceptable to the militarist party.



LAWYERS OF IRISH DESCENT ORGANIZE

BOSTON, June 17.—A large number of judges and lawyers of Greater Boston who are of Irish blood met yesterday afternoon at the City club and started a program intended to arouse the legal fraternity generally hereabouts to an active participation in the movement to gain world-wide recognition for Ireland as a nation.

It was decided to call a lawyers' mass meeting in Faneuil hall in the near future to protest against present conditions in Ireland and create public opinion in favor of Irish freedom. The date will be settled at the next meeting on Thursday at 4 p. m. at the City club.

The meeting yesterday was under the auspices of the advisory council of the Irish Freedom Fund association. Dist. Atty. Felleiter presided. A committee to arrange for the mass meeting is composed of Daniel H. Coakley, Michael J. Fahay, William J. Flaherty, Dist. Atty. Felleiter, Ex-Congressman

Joseph F. O'Connell, Ex-State Senator William Turtle and Maj. Thomas L. Walsh.

California expects to pick a \$20,000,000 cotton crop this year.

Try our combination box, large bottle of Liquid and can of Powder

clean AFTER FEEL

Its refreshing taste and odor are an index of its purity and its effective cleansing of the teeth, mouth and gums.

Use—
Sogodont
At your dealer's

Bevo
THE BEVERAGE

The all-year-round soft drink

Popular demand — built Bevo's great plant — the most perfect industrial equipment in the world. Scientifically lighted and ventilated, and provided with every humanitarian device possible for the protection of the health and safety of its thousands of employees. Electrically operated. Capacity 2 million bottles daily.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH
ST. LOUIS

5-B

Visitors to St. Louis are invited to inspect this mammoth institution.

STATE SENATE VOTES COAL PRICE INQUIRY

BOSTON, June 17.—By a voice vote the state senate adopted an order yesterday for an investigation by the committee on social welfare of the recent increase in the price of coal. The house has already passed the measure.

The senate, after some discussion, passed to be engrossed the bill of Gov. Coolidge, making it illegal for a tenancy to be vacated in less than 30 days without agreement of tenant and owner, except for failure to pay rent.

The senate concurred with the house in referring to the committee on administration and commissions the message of the governor asking for an investigation into the prices of the necessities of life.

The committee on rules reported "ought to be adopted" on the order requesting the supreme court to give an opinion upon the constitutionality of a bill regulating the erection of signboards. The order was then adopted. Under suspension of the rules it was voted to pass to be engrossed a bill

providing for an investigation as to the feasibility of constructing a bridge or traffic tunnel connecting Boston and East Boston.

Federal Land Purchase Approved

Under suspension of the rules the senate passed to be engrossed the bill granting the consent of the state to the purchase by the United States and ceding jurisdiction of land in South Boston.

The committee on education reported a bill providing that no educational institution shall be incorporated with power to grant degrees unless its provisions for educational equipment and maintenance have been approved by the board of education.

The measure also would prohibit any individual, school, association, corporation or institution of learning not state-chartered from assuming the title of "university" or "college." Educational institutions whose titles include these words would be allowed to continue them.

Committee Reports in House

A brief session of the house was held to receive committee reports.

The committee on ways and means reported "ought to pass" on the bill to require the establishment and maintenance of continuation schools and

courses of instruction for employed minors.

The same committee reported "ought to pass" on the bill to revise the laws relative to state and military aid and to the burial of indigent soldiers and sailors.

Mr. Carey of Boston presented a bill on leave that it shall be unlawful for any county, city or town or any state board, department or commission to make any contract with any person who is not a citizen of the United States, or with any corporation whose officers or directors are not citizens of the United States. It was referred to the committee on rules.

The committee on administration and commissions reported a bill to regulate the appointments to the civil service of the state and to establish civil service commissions in certain cities.

23 DIFFERENT WARS ARE STILL GOING ON

LONDON, June 17.—The peace terms presented to Germany yesterday are the final reply of the allies, Andrew Bonar Law, government spokesman in the house of commons, declared in opening the Victory loan campaign at the Guildhall yesterday. The speaker said he hoped earnestly the Germans would sign the terms.

"It is for them to choose within five days," Mr. Bonar Law added. "They must sign or the armistice is at an end. There must be a just peace, but a just peace must be a stern peace."

The speaker said that the chief of the British staff had declared 23 different wars were now going on, and added:

"It is not all over. It is quite possible by want of wisdom, by absence of restraint, by disunion among the allies and by want of unity at home to lose, not the victory, but the full force of the victory which has been bought so dearly."

GERMAN SOCIALISTS REJECT THE SOVIET

WEIMAR, June 17.—The socialist congress has rejected a proposal for a soviet constitution for Germany. The proposal received only one vote. The congress adopted a resolution declining to give pensions to members of former royal families.

\$100,000 FOR HARVARD

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—Harvard university is bequeathed \$100,000 for the study of methods to reform and cure criminals and mental defectives by surgery, under the will of Dr. J. E. Wing Mears, which was probated here yesterday.

POSTOFFICE SAFE BLOWN OPEN—\$716 TAKEN

GREAT BARRINGTON, June 17.—The general store and postoffice at South Egremont, conducted by John O'Neill, was entered by burglars sometime Sunday night and robbed of \$700 in cash and \$16 in thrift stamps.

When Mr. O'Neill locked the store Sunday night about 10 o'clock everything was securely fastened and the large safe locked. When the clerks opened the store yesterday they saw that the safe had been blown open and its contents scattered about the floor. In one corner of the store was a package of Liberty bonds amounting to \$500 which had been blown there when the safe was opened and overlooked by the robbers in their hurry.

Insurance papers and several notes were taken.

The police feel confident that the burglary is the work of professionals, and state that two men and a woman are believed to be implicated.

HUNS COUNTERFEIT AMERICAN SEALS

COBLENZ, Sunday, June 17. (By A. P.)—The American military authorities have arrested in Coblenz two Germans who had in their possession counterfeit seals of the seals used by the Americans in stamping identification cards in giving permission to travel.

It is believed thousands of German civilians have been traveling at will through the use of the counterfeit seals, a charge of 50 marks and upward having been made by the Germans for use of the seals.

A detachment of the best troops of Gustav Noske, the German minister of defense, will be placed in the area immediately opposite the Coblenz bridgehead, according to information reaching American army officers here. It is believed, however, the transfer is simply a part of the policy of moving troops from the Ruhr industrial district.

The detachment consists of 1500 men, many of whom participated in suppression of the Spartacists in the Düsseldorf area.

SALE OR STORAGE OF FIREWORKS

Persons wishing to sell or store fireworks during the Fourth of July season are warned by Chief Edward F. Saunders of the fire department that they must obtain a permit for this purpose from the office of the fire commissioner at city hall. These permits cost 50 cents. The modus operandi is first to make application for a permit and after the chief has examined the premises and found conditions O. K. the permit is granted. There have already been 71 applications and 60 permits this year. Last year there were 102 permits. The permit allows the holder to sell or keep fireworks from June 10 to July 10.

ITALIAN FORCES ARE ADVANCING

ROME, June 17.—Italian forces are advancing on the Villach-Sanvito line, on the frontier between Italy and Jugoslavia. It is announced. This movement is intended to counteract the action of the Jug-Slavs in the Klagenfurt region. In the Austrian province of Carinthia, where they attacked the German-Austrians, it is said, without "plausible reason," and only because they "wished to take possession of Klagenfurt, despite the decision of the peace conference."

The region of Klagenfurt was, according to a decision reached at Paris, to be a neutral zone and the population was to decide its own fate by a plebiscite.

ROB CLEVELAND BANK OF \$50,000

CLEVELAND, June 17.—Five armed bandits late yesterday afternoon held up the West Cleveland bank and escaped in a stolen automobile with currency estimated at \$50,000. Two of the robbers stood guard over six customers and four clerks outside the bank while two robbed the bank. The fifth remaining in the automobile with the engine running.

SURE ENOUGH, 'TIS AN ILL WIND THAT BLOWS NO GOOD

It is reported that the Boston & Maine railroad did a thriving business between Billerica and Lowell yesterday as a result of the street railway men's strike. The residents of the town, who are employed in the city, take advantage of the street railway for transportation, which operates quite a number of trains during the day. The time of train service to and from Lowell is as follows:

To Lowell, 6:57, 8:15, 9:27 a. m., and 3:05, 5:11, 6:27, 7:00, 7:13 p. m. Leave Lowell to stop at North Billerica: 5:20, 6:30, 10:01 a. m., 12:15, 2:45, 4:20, 5:35 and 6:06 p. m. In addition there are two trains to Lowell, one at 11:32 p. m., and the midnight theatre train at 12:55 a. m.

Thousands of Children Have Worms

Their Parents Do Not Know It

Symptoms of worms in children are: Deranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly, with occasional griping and pains about the navel, pale face of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dim, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue starting during sleep, slow fever. Grower people are subject to worms also.

The one best remedy is Dr. Truett's Elixir, the Family Laxative and Worm Expeller. After a pleasant, sure, safe laxative for children and grown folks. Mrs. Angeline Lamare, 29 Santa Street, Manchester, Maine, writes to Dr. Truett: "My daughter, Gertrude, had dizzy spells and could not even go out for she always complained of being sick. She used your worm expeller (Dr. Truett's Elixir). She never had any fits since. I feel very grateful to you." For both children and grown folks. Start taking it today.—Adv.

Influenza Plays Havoc With The Hair NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE Should Be Used At Once

Herpicide Mary
HERPICIDE IS SOLD
AT ALL DRUG AND DEPT STORES
APPLICATIONS AT BARBER SHOPS
FALLS & BURKINSHAW, Special Agent

Victoria
Dept.,
Fourth
Floor

ESTABLISHED 1875
Chalifoux's
CORNER

McCall
Patterns
Third
Floor

Annual Dollar Shoe Sale

STARTED THIS MORNING AT 8.30

Hundreds of customers were on hand when the store opened—eager to take advantage of the remarkable opportunity of purchasing shoes for \$1.00 a pair.

Sale Lasts as Long as We Have the Shoes To Sell

If you did not buy a pair this morning, plan to do so tomorrow—as these shoes are going fast. Buy two or three pairs for the price you ordinarily pay for one pair.



The Whir of the
Machine is Heard
in the Home

Hundreds of women who have their own individual ideas about dresses and wish to express them are depending on our Dress Goods and McCall Patterns.

McCall Patterns are a boon to women—making it possible for them to choose the weaves and colors they like best—and then easily and economically—and leisurely—to utilize spare time to make the particular dress they want.

This is precisely what more and more women are doing. Home sewing is usurping the popularity of whist.

Perhaps the Red Cross needlework ushered in the present period of domestic science—practically applied.

Call at the Pattern Department for the new Fashion Sheet showing the newest July styles.

So Big And Yet So Small!

Seen by itself, Swift & Company is one of the largest manufacturers and distributors of animal food products in the country.

Seen in relation to the total food business of the world, its size diminishes to small proportions.

We handle only about 22 per cent of the total output of the hundreds of packing plants under federal inspection, and only about 12 per cent of the total meat supply of the nation.

We handle only about 6 per cent of the total quantity of butter, eggs, and poultry sent to market in the United States.

Our tanneries handle less than 15 per cent of the hides made into leather in the United States.

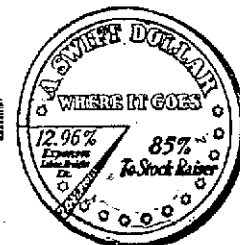
Our soap factories make less than 10 per cent of the soap output of the nation.

This is done in keen and open competition with every concern handling these products, and at a profit of a fraction of a cent per pound.

In the meat packing industry there is no one dominant concern handling a large proportion of the output.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Lowell Local Branch, 572 Dutton Street
J. E. Wolf, Manager



AMUSEMENT NOTES THE STRAND THEATRE

"Two Women," a powerful drama from the pen of James Oliver Curwood, is the headline on the program at the Strand theatre for the first three days of the week. This play is a fascinating and artistic tale of contrasting woman types. Its setting is most beautiful, while the scenery is most enjoyable. Featured in the title role is Anita Stewart, the screen star who plays the part of Enid Arden, a beautiful young woman, who lives in a country of beautiful mountains and lakes, and whose companions are the birds, animals and flowers. Across Enid's path comes John Leighton, sent from the city by his firm to essay quarries. He is a clean thinking man and between him and the young woman grows a fine companionship. After his work is done Leighton returns to the city, where he finds that his wife has been unfaithful to him. He casts her aside and returns to the mountains, where his feelings for Enid develop into true love and believing that he is done with his wife for good, tells Enid of his affections for her. She returns it and both are happy until Leighton's wife makes her appearance and pleads with her husband to be taken back. It is here that the girl brings to the surface her strength of character by appealing to Leighton to take his wife back. Strong play follows.

"Sandy Burke of the U-Bar-11," one of the latest film creations of Louis Besson, is another delightful photo-

COLONEL GRAYSON VISITS LOWELL

Col. William Grayson of Savannah, Ga., has been spending a few days in Lowell, the guest of Edward R. Morris of Methuen street. Dr. Martin Morris, brother of Edward Morris, is one of Savannah's leading citizens and the colonel's chum. It was not the colonel's first visit to Lowell. He had been heretofore on several occasions, coming, usually, with Dr. Morris, and one of the first places the colonel went to on the occasion of his recent visit was to the home of the doctor's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Morris, in Dracut. The colonel also met other Lowell friends who were very glad to see him and to return some portion of the hospitality extended to Lowell people by Col. Grayson and Dr. Morris upon their visits to Savannah.

STRIKE AFFECTS SCHOOLS

As a result of the street railway men's strike the attendance at the schools in Tewksbury was seriously interfered with yesterday, for the pupils, who live some distance from the schools, and who depend on the trolleys for transportation, were forced to remain at home. People who reside in the town and who are employed in this city, either walked to their work or took advantage of the few jitneys that operated between the city and the town.

DR. GRADY'S TABLETS

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE

The very fact that we have received thousands of voluntary letters from grateful people all over the world during the past 30 years, praising its merits, proves it to be a medicine of intrinsic value, especially in all cases of Stomach, Liver, Kidney or Bowel complaints. Then why continue to suffer from Poor Appetite, Sick Headache, Bloating, Flatulence, Heartburn, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness, Weak Kidneys, Colds, Fever and Ague too? Just try one box today and see for yourself. Always ask for DR. GRADY'S TABLETS and you choose the best and safest medicine ever compounded and one that has been fully endorsed by thousands of sickly people. The best spring medicine no matter what you pay. Those who object to liquid medicine can now procure DR. GRADY'S TABLETS at any drug store for 10 CENTS A BOX. Every box gives satisfaction or your money refunded.

There is nothing so good for children's skin and scalp troubles as Cadum Ointment

Cadum Ointment can be applied to the tender skin of infants and children suffering from teething, rash, eczema, chafing and similar troubles. It stops the itching at once, and much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. Cadum Ointment is also good for pimples, blotches, itch, scaly skin, eruptions, sores, cuts, burns, ringworm, insect bites, etc.

HOLD WINNIPEG STRIKE LEADERS

Ten Arrested and Transported in Autos to Some Place in the Country

Labor Temple Raided—Considerable "Red" Literature Seized

WINNIPEG, Man., June 17.—Ten strike leaders were arrested in their homes here early today, and transported in automobiles to some place in the country, presumably Stormy Mountain, by government police officials. Other arrests are reported to have been made in Calgary and other western points at the same time.

Simultaneously with the arrests of the strike leaders, the Royal North-west Mounted Police raided the Labor Temple, from which the strike has been conducted. Considerable literature, said to be of a Bolshevist nature, was seized.

The list of persons arrested included R. B. Russell, Rev. William Ivens, R. E. Bray, George W. Armstrong, Aldermen John Queen and A. A. Heaps, and four Russian agitators.

Town Honors Heroes

Continued
in four automobiles, followed by the U. S. Cartridge Co. band. The Victory Girls' float with pretty young ladies from the U. S. Worsted Company's plant, came next.

The Middlesex Training school was headed by its excellent boys' band with instructor Raymond Slater as drum major. He was dressed in his U. S. navy uniform and was recently honorably discharged from the navy. He is a North Chelmsford boy. The Training school band and the pupils who followed it, some of them very little chaps, made a fine appearance.

The Schools in Line

The schools marched under the general direction of Evans Merrill, principal of the high school. There were at least 600 boys and girls in line representing all the Chelmsford schools. The section of the school children was headed by a group of high school girls carrying a daisy chain which enclosed by other high school girls each of whom carried a gold star service flag for one of five soldiers from Chelmsford who died while in the service of their country. Included in these five girls marched Miss Ethel Tetley, carrying a gold star service flag for her brother, the late Egbert Foster, Tetley, who was killed in action at Bazoches, France, August 10, 1918. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Tetley of North Chelmsford. This young lady marched proudly erect in the procession and it was one of the most impressive incidents of the parade. Each man on the town's honor roll had a flag with a service star on it, carried for him in a parade by a public school pupil today.

Division 2 of the parade had Harold

Poslam Vital To Sufferers From Eczema

If you have eczema, your prompt use of Poslam may mean all the difference between immediate comfort and a long period of itching distress. Take the easy, pleasant way to quick relief. Apply Poslam right on the raw places that burn and itch. Feel a burden lifted as the skin is soothed and pacified. You will know then to what a high state of efficiency this reliable remedy has been brought. Poslam is concentrated. Short treatment suffices for most minor troubles.

Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 243 West 47th St., New York City.

Poslam Soap, medicated with Poslam should be used if skin is tender and sensitive.—Adv.

Tuck as its marshal. The St. John's Total Abstinence society had the O.M. I. Cadets drum corps from Lowell as its escort and they were followed by the brotherhood of the Congregational church. Court Wannalancit, 171, M. C.O.F., had a very fine float in the parade.

The Boy Scouts troop was led by a small scout on a big horse, behind whom a very little boy was perched and clung perilously. Another feature of the parade was Chandler Wotton Robinson, little 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Robinson, who rode a big horse with dignity and skill all through the parade. The horse was decorated with red, white and blue bunting.

Red Cross Units

The Red Cross units of the town including units from Chelmsford Centre and West Chelmsford, the latter coming to North Chelmsford on a finely decorated truck, were one of the best features of the parade. Most of the women, dressed entirely in white and with the regulation Red Cross work-room head dress, marched on foot and marched well. They were under the direction of Mrs. John Bridgeford of North Chelmsford. There were at least 300 women Red Cross workers in the parade. Music for the parade was furnished by three bands, U. S. Cartridge company's band, Middlesex Training School band and the Stonybrook Carbonizing company's band.

The state guard mustered for the parade and made a fine appearance. The returned service men were given a fine and enthusiastic reception all along the line as were also the navy men, of whom there was a surprisingly large number. An officer of marines marched with the service men and along with a North Chelmsford boy who served with honor and bravery in the Canadian army and is returned home.

The parade formed on Princeton street near town hall and its route was Princeton to Church, to Middlesex, to Quigley avenue, to M. Pleasant, to Princeton, to Mill street, to Middlesex, to Cottage Row, to Washington, to Newfield, to Groton road, to the common.

This parade taking place at North Chelmsford this forenoon is but part of the enjoyable and excellent program honoring the service men which uses up the time all day today with the program's numbers equitably divided

DANGER AHEAD! LOOK OUT!

Colds and Grippe frequently will leave you with weak kidneys, and aching back. The kidneys get overworked fighting off a cold or a contagious disease. When they grow up, and don't perform their duties, look out, there is trouble brewing.

Kidney and bladder troubles are dangerous, and should not be neglected; if you are compelled to arise from your chamber once or twice during the night, it proves that your kidneys are affected and bladder irritated, and if you will take from 10 to 20 drops of SEVEN BARKS in a little water after meals, you will correct the alkalinity of your secretions, thus giving you undisturbed sleep and peaceful rest, preparing you for your next day's duties.

If you feel dull, irritable and nervous, have headaches, sore or enlarged joints, irregular kidney actions, you should give the kidneys quick relief by taking SEVEN BARKS, which will not only relieve the kidney trouble, but keep your stomach in good condition and your liver active.

Don't neglect your kidney trouble with first symptoms. You will be sorry if you do—it's too serious a matter. Get SEVEN BARKS of your druggist. Price, 50 cents.—Adv.

NO SCHEMES HERE, BUT REAL VALUES

We try to be just a little better than our promises, and that's why we have grown so rapidly. No tricks or camouflage in this progressive store. We don't mark up and then take off—an old humbug—but we give you real honest values.

Special Values for Today and Tomorrow

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, COATS and CAPES

Hundreds of New Dresses in Voile, Lawn, Organdie and Gingham, Sizes 4 to 14, for Today and Tomorrow

\$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.98

Coats and Capes, in Serge and Poplin. Many Styles. Sizes 4 to 14, for Today and Tomorrow

\$5.98



Big Bargains Today and Tomorrow in WHITE WASH SKIRTS, NEW SUMMER WASH DRESSES, SILK DRESSES, COATS, SUITS, CAPES, DOLMANS, WAISTS and MILLINERY
BUY HERE AND GET BIG VALUES. WE DEFY COMPETITION.

LADIES' OUTFITTERS

94 MERRIMACK STREET

45 and 49 MIDDLE STREET

LOWELL, MASS.

between the Centre and North Chelmsford.

Dinner on Common

This noon dinner was served in the tent on the common at North Chelmsford for all service men. This evening they will be served supper in the same tent and at Chelmsford Centre town hall. At 8.30 this afternoon five exercises took place on the common at North Chelmsford with presentation of medals to the service men and with speaking by Joe Mitchell Chappell of the National Magazine, Col. Edward Logan of Boston, Col. John F. J. Herbert of Worcester and Frank Sibley of the Boston Globe, the war correspondent.

A community sing under the direction of Albert Edmund Brown takes place on the common at Chelmsford Centre at 7.30, and 8 p. m. there will be concerts at North Chelmsford and at Chelmsford Centre. There will be two balls held this evening, one at each village, in the town halls.

General Committee

The committee having charge of the program carried out in the two villages today consists of the following citizens:

General, Justin J. Moore, chairman; D. Frank Small, William E. Belleville, Finance, Capt. John J. Monahan, chairman; Herbert E. Ellis, William E. Shedd, Wilbur E. Lapham, James P. Dunham, Treasurer, Ervin W. Sweetser, Publicity and printing, Gabriel Audoin, chairman; S. Foster Whipple, Dr. J. M. Bellville, chairman; D. Bartlett, chairman; Fred A. Snow, J. Wesley Lyons, William T. Picken, Chas. A. Devine, Edward Boyle, Harry L. Fairhurst, Banquet, Justin J. Moore, chairman; Eben T. Adams, David Billson, Samuel Kershaw, John Emerson, Louis H. Jennison, John Toye, Music, William E. Belleville, chairman; D. Frank Small, John T. O'Connell, Herbert A. Russell, Albert A. Ludwig, Garfield Davis, Reception, George E. King, George C. Mark, Mark Lushan, Maud Perham, Walter Vickery, Mrs. John Bridgeford, Miss Emma J. Perham, Mrs. Arthur J. Rousseau, Evan W. D. Merrill, J. Adams Bartlett, Ralph Adams.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing, Tobin's, Associate bldg. J. F. Donohoe, 223 Hildreth Bldg. real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Mrs. Frank W. Foye and family are spending the summer at North Rye beach, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Narcisse Duchesneau of Richmond, Que., are the guests of Lowell relatives.

Mr. C. Dumais and daughter, Clarisse of Dracut street, left last evening on an extended trip to Canada.

Mrs. Rodrigue Mignault and daughter of Merrimack street, are enjoying

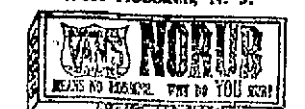
THE SHORTEST ROUTE

from the rolled clothes bag to the linen closet is the

Van's Norub

way. It washes your clothes perfectly and in a much shorter time than you could accomplish the same amount of work. Try it, it washes day and be convinced.

So at 10c at your Grocer VAN ZILE CO., Mfrs. West Hoboken, N. J.



If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything try a Sun want adv.

a rest at their summer home at Beachwood, Me.

Mrs. M. L. Thibault of East Merrimack street and Mrs. N. T. Pelletier will leave tonight for a two-months' trip to Canada.

Rev. Bro. Sylvanus, C.F.X., of Wheeling, W. V., is enjoying a short vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Touhey of Wannalancit st.

The park department received \$350 from the circus that was in town yesterday for the right to locate on the Fair grounds and the water department charged \$35 for the water used.

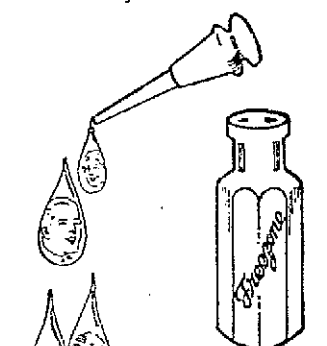
James T. Goodwin, of Nashua, N. H., was accepted at the local army recruiting station this morning for the Infantry. Goodwin is a previous service man, having been overseas with the 15th Infantry for 15 months.

At a recent meeting of the Middlesex club in Buxton, at which Louis A. Coudage of Milton was chosen president, Charles S. Proctor of Lowell was elected chairman of the executive committee, which also includes the names of John Jacob Rogers and Frank W. Stearns.

With the opening of the playground season after the Fourth of July the park department will also begin its season of public entertainments in the nature of outdoor moving picture shows and community singing. Albert

LIFT OFF CORNS WITH FINGERS

Doesn't hurt a bit and costs only few cents



You'll laugh. Apply a few drops then lift sore, touchy corns right off. No pain. Yes, magic!



A few cents buys a tiny bottle of the magic Freezone at any drug store. Apply a few drops of Freezone upon a tender, aching corn or a callus. Instantly that troublesome corn or callus stops hurting, then shortly you lift it out, root and all, without any pain, soreness or irritation. These little bottles of Freezone contain just enough to rid the feet of every hard corn, soft corn, corn between the toes and the calluses on bottom of feet. So easy! So simple. Why wait? No humbug!

Edmund Brown will be in charge of the singing.

The many friends of Lieut. J. M. Harrington will be glad to hear of his

SORENESS in joints or muscles, give a brisk massage with—

VICK'S VAPORUB "YOUR BODYGUARD"—30c, 60c, 1.20

promotion to the captaincy of the Camp Devens fire department. Lieut. Harrington is a Boston man, but is well known in Lowell where he has many friends.

Miss Margaret Lynch of 10 Butterfield street was agreeably surprised by a number of her friends in the blanket department of the Tremont & Suffolk mills Saturday when she was presented a box of beautiful assorted linen pieces. Miss Lynch is soon to become the bride of Charles

Meizler of Indiana and expects to make her home in that state. Miss Lynch gracefully thanked her friends for their kindness and the latter wished her happiness in her new life.

ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

THE GREATEST UNDERWEAR EVENT OF THE SEASON

ALTERATION SALE BARGAINS IN

PEERLESS UNION SUITS

200 Dozen Peerless Union Suits, made long, short, or sleeveless, ankle, 3-4, or knee lengths, in nainsook, fine cotton, white lisle, mercerized, silk and silk stripes. Most of these union suits were drummers' samples. Some are slightly soiled, others are slightly imperfect.

Every Garment Guaranteed To Give Satisfaction

\$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00

PEERLESS PEERLESS PEERLESS

Union Suits Union Suits Union Suits

Long, short or sleeveless, ankle, 3-4 or knee lengths, in fine silk stripes or check mercerized fabrics, in white or bal.

Sleeveless, knee length, athletic style, in fine silk stripes or check mercerized fabrics.

\$1.19 \$1.39 \$1.69 \$1.69

\$3.50 PEERLESS UNION SUITS

Mercerized silk knitted fabrics, short sleeves, ankle length, small lot at.....

\$1.98

MACARTNEY'S

72 MERRIMACK STREET

FAIRBURN'S

Wednesday Morning Sale

Fresh Baked Bread 12½¢

Fresh Made Butter, lb. 55¢

NATIVE ASPARAGUS 15¢

YELLOW EYE BEANS, lb. 10¢

CAL. PEA BEANS 3 lbs. 27¢

CAMPBELL'S SOUP 9¢

BEEF LIVER, lb. 7¢

SIRLOIN STEAK, lb. 39¢

SALT SPARE RIB, lb. 18¢

CALF LIVER, lb. 29¢

BALLARD BUCKWHEAT, pkg. 13¢

2 lb. JAR STRAWBERRY JAM. 35¢

FRESH HAMBURG, lb. 20¢

SARDINES 5¢

SMOKED SARDINES 11¢

STEAK SALMON, can 14¢

BERMUDA ONIONS, lb. 12½¢

BANANAS, lb. 8¢

FAIRBURN'S

"ON THE SQUARE"

ADVERTISING A LIFE SAVER

The difference between present advertisers in a paper and prospective advertisers, is that present advertisers "have the bug" on men who, in the role of prospective advertisers, are thinking things over. If a man thought about her eggs instead of sitting on them, they'd never hatch!

Once some man considered advertising the afterthought of business but when the live wires saw what advertising accomplished for them, they regarded it as forethought. You shouldn't start on a perilous water trip without a life preserver and when you start a business, big or little, good advertising may act as a life preserver.

If you watch the present-day advertiser and talk with him, you will learn to what extent he depends on advertising to help him turn his stock of goods over. It is profiting him and he will tell you so.

As for the man who is "thinking things over," it is costing him money to do it and the longer he spends thinking, the more it will cost him. It costs him money in respect to the profits advertising might bring him. It costs him money because he might secure the trade that passes his door and goes to the courageous advertiser. Abandon long-time thinking. Get space in

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

THE RAILWAY TIE-UP

The public is the sufferer on account of the tie-up of the street railway system, wholly regardless of the merits of the controversy.

The strike occurring on circus day, made it doubly bad for the public and the company. So far as the company is concerned, it claims that the men broke their agreement by striking without submitting their grievances to arbitration. If that be true, the strikers made a grievous mistake.

The men refused to work on the open cars using the so-called gun-fare register. They charge that to handle this instrument as required, while going along the running board of open cars, is very dangerous, as it often requires the use of both hands. Furthermore, they claim that it does not register correctly, sometimes making very serious mistakes at the expense of the conductors.

Now if this contention be correct, the company is asking the men to assume too great a risk. The open cars at best are dangerous to the men who take up the fares and already several fatalities are recorded from men falling off the cars or being struck by poles even without this gun-fare system. That would indicate that under the old system of collecting fares, conductors had to be very careful and active on their feet in order to avoid falling off. If any change be made to add to the risk, it would appear that the men have good reason to complain. They were willing, it is alleged, to go out on the regular cars, but not on the open with the new plan for collecting fares.

Here then are the inside reasons why the cars are not running. The public blames the company for dropping the service altogether simply because the men refused to operate the open cars as required.

Why were not the prepayment cars kept in operation if the men were willing to go out upon them as they claim?

The present is another case in which the interests of the public seem to be entirely ignored. It is another proof of the necessity of compulsory arbitration of such difficulties between employer and employee on all public service utilities.

PRES. LOWELL'S COUNSEL

President Lowell of Harvard university, in his baccalaureate address to the students, made some important declarations relative to the unstable equilibrium noticeable in the moral status of men. Men must become either morally better or worse, he states, and which course they take depends upon the visions of young men and the extent to which they make their visions true.

President Lowell holds that the danger to most young men is not the temptation to gross evil so much as the conventional and, therefore, mediocre standards that surround them. This is in line with the statement of the learned Dr. Walsh in his recent lecture before the Knights of Columbus that few great men of history were born in cities. This has been true particularly of the great men of America. They escaped the downward pressure towards the mediocre by the force and influence of conventionalities always present in cities.

In spite of the obstacles in the way, President Lowell urged young men to rise above the influences of the conventional and of commercialism in shedding lustre upon their respective occupations. It is thus that individuals can uplift the moral tone of whole communities and prevent it being dragged down

by those who promote movements in the opposite direction.

President Lowell also called attention to a tendency that is already apparent, to wit, the moral lassitude that is likely to follow a vehement moral effort such as was experienced during the world war. To maintain the lofty ideals, the enthusiasm and the inspiration generated by the war would elevate the nation to a higher moral plane; but history has few examples of such inspiration and enthusiasm being long maintained.

Thus President Lowell lays down some plain truths which, however, are not new but which are important and valuable, nevertheless, as upon their application in world affairs will depend the success or failure not only of individuals, but of communities.

TRANSATLANTIC FLIGHT

The fact that two British aviators have succeeded in making a non-stop flight from Newfoundland to Ireland, marks the beginning of transatlantic service by the airplane. It is a great achievement and one which indicates the progress of the age more than the expert knowledge of the men who have won the prize. Nevertheless, Capt. Alcock and Navigator Brown deserve full credit for their courage and their nautical skill. They have won a clean cut victory and have carried off the prize so eagerly sought by Hawker and Grieve. There is no doubt, however, that their act will soon be equalled or surpassed by others now encouraged by their success. It would be difficult at this stage, to predict the vast possibilities of aviation as applied to commercial purposes and the transportation of light freight with the greatest possible speed.

The speed made by the aviators, 120 miles an hour, is perhaps the greatest ever made on any continuous trip of any length.

PROBE FOOD PRICES

The public will be glad to see Gov. Coolidge's recommendation for an investigation of food prices carried out without delay. Not for very many years, if at any time since the Civil war, has there been more need of a thorough investigation of the high cost of living. Whether the present state of affairs is due to one or to many causes, it is but right that the people should know. If the state legislature can lay its finger upon any particular cause or on several causes and have them remedied, it will render the public a service that will be greatly appreciated. Speculators, profiteers and the trust combines are undoubtedly responsible in large measure for the high prices of household necessities.

The fundamental idea of a labor organization is supposed to be the spirit of democracy. One man is as good as another. "All for one and one for all." But we find unionists in the Old Dominion state an exception. A negro was elected and seated as a member of the state labor organization's executive committee. Whereupon 2000 Virginians ran according to form and indignantly withdrew from the convention. "All for one and one for all" except that we white brothers must sit a little higher and do a little more for ourselves than we are willing should be done for the colored labor comrade.

The American Federation of Labor, influenced undoubtedly by the opinion of the section of train employees, has recorded itself as being in favor of government ownership of railroads. The stand of the trainmen if justifiable, is not

surprising. Never before have the trainmen fared so well in working conditions or pay received. Their political strength has been used as a lever to pry out pay increases whenever they desired them. Their ideas, in regard to government ownership, are logical from their standpoint of self interest. But the public has a different opinion. Already there are signs of failure of government ownership, and one is that the roads have not been paying expenses. A system that cannot be maintained on a paying basis cannot endure. In the present case, the remedy is a return to private ownership.

They may not hear of us very often down in the southern part of the state, but in connection with Lowell's elaborate municipal building program, it may be said that all parts of Massachusetts may feel moved to sit up and take notice when it is realized that besides building a million dollar municipal auditorium, we are soon to start building a high school annex now estimated to cost probably more than \$1,000,000. In addition, general construction work is under way to amount to nearly \$2,000,000. We are among the leaders in this "Build Now" propaganda.

The venerable Robert Houston, 70 years old, of Whittinsville, recently made application for citizenship papers. He has lived in this country about 50 years. He remarked, "I should have done this years ago." To which we reply, "Yes, you should have, Bobby. There was nothing you left in England worth swapping for the great benefits you received in America. You certainly should not have been so tardy about sitting in at our feast. The welcome guest is the one who is willing to help wipe the dishes."

Some aviators as well as sailors, have strange ideas relative to mascots. Captain Alcock carried a Canadian cat for good luck on his flight across the Atlantic, and now the question of pussy's repatriation is before the international authorities. Will Captain Alcock abandon his mascot to the doubtful hospitality of a lot of Irish felines whose Sinn Fein association makes them inimical to the intrusion of strangers likely to interfere with their domestic affairs?

"Most of our 'conversation,'" says Capt. Alcock of the Vickers Vimy airplane that hopped from America to Europe, "consisted of tapping one another on the shoulder and going through the motions of drinking." After July 1st, all drinking conversation this side of the water might just as well be conducted in this pantomimic manner.

The republicans acknowledge that already they have listed two presidential candidates. One is Maj. Gen. Wood and the other is Senator H. Johnson of California. We have no personal ill will against either gentleman, but we would advise any reader who contemplates a picture gallery of those who also ran to secure pictures of both men with several more to come.

We read of a Virginia boy who walked 73 miles to join the United States marines, was accepted, and made no special account of his stroll. As near as we can ascertain, this is just about the calibre of strength and prowess of young manhood that squeezes into the marines and, when occasion arises, can lick the devil himself, as was done that day at Chateau-Thierry.

The state appointed trustees of the Bay State, speaking of the strike, said: "Neither in Lowell nor in any other city on the system will the men be allowed to decide what system of fare collection the company shall adopt." Now form your own opinion as to who you think is running this trolley road of ours.

One New York landlord changing the name of his apartment house where he had boosted the rent from \$1000 a year per apartment, to \$1300, from Tomahawk to Beglad, we think has a curious humor about names. We think he may name a good dog "Kaiser" and call one of his boys "Indas."

Former Senator Root does not believe that because he is a republican, he is justified in making false charges against President Wilson. In this stand he appears in striking contrast to several of the republican leaders of the United States senate.

The government will sell all the liquor taken from bootleggers before July 1st. Thus the government plainly authorizes the thirsty to stock up if they have the inclination, price and the constitution to withstand bootlegger whiskey.

SEEN AND HEARD

How'd you like the circus?

A tree is covered with bark and a dog is usually lined with it.

When a man says there is no use talking you may as well prepare for a long-winded argument.

July 1 has something in its favor. You can "licker up" cheaper then and thereafter. But instead of licking liquor this has to do with licking stamps, for the familiar purple three-cent postage stamps then five way to their predecessor of pre-war days, the red two-cent one.

To the Bitter End

They had been married three months and were having their first quarrel—which shows that they were a remarkable couple.

"Evidently," she said icily, "you regret that you have married me. The step is not irrevocable, however. If you care to be released from your bonds—"

"Now," he interrupted impatiently, "I'm no 90-day recruit. I enlisted for the term of the war."

She couldn't think of any retort, so she maintained a scornful silence. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Question of Age

The stout party had been in the boot shop for over an hour, and the patient shop assistant had had half the stock down for her inspection. She found a fault with them all until his patience became quite exhausted.

"These would suit you," he said, taking down another pair as a last resource.

Still the lady was not satisfied.

"I don't like this sort," she said. "They have a tendency to get wider when they are a bit old."

"Well, madam," retorted the exasperated assistant politely, "didn't you?" Pearson's Weekly.

Mosquito a Problem

Mosquitoes start drilling for their offensive summer offensive. It will be a campaign of fighting in the open, and digging in. A mosquito is a slight hum attached to a pair of wings, but it sure carries some kick in its nose. It is the original nosey guy. Always sticking its beak into other people's affairs. That point is its main object in life. It misinterprets a slap on the back, if it isn't too strenuous, as a sign of encouragement. Suffrage is the dominant factor in mosquito life. Only the lady mosquitoes cast the sting vote. Gent mosquito can't get a bite in edge-wise. They nose him clean out of the argument. Which shows that the game is the same even in insect life!

Letters Of An Altruist

1-TO HIS LANDLORD

My dearest sir and most respected: I fear that you have felt neglected. For I have scarce had grace to mention your kind courtesy and attention. Your friendly calls bring me such pleasure.

"This hard for me to state the measure. I would I had that social savor. Whereby I might return your favor. But well I know (to my regret) I am not of your social set. And so I've been hesitating. To leave cards at your residency."

Yet, th' my courtesy has been ailing. Your own has ever been unflinching. And rain or shine, or best or worst. You visit me upon the first. An honor, almost past this telling. Which falls upon my humble dwelling.

O pardon, sir, my ineptitude! I did not mean to earn or grumble. When I pronounced my home as humble. I quite forgot my careless tone. I quite forgot it is your own!

And being such, 'tis all-allowing. Its decorations are enduring. Its planning, painting, heating, plumbing. Are adequate and most becoming. Please pardon my importunations. Against repairs and alterations.

There is but one small favor, truly. Even that I do not urge unduly. And yet, I feel a young woman beneficiary. Might grant it without loss of dignity. May I, then, have your kind assent. When next you call, to raise my rent? —Edmund Vance Cooke (Copyright, 1915, by N.P.A.)

MAN ABOUT TOWN

A boy friend of mine has asked me what the circus folks do winters. Apart from their stencils and the skilled and clever way they do their stunts as entertainers, circus folk are for the most part just like the folks you know in your own neighborhood. The gymnasts, bareback riders, jumpers and jugglers, if they cannot land contracts to appear in vaudeville in the winter season—and vaudeville by the way, generally welcomes them with open arms—Richard Pittot, a noted circus impresario, every fall sends scores of circus acts to the South American countries to appear in the

circuses down there. Of course, our winter is the South American summer and the time for circuses. Many of the acts have to go no farther than Cuba, Mexico and Central America for those countries enjoy circuses as well as we do. Cuba, for instance, has a wonderful circus called the Circa Pub-billeanes. Many of the circus people in the 30-week season, most of them secure now, can earn enough to tide themselves comfortably through the winter at their homes which they have bought from the savings of past seasons. Many of them have trades and work at them during the winter or run different kinds of business. The winter quarters of the Barnum & Bailey show is at Bridgeport, where many of the workmen have work right through the winter. The winter headquarters of the Ringling show is at Baraboo, Wis.

It was astonishing to see the amount of good nature and real kindness obtaining in this city yesterday in spite of the discomforts of the car strike. I presume all the trolley line streets held the same experience but about an hour before parade time both Westford and Chelmsford streets were lined with scores of anxious mothers and children plodding downtown on their way to the nearest spot where the circus parade could be seen. But hardly a truck or an auto passed down those streets but was loaded up with mothers and kids getting a lift city-ward. To come nearer home, the writer's little boy wouldn't have seen the great parade he has been dreaming about for weeks, if it had not been for Mr. Richard A. O'Connell, the Westford street piano dealer, who picked up a dozen little folks on his way down town and made it possible for them to arrive in time to see the parade.

JUDGE WILL GO TO JAIL BEFORE PAYING FINE

DENVER, Col., June 17.—Ben B. Lindsey, Judge of Denver's juvenile court, will go to jail before he will pay a fine of \$500 for contempt of the criminal court here, he has announced. The Colorado supreme court, on June 2, denied Judge Lindsey's petition for a re-hearing. The judge had 15 days to pay or go to jail, if the court insisted.

The fine was assessed when Judge Lindsey, in May, 1915, declined to tell what Neal Wright, 14 years old, had told the judge in juvenile court about the shooting of Neal's father. Neal's mother was on trial charged with murder. Neal was the only eye witness. Mrs. Wright was acquitted.

Judge Lindsey refused to testify at the trial, insisting that whatever information he possessed regarding the killing had been given him by the boy in confidence and he could not and would not violate the boy's confidence. Soon after the trial, John A. Perry, then judge of the criminal court, found his fellow-judge guilty of contempt and assessed the \$500 fine. Judge Lindsey appealed to the supreme court. The fine was upheld by a majority of the justices—three of them, however, dissenting. On June 2, last, the Colorado supreme court denied Judge Lindsey a re-hearing.

Judge Lindsey announced that in refusing to pay the fine he is not acting upon a personal point of view, but considers that as the Denver juvenile court is one of the oldest in the United States, all other courts look to it to uphold its rights. And one of these is that a relation of circumstances given in confidence to a juvenile court judge is not to be used in any other proceedings.

The judge has received letters from many of the judges throughout the United States urging him to maintain his stand. Various children's agencies have offered to pay the fine for him.

"No matter what the supreme court decided, I still believe and will always believe that what Neal Wright told me was in strictest confidence and that I would be unworthy to hold the position I now hold if I had testified," said Judge Lindsey. "The fact that four justices of the supreme court says I was wrong does not make it so. I am not going to pay that fine, because if I did I would admit that I was wrong."

Neal Wright, the boy involved, enlisted in the army at the beginning of the war and now is serving in France.

ANOTHER LANDMARK OF WASHINGTON TO GO

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Another landmark of George Washington is to go into the discard.

The historic Washington house, noted as a hotel since 1745, is to be torn down as soon as prohibition becomes effective, it is announced. In its place will be erected a modern hotel, office building and theatre.

This place is filled with reminiscences of Washington and revolutionary times. Washington retreated to it after the disaster of Brandywine. A bronze tablet reads:

A SOAP LESSON

Pure Castile Soap should be of white texture, smooth grained, made of pure Olive Oil and no other oil. Not twisted and shrivelled because of excess water—it should leave the skin smooth and soft.



Leco meets all these requirements; that is why Doctors, Nurses and Hospitals use it. Leco is made in Castile, Spain—has been for 112 years.

When you buy Leco brand you buy an absolutely pure Castile Soap. Try it. FOR SALE AT ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS LOCKWOOD, BRACKETT & CO., BOSTON Sole Importers of Leco Castile Soap



Two Piece Suits

Coat and Trousers—Palm Beach cloths and light weight worsteds—in conservative and waist-seam models—grays, oxfords and tan shades.

\$15.00 to \$18.00

DON'T SAY UNDERWEAR, SAY MUNSINGWEAR

PERFECT FITTING

MUNSING WEAR

UNION SUITS

LET MUNSINGWEAR COVER YOU WITH SATISFACTION

The Ideal Undergarment

Get the utmost in warm weather comfort, the knitted fabrics are sheer and cool. So light they weigh but a few ounces to the garment. A right style and size for everybody.

\$2.00 to \$5.00

The loose fitting athletic garments may be had in a variety of woven fabrics. Each garment accurately sized and carefully finished.

\$1.50 to \$2.50

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET

let reads: "In this room Sept. 11, 1777, Washington wrote the only report of the battle of Brandywine."

STATE PREFERENCE

UPON RE-ENLISTMENT

BREST. (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The privilege of stating their preference to units in which they wish to serve upon re-enlistment has now been given to soldiers who sign up for another term in the army. This announcement has brought a goodly number of re-enlistments in the Eighth Infantry which is eventually to be made a part of the famous Second Division now in the Army of Occupation.

Under the re-enlistment order, men will be given their mileage from New York to the place of original enlistment in the United States, the \$60 bonus and a month's furlough, the latter immediately upon re-enlistment, if possible. Mileage, however, is not given for the imaginary return trip to France from the first place of enlistment.

"Whoop," cried a doughboy, as he read the order today. "A month's furlough and money to spend."

"Sixty dollars, why that won't last a week in France just now," said another doughboy somewhat dejectedly. He enlisted in New York.

"Sixty dollars! What do you mean? Two hundred and twenty dollars for yours truly," replied the former. He had enlisted in San Francisco.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

What are Red Pills—and why should I take them?

RED PILLS are for women, taken specially for Anaemia or poor blood. They are a blood food. They make the blood pure and rich, and build up the whole system.

THOUSANDS and thousands of women and young girls owe their bright eyes, their pretty complexions, their graceful forms and vivid vitality to RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Woman.

IF you are not as well and strong as you should be—if you are always tired or "out of sorts"—if you are having headaches and backaches—if you do not eat and sleep well—if you suffer with giddy spells, nervous attacks, indigestion—than you have Anaemia and should get RED PILLS at once.

MRS. LOUIS HUARD, 73 Broad Street, Fall River, Mass., says "I had twenty-four children, and at that period of life which I always so hard for a woman to pass safely, I was completely run-down and was suffering from the bad symptoms and ailments which woman is heir to, and which make her life so miserable, such as palpitations of the heart, dizziness, numbness of the limbs, poor digestion, and so many other complaints known only to women who have experienced them themselves. I was persuaded to start taking RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women, and to this day I cannot praise them too highly for they restored my strength and vitality, and thanks to their salutary effects I was able to pass through this difficult stage of life with as little trouble as possible, and I now feel better than ever."

CAUTION.—The formula of RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women was first discovered in Paris, in the year of 1870, by a famous French doctor, and they have been widely used ever since. To avoid imitations or adulterations, insist on the signature "Cie Chimique France-Americaine". In boxes only, 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2.50.

BIG FOREST FIRES IN NEWFOUNDLAND

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., June 17.—Forest fires raging in various sections of Newfoundland have destroyed valuable timber tracts and a few houses in isolated settlements during the past week. Reports received today indicated that rain storms of the last two days have extinguished most of the fires.

Communication with some of the districts is difficult and it will be several days before the extent of damage to settlements can be learned.

Answers All Hun Objections

Continued

and, moreover, supported Austria's rejection of Serbia's "extraordinary concessions." It is declared that Germany steadily rejected every proposal for a conference and did not urge moderation until all hope of avoiding war had vanished. German attempts to throw the blame on Russia, because of her mobilization of her army, Italy pointed out is vitiated by the fact that this mobilization was the immediate result of Austria's action.

Hypnotized By Bismarck's Spirit

"But the outbreak of the war," the reply says, "was no sudden decision taken in a difficult crisis. It was the logical outcome of a policy of domination, aggression and war, followed by Germany for decades. Hypnotized by Bismarck's spirit of blood and iron, Germany set about sowing suspicion and discord among the nations, conspiring with elements of unrest in every land, steadily increasing armaments and mobilizing the universities, press, pulpit and governmental authority to indoctrinate the people of hatred and force. The essential truth of these charges is admitted by the Germans themselves through their revolution."

War Deliberately Plotted

"The war was a crime deliberately plotted against the life and liberties of the people of Europe. It brought death and mutilation to millions. Starvation, unemployment and disease stalked across the continent from end to end. The punishment of those responsible for bringing on these calamities is essential on the score of justice and as a deterrent for others who may be tempted to follow their example."

Responsible Parties Must Stand Trial

The reply asserts the powers cannot "entrust the trial of those responsible to those who have been their accomplices." The tribunals estab-

lished for the trial of those under charges will represent the deliberate judgment of the greater part of the civilized world, and there can be no question of admitting the right of jurisdiction of representatives of countries which took part in the war. The allies, it is declared, will stand by the verdict of history for the impartiality and justice with which the accused will be tried. The accused will be insured full rights to defense and the judgment of the tribunal will have the most solemn judicial character. The allied and associated powers are prepared to submit a final list of those who must be handed over to justice within one month of the signing of the treaty.

Refuse to Enter Discussion

The allied and associated powers refuse to enter into a discussion with the principles underlying the reparations clauses, but certain observations are made, especially as the German proposals are said to "present a few so distorted and inexact as to raise a doubt if the clauses were calmly and carefully examined." The problem of reparations is of such extraordinary magnitude and complexity that it can be solved only by a continuing body, limited in personnel and invested with broad powers. The reparations commission is, the reply declares, instructed to exercise its powers so as to insure in the interest of all as early as possible a discharge by Germany of her reparations obligations as is consistent with the true maintenance of the social.

To Solve Reparations Problem

It is pointed out that the commission is not an "engine of oppression" nor a device for interfering with Germany's sovereignty. Its business is to fix what is to be paid, satisfy itself that Germany can pay, and report in case Germany does not pay. The commission cannot prescribe or enforce taxes or dictate the character of the German budget, but may examine the latter to see if any modification is desirable, probably in Germany's interests and to be assured that German taxation is at least as heavy as the heaviest allied taxation.

Assessment of Damage

It is pointed out that not only are the conditions not incompatible with the creation by Germany of a commission to represent her in dealing with the reparations commission and for such co-operation as may be necessary but it is greatly to be desired that she will take exactly that step.

The powers are willing that within four months of the signature of the treaty, Germany may submit any proposals she may choose to make. In particular, she may offer a lump sum for all or part of her liability, "undertake to reconstruct all or part of a damaged district, offer labor, technical service or material for reconstruction, or in short, suggest any feasible plan to simplify the assessment of damage, eliminate any question from the scope of the inquiry, promote the performance of the work, or accelerate the definition of the ultimate amount to be paid. Germany must, however, negotiate direct with the powers concerned, before making the proposals, submit them in unambiguous form, and accept the reparations clauses as matters beyond dispute. No arguments or appeals, directed to any alteration will be entertained.

Allies to Accept Proposals

Within two months thereafter the allied and associated powers will answer such proposals and agree to consider seriously and fairly any suggestions made. It is said the problem is largely one of statistics, of which the powers have received but one side. Germany is invited to produce evidence which will accelerate final decision.

The reply says that the Germans made no definite offer as to reparations, but "gave only vague expressions of willingness to do something." The sum of 100,000,000,000 marks, which was mentioned in the enemy counter proposals, is said to give the impression of an extensive offer which upon examination, it proves not to be. Interest was not to be paid and until 1928,

there would be no substantial payment after which there could be a series of undefined installments running over nearly half a century.

Commercial Facilities

Declaring that the resumption of German industry is of interest to the allies, as well as to Germany, the reply declares that commercial facilities will not be withheld from Germany, but they will afford to Germany facilities for food supplies, raw materials and overseas transport, under conditions "which cannot be laid down in advance."

"Meanwhile, the treaty must be signed," the reply declares. "The burdens of Germany undoubtedly are heavy, but they are imposed under conditions of justice by peoples whose social well-being and economic prosperity have been gravely impaired by wrongs which it is beyond the utmost power of Germany to repair."

Export Gold on Approval

In the financial section of the reply, it is stipulated that reparations must be made prior to the settlement of all other German public debts, with such exceptions as the commission may approve. Payment for food may also be a first charge and gold may be exported on approval. Germany must pay the expense of military occupation, as an essential guarantee of peace, and war material surrendered after the armistice cannot be credited against reparations. Liberated territories will bear their portion of the pre-war debt, but will not assume any part of the war debt itself.

"After the events of the war," it is said, "the powers have the right to demand that Germany be no longer intimately involved in their financial or economic life, or in that of Germany's former allies or Russia. As the greater part of Germany's foreign securities must be liquidated, the protection of German holders will no longer justify German participation in international organization."

The right is reserved to demand of Germany also her credits in Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey.

Adhere to Wilson's Principles

In the discussion of the entire class, as the reply states that the principle enunciated by President Wilson and embodied in the covenant of the League of Nations as to the equality of trade conditions will be brought into effect when the world returns to normal, but in the meantime a transitional regime is essential to save certain allied states from a position of economic inferiority because of the damage done to their territories during the war. Reciprocity is impossible at present and a general and indiscriminate reapplication of multilateral and bilateral treaties cannot be accepted.

"Consular relations are not reciprocally established, owing to the war activity of German consuls. Private property of Germans abroad may be justly used to meet reparations charges. The property of German institutions for research and education, it is held, "cannot be immune in the light of their past activities."

Aerial Navigation

The German proposals relative to aerial navigation have not been accepted.

It is pointed out that German objections to the clauses pertaining to ports and waterways are too general to admit of a detailed reply. After outlining the objections made in the German counter proposals, the reply declares that until the transitional period is passed and general conventions can be laid down, it has appeared essential that the provisions of this section of the treaty must be enforced. Provision is made for the extension of these provisions and for the ultimate grant of reciprocity, but only after five years, unless the League of Nations decides to prolong the period. No attempt is made to prevent the legitimate use by Germany of her economic resources, but rather to secure freedom of transit for young, landlocked states. The commission estab-

lished by this section of the treaty will function, not alone over German territory, but over at least one allied country as well, it is said.

Labor Clauses

The two notes already sent in reply to the German notes relative to the labor clauses of the treaty, are said to cover this subject. The treaty makes provision for the protection of labor in ceded territory, and a plan for referring all cases not reached by direct negotiation to impartial technical commissions is inserted in the convention.

In taking up the clauses referring to guarantees, the reply quotes an address by President Wilson in which he said:

"The reason why peace must be guaranteed is that one of the parties to that peace has proved that his promises are not worthy of faith."

Military Occupation to Continue

Military occupation by the allies will continue as a guarantee for the execution of the treaty. There will also be constituted a civilian body called the inter-allied Rhineland high commission, consisting of four members representing Belgium, France, Great Britain and the United States. It shall have executive powers and its members shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities.

The civilian administration shall remain in the hands of the German authorities under German law, except where it may be necessary for the high commission to act. The allies retain the right to requisition in kind and to demand services. Germany will be responsible for the expenses of the high commission as well as for those of military occupation.

Must Aid Occupation Forces

Germany will undertake to place at the disposal of the allied troops such military establishments and accommodations as may be required. The transport service and the telegraphic and postal personnel will obey orders given on behalf of the commander-in-chief of the allied armies for military purposes. The high commission will have the power, whenever it considers it necessary to declare a state of siege in any part or all of the territory concerned.

German objections to the separation of portions of the empire and colonies are thus disposed of.

East Prussia

Germany's refusal to accept the separation of East Prussia from the rest of Germany, is met by the statement that East Prussia was so separated for many hundreds of years, has been always recognized in Germany as a German colony and not as an original German land. It was not actually included in the political frontier of Germany until 1866, it is said. It is pointed out that Germany's objection to the holding of a plebiscite in certain parts of East Prussia, causes surprise, especially when she admits doubt as to the nationality of the inhabitants and professes assent to the principle of self-determination.

Danzig

The provisions as to Danzig stipulate that the city is to resume the character it held for many centuries when, as an Hanseatic city, it lay outside the frontiers of Germany. As the population is predominantly German, the city will not be incorporated in Poland, but it is essential that there should be a close connection between them and that Poland should have the sole seaport available to her kept free from all foreign domination.

Memel

The reply states that the cession of Memel does not conflict with the principle of nationality, while the city itself is in large part German, the district as a whole has always been Lithuanian.

Upper Silesia

While Upper Silesia was not formerly part of the kingdom of Poland, the majority of its population are Polish in origin and speech. In deference to the German claims, however, the territory shall be immediately ceded to Poland, but a plebiscite shall be held in order to meet any further criticism. The liquidation of German property there is to be safeguarded and Germany will be allowed to purchase mineral products, including coal, on the same terms as the Poles. Germans transferred to Poland as to be protected as to language, religion and education.

Heligoland

Provision is made for the protection of the interests of the people of Heligoland and of peaceful navigation and the fishing industry there, in accordance with Germany's demand. The harbor that is to be destroyed does not include that which is used by fishing vessels. The destruction will be solely to prevent the reutilization of the island.

No Concessions on Colonies

The reply states that no concessions

House Pests

Bugs should not be encouraged to live around the house. The laws of good health and cleanliness demand that they be exterminated. Get them with our Bug and Insect Exterminators.

WHITE CROSS 25¢
PETERMANS 15¢
STERLINGWORTH 25¢
CEARMIST 25¢
ROACH FOOD 15¢
NAPHTHA FLAKES 25¢

Adams Hardware
AND PAINT CO.
Middlesex St. Near Depot

can be made as to former German colonies and German rights outside of Europe. It is declared that the allied and associated government "cannot again abandon thirteen million or 14,000,000 persons to a fate from which the war has delivered them." Abuses which have attended German colonial civilization are said to have been admitted by German leaders and it is felt necessary to guard the security of the colonies and the peace of the world against a military imperialism which sought to establish a basis for interference and intimidation against other powers.

The loss of the colonies will not hinder Germany's normal economic development, it is declared, it being asserted that in 1910 but one-half per cent. of Germany's imports and one-half per cent. of her exports was with her own colonies. It is shown by experience the reply says that but a very small proportion of the excess German population would go to the German colonies. The principles of private rights will apply to railroads and mines if Germany can prove their private ownership, with the exception of the case of Kiao Chau. The natives of the colonies which will be administered under mandates will not bear any part of the German debt, and the allies reserve full liberty to determine the conditions under which Germans may establish themselves in colonial regions. They ask that Germany agree in advance to humanitarian conventions as to the traffic in arms, spirits and the like.

Limitation of Armaments

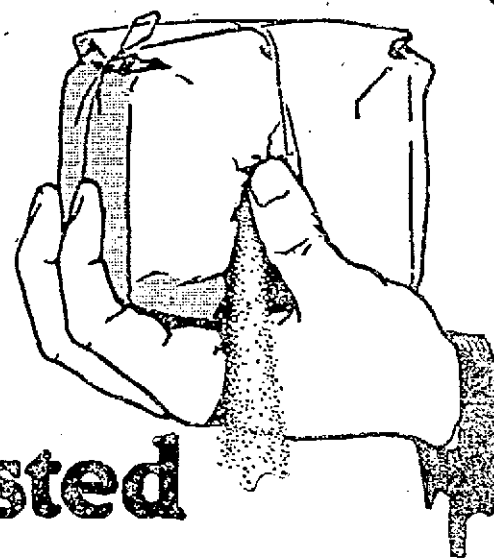
The military terms were not drawn solely with a view of making it impossible for Germany to resume her policy of military aggression but also as the first step toward the general limitation of armaments. As the colossal growth in armaments in the past few decades was, it is asserted, forced upon Europe by Germany, it is right, the reply declares that the process of limitation should begin with her.

Gradual Reduction

The allies are willing, in the interest of general peace and the welfare of the German people, to allow Germany to reduce her army more gradually than stipulated in the original draft of the treaty. Within three months, she must have reduced her army to a maximum of 200,000 men, and at the end of that three months and every three months thereafter, to allow allied military experts to fix her military strength for the succeeding three

ASK FOR SHARF'S ICE CREAM
Made Under Sanitary Conditions With CHOICEST FLAVORINGS PURE AND NUTRITIOUS
Best for Children and Adults
Tel. 3740 Prompt Delivery

how sugar is wasted

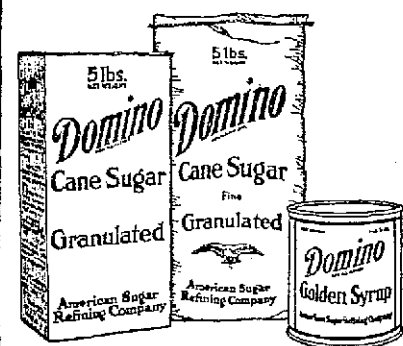


A jab of the finger, the pressure of other groceries in the basket, a slip from the hands to the table, and the paper breaks.

Domino Granulated Sugar is packaged in sturdy cartons and strong cotton bags against dust, flies and ants; all are accurately weighed, packed and sealed by machine, with the true weight and variety of the sugar clearly marked on each package.

American Sugar Refining Company
"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown, Golden Syrup.



Domino

Cane Sugars

HAS NOT HAD AN HOUR'S SICKNESS

Since He Commenced To Take "Fruit-a-tives"

78 LANS AVE., OTTAWA.

"Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having heard of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising.

I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives' or Fruit Lizer Tablets, and I know now what I haven't known for a good many years—the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain." WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

We a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. at dealers or from FRUIT-A-TIVES, LIMITED, OTTAWA, ONT., CAN.

Takes Work out of Washday
40 washings in a 25¢ can
2 gallons of washing fluid
from every package.

KLEANALL

The Perfect Washing Compound

Grocery Stores Drug Stores General Stores
Coast to Coast

BUTTERMILK

Will Relieve and Cure RHEUMATISM

RHEUMATISM is a disease brought on by injurious acids and salts working in the joints, nerves and tissues of the human body. BUTTERMILK combats and often cures this painful disease.

Think of BUTTERMILK as a cheap and efficient way of staving off RHEUMATISM. No one is exempt from its attack. You ought not to pay more than 5 cents a glass for it either, when you see this sign—

"BUTTERMILK from the GORDON DAIRY COMPANY"

YOU'LL KNOW YOU'RE GETTING THE BEST
Laboratory, 520 Worthen St. Phone 2530

"MADE IN MIDDLESEX"

SAYS SHE HASN'T HAD A HEADACHE IN MANY MONTHS

Treatment With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Brought Health to This Connecticut Woman

Only those who have endured hours of agony from sick headaches can know the joy and relief of the person who has found a remedy that not only lessens the frequency and severity of the attacks but builds up every part of the body by strengthening the nerves and improving the blood. Mrs. Jennie Bonner, a resident of No. 421 Greenfield avenue, New Haven, Conn., wants others to know about the remedy that helped her. She says:

"My blood was so thin that I was without ambition and strength for my work. Whenever it seemed as though I was getting a little stronger I would have a sick headache that was so painful and prolonged that I was left weaker than ever. My hands and limbs swelled up and were very painful if the weather was damp. I was very nervous and suffered from palpitation of the heart. Nothing had any effect on this condition until one day I read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a newspaper and began the treatment with this remedy. 'That marked the change in my condition. In a few weeks the headaches became less severe and then disappeared entirely and I haven't had a headache for three months. My blood improved so much that my legs and arms no longer swell and my nerves are much stronger. I sleep well and am still gaining in strength. I am glad to say a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.' Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., on receipt of price, 50 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50. Write for the free booklet on nervous disorders.—Adv.

Appear At Your Best—Instantly
If you receive a sudden caller or an unexpected invitation you can feel confident of always appearing at your best. In but a few moments it renders to your skin a wonderfully pure, soft complexion that is beyond comparison.

Gouard Oriental Cream
FERD. HOPKINS & SONS, NEW YORK

GERMAN ENVOY WILL REACH WEIMAR THIS AFTERNOON

BERLIN, Monday, June 16.—(By the

Associated Press.)—Berlin was advised by telephone this evening that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau had received the allied reply to the German counter proposals and would leave for Weimar at 8 o'clock.

The German delegates are due to arrive in Weimar Tuesday afternoon.

Unconditional Surrender

The naval terms, while leaving Germany adequate naval forces for protection and police duty, must, the reply states, be accepted unconditionally, the details to be worked out by the naval commission after the peace treaty is signed. No financial measures are contemplated as regards the surrender of the warships, which must be unconditional.

Limitation of Armaments

The military terms were not drawn solely with a view of making it impossible for Germany to resume her policy of military aggression but also as the first step toward the general limitation of armaments. As the colossal growth in armaments in the past few decades was, it is asserted, forced upon Europe by Germany, it is right, the reply declares that the process of limitation should begin with her.

Gradual Reduction

The allies are willing, in the interest of general peace and the welfare of the German people, to allow Germany to reduce her army more gradually than stipulated in the original draft of the treaty. Within three months, she must have reduced her army to a maximum of 200,000 men, and at the end of that three months and every three months thereafter, to allow allied military experts to fix her military strength for the succeeding three

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**
THE GASTON COMPANY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

REMARKABLE STRIDES
IN SURGERY

NEW YORK, June 17.—A remarkable example of the strides reconstructive surgery for wounded soldiers has taken during the war was furnished lately in Montreal, when four military hospital special trains passed through that city, bearing returned convalescent soldiers.

The majority of these men were surgical cases, most of whom had been hit in the head or face, and had been kept for months or even years in the British military hospitals having their wounds tended, and their faces reconstructed where there had been mutilation by shell fragments or shrapnel and bullet wounds.

Many men had rebuilt noses, the originals having been either completely or partly shot away. So skillfully had the army surgeons rebuilt these that the victims' faces seemed perfectly normal. A number of others had lost ears, and these had been replaced by grafting and reconstruction work so that the injuries caused by the enemy shells had been remedied to such an extent that nothing abnormal could easily be detected, and the majority of these men had normal hearing.

Other men had suffered severe injuries to their cheek bones and jaws, the latter hurts, involving, with many, the reconstruction of the bone framework of their jaws, and the inserting of artificial teeth—the work with some of the jaw cases involving an extraordinary amount of rebuilding.

There was an infinite variety of head injuries among the returned soldiers, some of the more severe being mauls of marcel that men could sustain such wounds and still survive to undergo surgical reconstruction, which eventually returned their faces to normal conditions, except those who had suffered eye injuries, or who had too much of their features shot away to make complete restoration possible.

Germans Get 7 Days To Act

Continued

ditions have been vigorously upheld, as establishing a peace of justice, but certain modifications in detail and many explanations of the effect of execution are made. The reply is in two parts: a general covering letter, and a series of discussions of the German counter proposals.

The changes include:
A plebiscite for Upper Silesia, with guarantees of coal from that territory. Frontier rectifications in West Prussia.

Omission of the third zone in the Schleswig plebiscite.

Temporary increase of the German army from 100,000 to 200,000 men.

Declaration of the intention to submit within a month of signature a list of those accused of violation of the laws and customs of war.

Offer to co-operate with a German commission on reparations, and to receive suggestions for discharging the obligation.

Certain detailed modifications in the finance, economic and ports and waterways clauses, including abolition of the proposed Kiel canal commission.

Assurances of membership in the League of Nations in the early future, if Germany fulfills her obligations.

Gives Judgment of World

The covering letter is from M. Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, president of the German delegation. In this letter M. Clemenceau says:

"The allied and associated powers have given the most earnest consideration to the observation of the German delegates on the draft treaty of peace. The reply protests against the peace on the ground that it conflicts with the terms upon which the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, was signed and that it is a peace of violence, and not a peace of justice.

"The protest of the German delegation shows that they fail to understand the position in which Germany stands today. They seem to think that Germany has only to 'make sacrifices' in order to attain peace, as if this were but the end of some mere struggle for territory and power.

"The allied and associated powers therefore feel it necessary to begin their reply by a clear statement of the judgment of the world, which has been formed by practically the whole of civilized mankind.

Greatest Crime by Any Nation

"In the view of the allied and associated powers, the war, which began on August 1, 1914, was the greatest crime against humanity and freedom of the people that any nation committed.

"For many years the rulers of Germany, through the Prussian tradition, strove for a position of dominance in Europe.

"They were not satisfied with that growing prosperity and influence to which Germany was entitled, and which all other nations were willing to accord her; they required that they should be able to dictate and tyrannize over a subservient Europe as they dictated and tyrannized over a subservient Germany.

"In order to attain their ends they used every channel through which to dominate their own subjects in the doctrine that might was right in international affairs. They never ceased to expand German armaments by land and sea, and to propagate the falsehood that it was necessary because Germany's neighbors were jealous of her prosperity and power.

"She sought to sow hostility and suspicion, instead of friendship, between nations. The Germans developed a system of espionage and intrigue through which they were enabled to stir up international rebellion and even to make secret offensive preparations within the territory of their neighbors, whereby they might, when the moment came, strike them down with greater certainty and ease.

Armed War, Refused Parley

"They kept Europe in a ferment by threats of violence, and, when they

found that their neighbors were resolved to resist their arrogant will, they determined to assert their predominance in Europe by force.

"As soon as their preparations were complete they encouraged a subservient ally to declare war on Serbia on 28 hours' notice, a war involving the control of the Balkans, which they knew could not be localized and which was bound to unchain a general war.

"In order to make doubly sure, they refused every attempt at conciliation and conference until it was too late, and the world war was inevitable, for which they had plotted and for which alone among the nations they were adequately equipped and prepared.

Germany Begun Inhuman Acts

"Germany's responsibility, however, is not confined to having planned and started the war. She is no less responsible for the savage and inhuman manner in which it was conducted. Though Germany was herself the guaranty of Belgium, Germany violated the rules after a solemn promise to respect the neutrality of this unoffending people.

"Not content with this, they deliberately carried out a series of promiscuous shootings and burnings with the sole object of terrifying the inhabitants into submission by the very frightfulness of their action.

"They were the first to use poisonous gas, notwithstanding the appalling suffering it entailed. They began the bombing and long-distance shelling of towns, for no military object, but solely for the purpose of reducing the morale of their opponents by striking at their women and children.

27,000,000 Victims

"They commenced the submarine campaign, with its piratical character, to international law and its destruction of great numbers of innocent passengers and sailors in mid-ocean, far from succor, at the mercy of the winds and the waves, and the yet more ruthless submarine crews.

"They drove thousands of men and women and children with brutal savagery into slavery in foreign lands; they allowed barbarities to be practiced against their prisoners of war, from which the most uncivilized people would have recoiled.

"The conduct of Germany is almost unexampled in human history. The terrible responsibility which lies at her doors can be seen by the fact that not less than 7,000,000 dead lie buried in Europe, while more than 20,000,000 others carry upon them the evidence of wounds and suffering, because Germany saw fit to gratify her lust for tyranny by resort to war.

Quotes Wilson's Declaration

"The allies and associated powers believe that they will be false to those who have given their all to save the freedom of the world if they consent to treat war on any other basis than as a crime against humanity and right.

"This attitude of the allied and associated powers was made perfectly clear to Germany during the war by their principal statesmen. It was defined by President Wilson in his speech of April 6, 1918, and explicitly and categorically accepted by the German people as a principle covering the peace.

"Let everything that we say, my fellow-countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response, till the majesty and might of our concerted power shall fill the thought and utterly defeat the force of those who flout and misprize what we honor and hold dear. Germany has once more said that force, and force alone, shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men, whether right, as America conceives it, or domination, as she conceives it, shall determine the destinies of mankind.

"There is, therefore, but one response possible from us: Force, force to the utmost, force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make right the law of the world and cast every selfish domination down in dust."

Justice for Those Who Despoiled

M. Clemenceau in the letter also quotes from speeches delivered by Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain, by himself as premier of France, and by Premier Orlando of Italy, in which it was specifically declared that when victory was won compromise as to peace terms was impossible and just punishment should be meted out, and continues:

"Justice, therefore, is the only possible basis for the settlement of the accounts of this terrible war. Justice is what the German delegation asks for and says that Germany has been promised.

"But it must be justice for all. There must be justice for the dead and wounded and for those who have been made orphans and bereaved that Europe might be free from Prussian despotism. There must be justice for the peoples who now stagger under war debts, which exceed \$20,000,000,000, that liberty might be saved. There must be justice for those millions whose homes and lands, ships and property, German savagery has spoiled and destroyed.

Must Be Handled Over For Trial

"That is why the allied and associated powers have insisted as a cardinal feature of the treaty that Germany must undertake to make reparation to the very uttermost of her power, for reparation for wrongs inflicted is of the essence of justice.

"That is why they insist that these individuals, who are most clearly responsible for German aggression, and for those acts of barbarism and inhumanity which have disgraced the German conduct of the war, must be handed over to justice, which had not been meted out to them at home.

"That, too, is why Germany must submit for a few years to certain special disabilities and arrangements. Germany has ruined the industries, the mines and the machinery of neighboring countries, not during battle, but with the deliberate and calculated purpose of enabling her own industries to seize their markets before their industries could recover from the devastation thus wantonly inflicted upon them.

"Germany has despoiled her neighbors of everything she could make use of or carry away. Germany has destroyed the shipping of all nations on the high seas, where there was no

production showing a good girl and a dirty political boss.

WHICH WINS?

THEY BOTH CAN'T

SPECIAL COMEDY

SURPRISE FEATURE

FORD WEEKLY

TODAY

OWL THEATRE

MERRIMACK SQUARE

TODAY AND WEDNESDAY

WM. S. HART

"THE MONEY CORRAL"

"PEPPY POLLY"

Comedy—"She Had No Mother to Guide Her"

Carter Case No. 7

CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE

1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday

"The Heart of Wetona"

With Norma Talmadge

JEWEL THEATRE

TONIGHT—EMMY WEHLEN

IN

"THE HOUSE OF GOLD"

5 Acts

chance of rescue for their passengers and crews.

"It is only justice that restitution should be made and that these wronged peoples should be safeguarded for a time from the competition of a nation whose industries are intact and have even been fortified by machinery stolen from occupied territories. If these things are hardships for Germany, they are hardships which Germany has brought upon herself. Somebody must suffer for the consequences of the war. Is it to be Germany or the peoples she has wronged?

"Not to do justice to all concerned would only leave the world open to fresh calamities. If the German people themselves, or any other nation, are to be deterred from following the footsteps of Prussia; if mankind is to be lifted out of the belief that war for selfish ends is legitimate to any state; if the old era is to be left behind, and nations, as well as individuals, are to be brought beneath the reign of law, even if there is to be early reconciliation and appeasement, it will be because those responsible for concluding the war have had the courage to see that justice is not detected for the sake of a convenient peace.

German People Responsible

"It is said that the German revolution ought to make a difference, and that the German people are not responsible for the policy of the rulers which they have thrown from power. The allied and associated powers recognize and welcome the change. It represents a great hope for peace and a new European order in the future.

"But it cannot affect the settlement of the war itself. The German revolution was stayed until the German armies had been defeated in the field and all hope of profiting by a war of conquest had vanished.

"Throughout the war, as before the war, the German people and their representatives supported the war, voted the credits, subscribed to the war loans, obeyed every order, however savage, of their government. They shared the responsibility for the policy of the government, for at any moment, had they wished it, they could have reversed it. Had that policy succeeded, they would have proclaimed it with the same enthusiasm with which they welcomed the outbreak of the war.

"They cannot now pretend, having changed their rulers after the war was lost, that it is justice that they should escape the consequences of their deeds.

Freeing Oppressed Peoples

"The allied and associated powers therefore believe that the peace they have proposed is fundamentally a peace of justice. They are no less certain that it is a peace of right on the terms agreed.

"There can be no doubt as to the intentions of the allied and associated

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE

PREMIER—Six cylinders, 7 passenger, self-starter, Willard batteries, air pump, etc. Paid \$1500, new, price \$1000, cash or terms, or will exchange for a truck. Good for funny and parties. 42 Hoper st.

WALKING
IS
GOOD
FOR YOU
SO IS
VANITY
POOL

That sensational daring photo production showing a good girl and a dirty political boss.

WHICH WINS?

THEY BOTH CAN'T

SPECIAL COMEDY

SURPRISE FEATURE

FORD WEEKLY

TODAY

OWL THEATRE

MERRIMACK SQUARE

TODAY AND WEDNESDAY

WM. S. HART

"THE MONEY CORRAL"

"PEPPY POLLY"

Comedy—"She Had No Mother to Guide Her"

Carter Case No. 7

CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE

1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday

"The Heart of Wetona"

With Norma Talmadge

JEWEL THEATRE

TONIGHT—EMMY WEHLEN

IN

"THE HOUSE OF GOLD"

5 Acts

chance of rescue for their passengers and crews.

"It is only justice that restitution should be made and that these wronged peoples should be safeguarded for a time from the competition of a nation whose industries are intact and have even been fortified by machinery stolen from occupied territories. If these things are hardships for Germany, they are hardships which Germany has brought upon herself. Somebody must suffer for the consequences of the war. Is it to be Germany or the peoples she has wronged?

"Not to do justice to all concerned would only leave the world open to fresh calamities. If the German people themselves, or any other nation, are to be deterred from following the footsteps of Prussia; if mankind is to be lifted out of the belief that war for selfish ends is legitimate to any state; if the old era is to be left behind, and nations, as well as individuals, are to be brought beneath the reign of law, even if there is to be early reconciliation and appeasement, it will be because those responsible for concluding the war have had the courage to see that justice is not detected for the sake of a convenient peace.

German People Responsible

"It is said that the German revolution ought to make a difference, and that the German people are not responsible for the policy of the rulers which they have thrown from power. The allied and associated powers recognize and welcome the change. It represents a great hope for peace and a new European order in the future.

"But it cannot affect the settlement of the war itself. The German revolution was stayed until the German armies had been defeated in the field and all hope of profiting by a war of conquest had vanished.

"Throughout the war, as before the war, the German people and their representatives supported the war, voted the credits, subscribed to the war loans, obeyed every order, however savage, of their government. They shared the responsibility for the policy of the government, for at any moment, had they wished it, they could have reversed it. Had that policy succeeded, they would have proclaimed it with the same enthusiasm with which they welcomed the outbreak of the war.

"They cannot now pretend, having changed their rulers after the war was lost, that it is justice that they should escape the consequences of their deeds.

Freeing Oppressed Peoples

"The allied and associated powers therefore believe that the peace they have proposed is fundamentally a peace of justice. They are no less certain that it is a peace of right on the terms agreed.

"There can be no doubt as to the intentions of the allied and associated

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE

PREMIER—Six cylinders, 7 passenger, self-starter, Willard batteries, air pump, etc. Paid \$1500, new, price \$1000, cash or terms, or will exchange for a truck. Good for funny and parties. 42 Hoper st.

Canobie Lake Park

ALL ATTRACTIONS OPEN

The famous Bardley's Orchestra with Piano Accordion at the Dance Hall.

Dancing Afternoon and Evening

Swimming Pool open at all times.

Half-hour trolley service on all lines.

power to base the settlement of Europe on the principle of freeing oppressed peoples and redrawing national boundaries as far as possible in accordance with the will of the peoples concerned, while giving to each the facilities to live an independent national and economic life.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

Do You Gas for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

Do You Gas for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

Do You Gas for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

Do You Gas for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

Do You Gas for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

ARE YOU GOING DEAF?

Do You Gas for Breath?

This is the most favorable season of the year for the rapid and successful treatment of catarrhal diseases.

My special wish is that the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent address, which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting voice, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment, New York is the fifth state to ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 17.—The Kansas legislature, in special session yesterday, unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

STRIKE
A GOOD SHOW BY SEEING
Anita Stewart
"Two Women"
(6 ACTS)
ALSO
LOUIS BENNISON
In His Latest Goldwyn Feature
"SANDY BURKE
OF THE U-BAR-U"
Great Story of the West
Soloist:
GERTRUDE BREENE
COMEDY WEEKLY

That sensational daring photo production showing a good girl and a dirty political boss.

WHICH WINS?

THEY BOTH CAN'T

SPECIAL COMEDY

SURPRISE FEATURE

FORD WEEKLY

TODAY

OWL THEATRE

MERRIMACK SQUARE

TODAY AND WEDNESDAY

WM. S. HART

"THE MONEY CORRAL"

"PEPPY POLLY"

Comedy—"She Had No Mother to Guide Her"

Carter Case No. 7

CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE

1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday

"The Heart of Wetona"

With Norma Talmadge

JEWEL THEATRE

TONIGHT—EMMY WEHLEN

PROVE I.W.W. CAUSE OF UNREST IN CANADA

TORONTO, June 17.—Documents which are said to prove that the Industrial Workers of the World and the "one big union" which has caused much labor unrest in Canada, are the same organization, have been seized in a raid conducted by the Ontario provincial police, it was learned here last night. The city in which the raid was made has not been announced.

BOYS WANTED TO JOIN THE CIRCUS

"We wanted to join the circus," said six young men, ranging in age from 12 to 15 who were arraigned before Judge Fisher in police court today on the charge of being suspicious persons. The boys were picked up at the Fair Grounds yesterday afternoon and evening by police officers and taken to the station for investigation.

"Yes, we want to become bareback riders and live under the big tent," explained the youngest member of the party naively. "It must be great not to have to do anything for a living but ride around the ring on a horse twice a day, and travel all over the country on a big train."

"The best advice I can give you is to go home as fast as you can get there," stated Judge Fisher, and ordered the boys discharged.

Another by-product of the "circus" day who appeared in court was William F. Farrell, who was charged with assault on two young high school girls who in company with their mother were taking in the sights at the show grounds yesterday afternoon. He was found guilty and a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction prescribed.

Money in His Shoes

Shoes are undoubtedly a fine hiding place for one's bank roll. At least, that's what Peter Leavitt believed, but he has changed his mind.

Peter dropped into the home of Mrs. Rose Drouin on Suffolk street the other day and wanted to borrow a dollar. He got the greenback, and came back that night and appropriated the rest of Mrs. Drouin's roll, which totaled \$56.

Mrs. Drouin missed the money the next morning and when she saw Peter coming around the house insisted that he come inside and allow her to search him. Peter agreed, no doubt thinking that she would never think of searching his footwear.

But Mrs. Drouin proved herself a most efficient searcher, and went right to the bottom of the matter with the result that Peter was separated from the missing \$56, and later taken to the station on a charge of larceny.

Peter's defense was that he just took the money as a joke, but the court couldn't see the humor in the situation, and ordered Peter to take a

Other Offenders

month's vacation in jail.

Charged with failing to sound a signal at Gorham and Union streets one day last week when he drove his automobile, Michael Higgins was fined \$2. A plea of nolo was accepted by the court.

Michael G. Lallias was charged with failing to make known his name after causing damage to an automobile, the property of Edward Ross. After hearing the evidence of various witnesses, the court found him not guilty and ordered the case dismissed.

DEATHS

TSOHOXIS—Costas Tsohoxis, aged 46 years, died yesterday at the Lowell Corporation hospital. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

LAMSON—Mrs. Lillian Owen Lamson, aged 43 years, 11 months and 3 days, died yesterday in St. Margaret's hospital. Burial will be at St. Columba's.

LEMONARD—Joseph Lemonard of Battery C, 50th C.A.C., who returned from Italy from overseas service, died Sunday at the base hospital in West Haven, Conn. The young man was a resident of this city. His body was brought to the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

DEVEREAUX—Anna W. Devereaux, for a number of years a Lowell school teacher, died yesterday at her home in Northchapel. She was 78 years of age. She was first a teacher of normal classes at the Lawrence Street Training school for teachers. From there she went to the State Normal school where she remained for five years, teaching kindergarten work. During this time she also was supervisor of such work in the city's public schools. After leaving Lowell she went to Wellesley college where she continued her work in instruction of kindergarten teachers. In connection with her teaching she also wrote several books on kindergarten work and methods of teaching which have been extensively used. She leaves two sisters, Mrs. Hathaway and Dr. Jane Devereaux, both of Northchapel.

FARRELL—Francis Farrell, aged 61 years, died this morning at his home, Fletcher street, Boston. He leaves a daughter, Catherine, he leaves one daughter, Mrs. Michael Walsh, one son, John, a sister, Mrs. John Martin, one brother, James, O'Connell, three grandchildren and several nieces and nephews. He was a member of St. Peter's Holy Name society.

WHEELER—Miss Harriet A. Wheeler died this morning after a long illness at the home of her sister, Mrs. Millard F. Davis, at 11 Burr street. Miss Wheeler was a member of the First Congregational church and worked for 25 years in the registry of deeds office. She leaves two sisters, Mrs. Marion M. Merrill and Mrs. Millard F. Davis, also her nephew, Chester L. Wheeler of Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MACFADEN—Ralph W. MacFaden died yesterday afternoon at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel E. MacFaden, 227 Essex street. He was 24 years of age. He leaves a daughter, Ruth, and a son, Ralph MacFaden, his parents; two brothers, Harold and Warren MacFaden, and five sisters, Florence, Grace, Alberta, Edith and Loretta MacFaden, all of this city. He was a member of the graduation class of the Butler school of 1918, and an employee of the Western Garage Co. up to the time of his illness. The remains were removed to his late home, 1023 Central street by Undertakers O'Connell & Day.

CURTIS—Eva Curtis, aged 15 years, daughter of William E. and Mary J. Curtis, died today at the home of her parents, 77 Pleasant street. She leaves besides her parents, four brothers, William, Clifford, Royal and Frank Curtis. Funeral notice later.

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The low fills this field in Lowell long.

FUNERAL NOTICES

FARRELL—The funeral of Francis Farrell will take place Thursday morning from his late home, 74 Tyler street. Funeral mass will be celebrated at St. Peter's church, time to be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Higgins in charge.

WHEELER—Died in this city, June 17 at the home of her sister, Mrs. Millard F. Davis, 11 Burr street. Miss Harriet A. Wheeler. Funeral services will be held from the home of her sister, 11 Burr street, Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend. Burial at Amburst, N. H. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blaisdell in charge.

LEMONARD—The funeral of Joseph Lemonard will take place tomorrow morning from the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at the Sacred Heart church at 10 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Henri Cote and Miss Leodina Branchaud were married yesterday at St. Joseph's rectory, the ceremony being performed by Rev. L. N. Bachand, O.M.I. The witnesses were Messrs. Adolphe Branchaud and Leon Cote, respective fathers of the bride and bridegroom. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents in Martin street. After an extended honeymoon trip the happy couple will make their home at 25 Hadley street, North Chelmsford.

Brown—Lee
A June wedding of exceptional prettiness and charm was that of Mr. Hubert A. Brown, well known manager of the N. D. Leduc Hardware Co., and Miss Sarah B. Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lee of 149 Gershom avenue, and employed in the office of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., who were married last evening at 5:30 at St. Columba's rectory by Rev. Patrick J. Hally, pastor of St. Columba's church. The double ring service was used in the ceremony. The bride, who was Miss Katharine Lee, a sister of the bride, and the best man, Mr. Guy Brown, a brother of the bridegroom. The bride presented a charming picture, attired in white georgette with an overdress of embroidered organdie and a white picture hat. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid wore blue georgette, a picture hat and carried a shower bouquet of pink roses. The flower girl was little Miss Ruth Rothwell, a niece of the bride. The gift of the bridegroom to the best man was a pair of cuff links and that of the bride to the bridesmaid a ring. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents and was very largely attended. There were guests present from many parts of the country. M. A. Lydon was the caterer. The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful and useful gifts. Following the reception Mr. and Mrs. Brown left on an extended honeymoon to Maine.

FUNERALS

HARTSHORN—The funeral of Miss Florence S. Hartshorn was held from the Tabernacle Memorial chapel yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Appleton Granville, rector of St. Anne's Episcopal church. A large delegation was present, representing the A. G. Epistolary Co. Employees Mutual Benefit Association. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The bearers were: William B. Northrup, Charles Hartshorn, William W. Buzzell and Charles E. Bartlett. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

KIRKMAN—The funeral services of John D. Kirkman took place at the home of his sister, Mrs. Robert Payton, 54 Jeness street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Elmer P. West, pastor of Chelmsford Street Baptist church, officiating. The bearers were: Everett Perna, Edward McInnis, William Roberts and Joseph McInnis. Burial was in the family lot in the Boston cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. West. The funeral was in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

LELAND—The funeral services of Mrs. Cora M. Leland took place at the rooms of Undertakers Young & Blake yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. West, pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church, officiating. Mrs. N. J. Marcotte sang appropriate selections. The bearers were: Carl Rogers, Norman Leland, Charles Phelps and Melvin Leland. The flowers were many and beautiful. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. Lyon.

KARANTAROS—The funeral of Sarantou Karantaros took place yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage. Burial was in Westlawn cemetery.

DONAHUE—The funeral of Jeremiah P. Donahue took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his home 234 Riverside street and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Columba's church where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis McNeil, the choir rendered the Gregorian mass, the solo being sustained by Miss Frances Tighe, Miss Katherine Wholey presiding at the organ. There was a beautiful and impressive funeral service, and a splendid floral arrangement and a splendid banquet. The bearers were: John Murphy, Michael Gorman, John McNally and Thomas Cuff. At the grave the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. McNeil and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

MASS NOTICE
There will be a month's mind mass celebrated at the Sacred Heart church at 8 a. m. Wednesday, June 18, 1919, for the repose of the soul of George H. Monroe.

What may be the marriage record of the United States is held by S. J. Kilow, age 74, of Walnut Ridge, Ark., a veteran of the Civil war, who recently was married for the 12th time. And, although married 11 times previously, he has reared only two children.

WOMEN AT WORK

During the war, millions of women have been at work in vocations into which they have never before been called—in Munition Factories, Chemical Works, Metal Works, Street Railways, and as Ambulance Drivers, Barbers and Elevator Girls. Undoubtedly thousands of others have longed to serve in this way, but because of female ailments, which had fastened upon them, were not able to do so. Women in this condition should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and find health and strength, as thousands of others have done.—Adv.

DANCE TONIGHT

Nothing doing tomorrow. Bull's Eye Bedding Killer and Bull's Eye Roach Killer at Druggists and Grocers.

No Action on Increase

Continued
Commissioner Marchand's announcement that he bids submitted for the construction of an addition to the Morey school are to be taken as a criterion of the actual cost of the proposed structure the total amount needed will be \$311,356.70, or practically three times the original estimate. Mayor Thompson said he thought this sum could be shaded a little. No action was taken.

Meeting in Detail

The meeting was called at 10.10 with Commissioner Murphy absent. Hearings were held on the petitions of Mary S. McAdams of 321 High street for a garage and John P. Quinn Co., for gasoline at 3 Dix street. Both petitions were referred to Commissioner Morse.

A hearing was likewise held on the petition of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. for permission to erect 10 poles in Princeton street. Referred to Commissioners Marchand and Murphy.

The petition of Arthur B. Chadwick et al., that a sewer be laid in Fairgrove avenue and that that avenue be accepted was referred to Commissioner Murphy.

Similar action was taken on the petition of A. J. Harris for a sidewalk in Georgia avenue.

On the petition of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., for a pole location in Railroad street, a hearing was set for July 1.

A hearing was held on the petition of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. for four pole locations in Forrest street and the matter later referred to Commissioner Murphy and Marchand.

The petition of Albert Allard for a garage at 108 Worthen street was held for a hearing July 5.

Similar action was taken on the petition of Joseph Albert for a garage and gasoline at 195 Hall street.

Petitions of the Standard Bottling company, garage and gasoline, Steadman and Stevens streets, and Alcide Parent, garage, 123 Walker street, were also held for hearings July 5.

Commissioner Morse reported favorably on the following petitions and it was voted to grant the licenses: Arthur Desalle, garage, 156 White street; A. J. Pickard, garage, 136 Dalton street; Harry R. Crowdy, gasoline, 11 Midland street.

Commissioner Murphy's requisition for a new Buffalo road roller was approved. It was explained that the boiler in a roller now used by the city had been condemned by the state boiler inspector. It has been in use since 1907 and on the purchase of a new roller would be worth \$400 in credit.

Land For New Playground

The park commission requested that the land running along the bank of the Merrimack river on the Pawtucket boulevard, beginning at the land now under control of the water department and extending southerly to Dunbar avenue, be turned over to the custody of the park commission. The commission intended to make a public playground of this land and to erect a public bath house. The city solicitor was instructed to draw up the proper order turning the land over to the city.

An order was passed providing for the discontinuance of Stockpile street from East Merrimack street northerly to the westerly line of Brown street in anticipation of the construction of the new auditorium in that district. Mayor Thompson explained that the order will make the street a private way until the buildings there are demolished but will be actually kept open until that time.

Wage Increases

Mayor Thompson read a communication from a committee representing the members of the police department asking for a 15 per cent. increase in wages, owing to the high cost of living. His Honor also read a similar petition from a committee representing members of the fire department. Petitions from the Teamsters' union and Municipal Employees' union which were received at the last meeting of the council were referred to by the mayor and he said that he had received a verbal request for a 15 per cent. increase from employees of the health department. He felt that all these should be taken under consideration at the same time.

Commissioner Morse said that the request of the firemen had been presented to him this morning. He felt that the matter should be held over a week and investigated.

Commissioner Marchand said that the men in his department had been after him for the past month for a 15 per cent. increase.

It was finally voted to take up the matter at a later time, no definite date being specified.

A contract between D. J. Sullivan and the purchasing agent for the supply of two lots of coal for summer delivery was approved by the council.

The first lot includes 50 tons of stove coal at \$12.75 per ton and 1000 tons of bituminous coal at \$9.90 per ton.

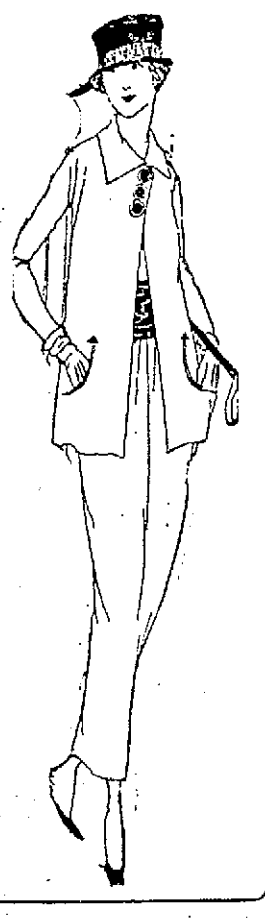
The second lot includes 1667 tons of bituminous coal at \$9.20; 1050 tons of broken coal at \$13.50; 121 tons of stove coal at \$13.72; 443 tons of egg coal at \$12.50 and six tons of nut coal at \$13.82.

Morey School Bids
Commissioner Marchand read off the names of the lowest bidders on the various contracts for the erection of an addition to the portable school and said that the total cost of the project, including the architect's commission, would be \$311,356.70 if the bids were accepted.

Originally, he said, the council appropriated \$100,000 for the erection of the addition and he had already spent \$10,000 of this for four portable schools, leaving only \$150,000 with which to work. Before anything could be done, the council would have to vote more money, he said.

Mayor Thompson said that when the discussion over the location of the new addition came up some time ago it was repeatedly stated that the building could be erected at a cost of \$10,000 per room, or \$180,000 for an 18-room building. He believed that the present estimated cost could be shaded down. Commissioner Marchand said that the

OPPOSITE STRAND THEATRE



RIALTO CLOAK and SUIT STORE

117-119 CENTRAL STREET

FRED J. NEVERY, Manager

IN THE NEW RIALTO BUILDING

LADIES' and MISSES' SUIT SALE

It has arrived. The sale that so many look forward to. Beginning Wednesday at 9 a. m. we put on sale our entire suit stock at sacrifice prices. In many cases suits are reduced to 1-2 price and less; summer goods arriving daily have forced us to run this sale as we are crowded for room. Some box suits, semi-tailored suits, plain tailored suits, smartly trimmed suits, all sizes and colors. Every suit is smart in style and the finest workmanship.

| \$25 SUITS | \$30 SUITS | \$35 SUITS | \$40 SUITS |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| For | For | For | For |
| \$15.75 | \$18.75 | \$22.50 | \$27.50 |

The materials are fine French serge, all wool poplins, gabardines, finest men's wear serge and tricotines. We would suggest that you get here early in order to get the best selection.

P. S.—Sale ends Saturday night.

DIVORCE CASES HEARD

Mrs. Orbach Asks Separate Support, Alleging Cruel and Abusive Treatment

Justice Chamberlain presided over the probate court session for contested cases at the court house in Gorham street, this morning. Several cases were scheduled to be heard, but most of them were continued because one case, that of Mrs. Samuel Orbach, who petitioned the court for separate support from her husband, former proprietor of the Owl theatre of this city, took up the greater part of the day.

Mrs. Orbach asked for separate support on the ground of cruel and abusive treatment on the part of her husband. She stated that she was forced to leave him because he abused her. She said he called her vile names, was never satisfied with his meals, abused her in other forms and oftentimes threatened her. She told about her spending several months with her daughter in California and also told about a contract her husband signed with her by which he would pay \$5 a week for her support, but which he failed to carry out. When questioned about the wealth of her husband, Mrs. Orbach stated he was worth between \$75,000 and \$80,000.

Mrs. Orbach stated that he was ready and willing at any time to support his wife providing she lives with him. He denied being abusive towards her and said it was her who was abusive, for on various occasions she threw things at him.

Cross-examined by Lawyer Wilson, counsel for Mrs. Orbach, Mr. Orbach admitted signing a contract by which he was to give his wife \$25 a week and said he did not live up to the contract because he could not afford it.

"How much are you worth?" asked Mr. Wilson.

"Not much," was the reply. "Are you worth \$20,000?" "Well, perhaps, if everything turns out right."

"You are worth \$50,000 at least, are you not?"

"How do you know, did you ever see my bank account?"

"I am not telling you that you are worth that, I am asking you if you are."

"As I told you, if everything turns out right, I may be worth that."

"What is your weekly income?"

"Thirty dollars."

mind every point raised by those who objected to the device, and anxious, I am frank to say, to find whatever evidence was obtainable to sustain the man.

"But after seeing the Rooke registers in use on open cars in Providence and New Bedford, and talking with the conductors on a number of lines in those two cities, I became convinced that there is no good reason why they cannot be used, without doing injustice to anybody, on the Bay State Street Railway lines."

Mr. Leas' Statement
Manager Thomas Leas today sent the following statement to The Sun relative to the strike:

"The strike of the men in the Lowell division of the Bay State Street Railway is due to the failure of the men to operate three local lines with open cars and Rooke registers.

"What do you do with all that money?"

"It is costing me \$15 a week for board, room, laundry, and other miscellaneous expenses."

"Do you own an automobile?"

"Yes, sir."

"What kind of a machine is it?"

"A Hudson sedan, super-six."

"Do you drive it yourself?"

"No, sir."

"Who does?"

"My chauffeur."

"And on \$30 a week you can afford to keep a chauffeur?"

"I don't pay him, he drives for nothing. Sometimes he uses my car to go to the beach with his family and I don't charge him anything for the use of the machine."

"Why don't you ask him how much he paid for the machine?" said Mr. Silverblatt, counsel for Mr. Orbach.

"Never mind, keep quiet," said Mr. Orbach. "He is coming to that."

"Do you play cards?" asked Mr. Wilson.

"Yes, once in a while."

"Poker?"

"I don't know what you call it, but I play the same game as you do, Mr. Wilson."

Mrs. Orbach then said when his wife went to California he signed a contract by which he agreed to pay her \$25 a week, but he said at that time he did not intend to live up to the contract, for he felt his wife would return to his home. "The whole trouble with my wife," continued the witness, "is that I refused to turn over

my share of the Crown theatre to my son. My wife told me that if I did not do that she would leave me, and she did."

In the course of the cross-examination Mr. Wilson asked a question which was objected to by Mr. Silverblatt, but Mr. Orbach interrupted by saying, "never mind Mr. Silverblatt, keep quiet, I want that answer to go in."

"You speak loud quite often, don't you, Mr. Orbach?" asked Mr. Wilson.

"Yes, once in a while."

The cross-examination was brought to a close at this point and questioned by Mr. Silverblatt, Mr. Orbach said he paid \$1400 for his automobile and read in it about once or twice since he owned it. He also stated he is willing at any time to give Mrs. Orbach a ride in his machine. At the close of the arguments the judge took the matter under advisement.

Uncontested Cases
Justice Lawton presided over the session for uncontested cases and the following business was transacted:

Wills allowed: Belle F. Balchelder, Lowell; Charles H. Planders, Chelmsford; Ida A. Tuttle, Lowell, and John W. Kilpatrick, Lowell. Administrations granted: Reuben R. Rice, Tewksbury.

ONE MORE RECRUIT
One man was forwarded from the Lowell naval recruiting station today. He was Joseph H. Monoh, 655 Middlesex street, and enlisted as apprentice seaman.

Electric Grill

For a Limited Time Only, SPECIAL PRICE \$7.98

A regular nine dollar and a half Electric Grill for a short time only at a special summer price of ONLY \$7.98.

With an Electric Grill, the most delightful dishes may be easily prepared. One can broil, fry, stew, toast—in fact, prepare food in almost any fashion right at the table.

Connects to any electric socket and is ready in an instant. Heat can be controlled by means of special regulating device. Clean—Safe—Convenient.

Tel. 821 for One Today.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp.

29-31 Market Street